



A Read this manual carefully before operating this vehicle.

Tector—

ISS JANTUNGS

RS90GTA RS90LTGTA RST90A RST90GTA ESU10041

A WARNING

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

YAMAHA

LIT-CALIF-65-01

Pead this manual carefully before operating this vehicle. This manual should stay with this vehicle if it is sold.

ESU10121

Congratulations on your purchase of a Yamaha snowmobile. This model is the result of Yamaha's vast experience in the production of fine sporting and touring snowmobiles. It represents the high degree of craftsmanship and reliability that have made Yamaha a leader in these fields.

This manual will give you an understanding of the operation, inspection, and basic maintenance of this snowmobile. If you have any questions concerning the operation or maintenance of your snowmobile, please consult a Yamaha dealer.

Yamaha continually seeks advancements in product design and quality. Therefore, while this manual contains the most current product information available at the time of printing, there may be minor discrepancies between your snowmobile and this manual. If there is any question concerning this manual, please consult a Yamaha dealer.

EWS00670

WARNING

Please read this manual carefully before operating this snowmobile. Do not attempt to operate this snowmobile until you have attained adequate knowledge of its controls and operating features.

Regular inspections and careful maintenance, along with good operating techniques, will help ensure that you safely enjoy the capabilities and reliability of this snowmobile. RS90GTA
RS90LTGTA
RST90A
RST90GTA
OWNER'S MANUAL
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U.S.A.
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Important manual information

ESU10151

Particularly important information is distinguished in this manual by the following notations.

This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

WARNING

A WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

ECS00011

NOTICE

A NOTICE indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the snowmobile or other property.

TIP

A TIP provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

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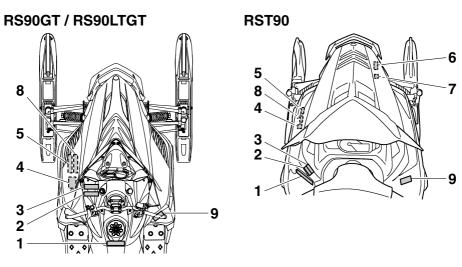
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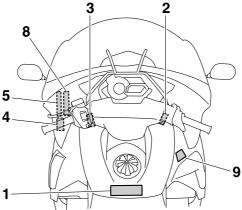
Location of the important labels

ESU10216

Read and understand all of the labels on your vehicle. They contain important information for safe and proper operation of your vehicle. Never remove any labels from your vehicle. If a label becomes difficult to read or comes off, a replacement label is available from your Yamaha dealer.

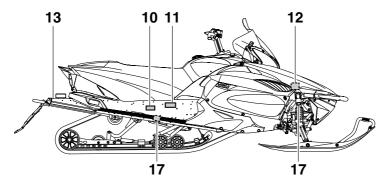


RST90GT

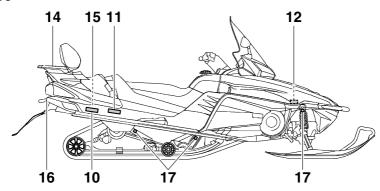


Location of the important labels

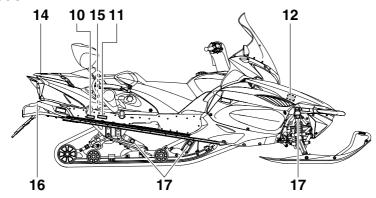
RS90GT / RS90LTGT



RST90



RST90GT



1 RS90GT / RS90LTGT

EVISE INJURY OR DEATH MAY RESULT IF YOU IGNORE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING. **Specified Comers* Manual and all baseds before operating instead of the part o

1 RST90

A WARNING	A AVERTISSEMENT 8DM-ED
SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH MAY RESULT IF YOU IGNORE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:	AFIN D'ÉVITER TOUT RISQUE DE BLESSURE SÉRIEUSE OU MÊME MORTELLE, VEUILLEZ SUIVRE LES RECOMMANDATIONS SUIVANTES:
Read the Owner's Manual and all labels before operating this vehicle. This vehicle is a high performance machine.	 Avant d'utiliser ce véhicule, lire le manuel du propriétaire et toutes les étiquettes. Ce véhicule est une machine à haute performance.
It should be operated by an experienced operator. - Check throttle, brake, and steering for proper operation before starting engine.	
 Set parking brake before attempting to start engine. Never run this vehicle with the parking brake applied. 	et de la direction. Le frein de sécurité doit être appliqué lors du démarrage.
 To stop engine in an emergency, push the engine stop switch down. Do not operate engine without drive belt or drive guard. Make sure the fuel tank cap is closed securely after refueling. 	Ne pas rouler avec le frein de sécurité actionné. En cas d'urgence, utiliser l'interrupteur d'arrêt du moteur. Ne pas laisser tourner le moteur sans la courrole ou sans son garde.
* Do not operate this vehicle on public roads. You could collide with another vehicle.	Sassurer que le bouchon du réservoir soit bien refermé après le remplissage. Alin d'éviter tout risque de collision, ne pas rouler sur un chemin public.
 Wear an approved helmet, eye protection, and adequate clothing for snowmobiling. 	 Toujours porter un casque approuvé et un habillement de motonéigiste. Prévoir une protection pour les veux.
Check lever position (Forward or Reverse) before moving.	Vérifier la position du levier (marche avant ou arrière) avant d'être en marche.
	8DM-77761-E0

1 RST90GT

▲ WARNING	A AVERTISSEMENT	l (AN WARNING)
THE FOLLOWING: Read the Owner's Manual and all labels before operating this vehicle. This vehicle is a high performance machine.	VEUILLEZ SUIVRE LES RECOMMANDATIONS SUIVANTES: • Avant d'utiliser ce véhicule, ire le manuel du propriétaire et toutes les étiquettes. • Ce véhicule est une machine à haute performance.	DO NOT OPERATE ENGINE WITHOUT
It should be operated by an experienced operator. Check throttle, brake, and steering for proper operation before starting engine. Set parking brake before attempting to start engine.	 Elle doit être conduite par un conducteur expérimenté. Avant de démarrer le moteur, vérifier l'opération du frein, de l'accélérateur et de la direction. 	▲ AVERTISSEMENT
Never run this vehicle with the parking brake applied. To stop engine in an emergency, push the engine stop switch down. Do not operate engine without drive belt or drive guard. Make sure the fuel tank cap is closed securely after refueling.	 Le frein de sécurité doit être appliqué lors du démarrage. Ne pas rouler avec le frein de sécurité actionné. En cas d'urgence, utiliser l'interrupteur d'arrêt du moteur. Ne pas laisser fourner le moteur sans la courrole ou sans son garde. 	NE PAS FAIRE FONCTIONNER LE MOTEUR SANS COURROIE EN V OU PROTECTEUR D'EMBRAYAGE.
Do not operate this vehicle on public roads. You could collide with another vehicle. Check lever position (Forward or Reverse) before moving. Weal an approved helmet, eye protection, and adequate clothing for snowmobiling.	 S'assurer que le bouchon du réservoir soit bien refermé après le rempissage. Afin d'éviler tout risque de coolision, ne pas rouller sur un chemin public. Vérifier la position du levier (marche avant ou arrière) avant d'être en marche. Toujours porter un casque approuve et un habitement de motoneigiste. Prévoir une protection pour les yeux. 	TAMANA 88D-77762-00

5 RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT

TUNE-UP SPECIFICATIONS	SPECIFICATIONS DE LA MISE AU POINT 8HF
ENGINE 1.SPARK PLUG 2.SPARK PLUG GAP 3.IDLE SPEED 1300 ± 50 r/min	MOTEUR 1.TYPE DE BOUGIE 1.TYPE DE BOUGIE 0.031 in) 2.ECARTEMENT DES ÉLECTRODES 0.7 - 0.8 mm 3.RÉGIME DE RALENTI 1300 ± 50 t/min.

5 RST90

TUNE-UP SPECIFIC		SPECIFICATIONS DE LA MISE A MOTEUR 1 TYPE DE ROUGIE	
2.SPARK PLUG GAP 3.IDLE SPEED	CR8E(NGK) 0.7 ~ 0.8 mm (0.028 ~ 0.031 in) 1400 ± 100 r/min	2.ECARTEMENT DES ÉLECTRODES 3.RÉGIME DE RALENTI	CR8E(NGK) 0.7 ~ 0.8 mm 1400 ± 100 r/min

7 RST90



2

ATTENTION

- Eviter de nettoyer le pare-brise avec une solution alcaline ou acide ainsi qu'avec de l'essence ou un diluant.
- Utiliser un détergent neutre.

8ET-2815

3

NOTICE

- Cleaning with alkaline or acid cleaner, gasoline or solvent will damage windshield.
- Use neutral detergent.

8ET-2815K-0

4

A WADNIN

6 RST90

NOTICE	ATTENTION
Severe engine damage can result from oil loss if crankcase breather some not installed correctly, Inspect hoses and clamps for correct installation after battery service or air box removal. See Service Manual.	Après l'entretien de la batterie ou après la dépose de l'épurateur d'air, assurez- vous que les brides et les tuyaux sont installès correctement. Consultez le manuel

Location of the important labels

8 RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90

TUNE-UP SPECIFICATIONS DRIVE 1. CHAIN CASE OL OTY 2. CHAIN CASE OL TYPE 2. CHAIN CASE OL OTY 3. TRACK TENSION 3. TRACK TENSION 3. SECULIAR CASE OL OTY 3. SECULIAR CASE OL OTY 4. SECULIAR CASE OL OTY 5. SECUL

8 RST90GT

TUNE-UP SPECIFICATIONS DRIVE 1. CHAIN CASE OIL OTY 2. CHAIN CASE OIL TYPE 3. TRACK TENSION 3. TRACK TENSION 2028 mm (0.79 - 0.88 in/10 m / 10 kg .22 b) FOR MORE INFO. SEE SERVICE MANUAL FOR THIS MODEL SPECIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT	SPECIFICATIONS DE LA MISE AU POINT ENTRAÎNEMENT . 1. CAPACITÉ DUBLIE DU CARTER DE CHÂINE 250 cm² . 2. TYPE D'HUILE DU CARTER DE CHÂINE 250 cm² . 3. FLÉCHE DE LA CHENILE 22.25 mm(00 NI/10 lou) POUR PUES DE DÉTAIL VOIR LE MANUEL D'ATER POUR CE MODÈLE . 1. ESC CAPACITÉRISTI D'ALE TENNOLES SONT . 1. ESC CAPACITÉRISTI D'ALE TENNOLES SONT .
NOTICE.	PRÉALABLE. 8HF-47578-00

10



This spark ignition system meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference Causing Equipment Regulations.

Ce système d'allumage par étincelle de véhicule respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

3JK-82377-10

11





THIS MODEL HAS BEEN EVALUATED BY AN INDE-PENDENT TESTING LABORHATORY AND IT MEETS ALL SSCC SAFETY STANDARDS IN EFFECT ON THE DATE OF ITS MANUFACTURE.

SPONSORED BY THE SNOWMO.
BLE SAFETY AND CERTIFICA-

88C-77769-00

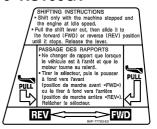
9 RS90GT/RS90LTGT



9 RST90



9 RST90GT



12

JUMPER CABLE CONNECTION LEADS
• For connecting procedures, refer to Owner's Manual.

FILS DE BRANCHEMENT DES CÂBLES DE DÉMARRAGE

 Effectuer le branchement des câbles de démarrage conformément aux instructions du Manuel du propriétaire.

0EA 2200C E0

Location of the important labels

13 RS90LTGT

WARNING

NO PASSENGERS OR CARGO ON THIS TRACK COVER.

It was not designed to carry weight. It could bend or break under load. Anything placed here could block the view of the brake/tail light which could cause an accident.

A AVERTISSEMENT

AUCUN PASSAGER OU MARCHANDISE SUR LE PROTECTEUR DE CHENILLE. Ce protecteur n'a pas été conçu pour supporter un poids. Il pourrait s'incurver ou se briser sous la charge.

Tout objet ou personne placé à cet endroit pourrait bloquer la vue des feux

d'arrêt/arrière et ainsi causer un accident.

14 RST90 / RST90GT

LOAD LIMIT / CHARGE LIMITE

10kg {22lbs}

15 RST90 / RST90GT

LOAD LIMIT / CHARGE LIMITE

20kg {44lbs}

8FM-24897-01

16 RST90 / RST90GT

MAX. TOWING FORCE FORCE DE REMORQUAGE MAX.

MAX. VERTICAL FORCE FORCE VERTICALE MAX 1176 N (120 kgf), 264 lbf | 147 N (15 kgf), 33 lbf @

17 RST90

WARNING

This unit contains high pressure nitrogen gas. Mishandling can cause explosion.

- . Read owner's manual for instructions
- . Do not incinerate, puncture or open.

A AVERTISSEMENT

Cette unité contient de l'azote à haute pression. Une mauvaise manipulation peut entraîner d'explosion

- · Voir le manuel d'utilisateur pour les instructions
- Ne pas brûler ni perforer ni ouvrir.

4AA-22259-60

17 RS90GT / RS90LTGT

MARNING

This unit contains high pressure nitrogen gas. Mishandling can cause explosion.

- Bead owner's manual for instructions.
- · Do not incinerate, puncture or open.

A AVERTISSEMENT

Cette unité contient de l'azote à haute pression. Une mauvaise manipulation peut entraîner d'explosion

· Voir le manuel d'utilisateur pour les instructions • Ne pas brûler ni perforer ni ouvrir.

4AA-22259-70

⚠ Safety information

ESU10193

As the vehicle's owner, you are responsible for the safe and proper operation of your snowmobile. When you ride your snowmobile, you must know and use the following for your safety. Severe injury or death may result if you ignore any of the following.

Before you operate your snowmobile

- Read the Owner's Manual and all labels.
 Become familiar with all of the operating controls and their function. Consult a Yamaha dealer about any control or function you do not understand.
- Wear protective clothing. Wear an approved helmet, and a face shield or goggles. Also, wear a good quality snowmobile suit, boots, and a pair of gloves or mittens that will permit use of your thumbs and fingers for operation of the controls.



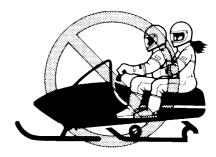
 Do not operate the snowmobile after or while drinking alcohol or taking drugs. Your ability to operate the snowmobile is reduced by the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Prepare your snowmobile

 Perform the pre-operation checks each time you use the vehicle to make sure it is in safe operating condition. Failure to inspect or maintain the vehicle properly increases the possibility of an accident or equipment damage. See page 46 for a list of pre-operation checks. Apply the parking brake before starting the engine. Never drive the snowmobile with the parking brake applied. This may overheat the brake disc and reduce braking ability.

While using your snowmobile

- This snowmobile was not manufactured for use on public streets, roads, or highways.
 Such use is prohibited by law, and you could collide with another vehicle.
- RS90GT and RS90LTGT are designed to carry the OPERATOR ONLY. Passengers are prohibited. Carrying a passenger can cause loss of control.



- Be careful where you ride. There may be obstacles hidden beneath the snow. Stay on established trails to minimize your exposure to hazards. Ride slowly and cautiously when you ride off of established trails. Hitting a rock or stump, or running into wires could cause an accident and injury.
- This snowmobile is not designed for use on surfaces other than snow or ice. Use on dirt, sand, grass, rocks, or bare pavement may cause loss of control and may damage the snowmobile.
- Always ride with other snowmobilers when going on a ride. You may need help if you run out of fuel, have an accident, or damage your snowmobile.

 Many surfaces such as ice and hardpacked snow require much longer stopping distances. Be alert, plan ahead and begin decelerating early. The best braking method on most surfaces is to release the throttle and apply the brake gently—not suddenly.

Avoid carbon monoxide poisoning

All engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide, a deadly gas. Breathing carbon monoxide can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, confusion, and eventually death. Carbon monoxide is a colorless, odorless, tasteless gas which may be present even if you do not see or smell any engine exhaust. Deadly levels of carbon monoxide can collect rapidly and you can quickly be overcome and be unable to save yourself. Also, deadly levels of carbon monoxide can linger for hours or days in enclosed or poorly-ventilated areas. If you experience any symptoms of carbon monoxide poisoning, leave the area immediately, get fresh air, and SEEK MEDICAL TREATMENT.

- Do not run the engine indoors. Even if you try to ventilate engine exhaust with fans or open windows and doors, carbon monoxide can rapidly reach dangerous levels.
- Do not run the engine in poorly ventilated or partially enclosed areas such as barns, garages, or carports.
- Do not run the engine outdoors where engine exhaust can be drawn into a building through openings such as windows and doors.

Genuine Yamaha Accessories

Choosing accessories for your snowmobile is an important decision. Genuine Yamaha Accessories, which are available only from a Yamaha dealer, have been designed, tested, and approved by Yamaha for use on your snowmobile. Many companies with no connection to Yamaha manufacture parts and ac-

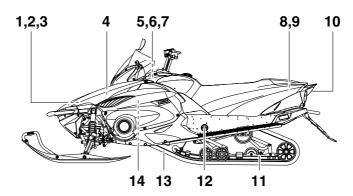
cessories or offer other modifications for Yamaha vehicles. Yamaha is not in a position to test the products that these aftermarket companies produce. Therefore, Yamaha can neither endorse nor recommend the use of accessories not sold by Yamaha or modifications not specifically recommended by Yamaha, even if sold and installed by a Yamaha dealer.

Maintenance and storage

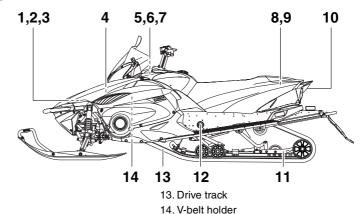
- When laying the snowmobile on its side for maintenance, use a suitable stand to keep it in a stable and level position.
- Do not leave the snowmobile on its left side for an extended period of time. Fuel may leak out from the fuel breather hose.
- Do not allow anyone to stand behind the snowmobile when starting, inspecting, or adjusting the snowmobile. A broken track, track fittings, or debris thrown by the track could be dangerous to the operator or bystanders.
- Modifications made to the snowmobile not approved by Yamaha, or the removal of original equipment may render your snowmobile unsafe for use, which may cause severe personal injury. Modifications may also make the snowmobile illegal to use.
- Never store the snowmobile with fuel in the fuel tank inside a building where ignition sources are present such as hot water and space heaters, an open flame, sparks, clothes dryers, and the like. Allow the engine to cool off before storing the snowmobile in an enclosed space.

ESU10261

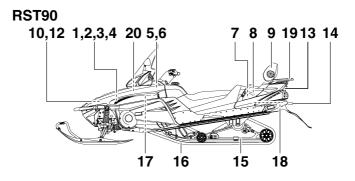
RS90GT

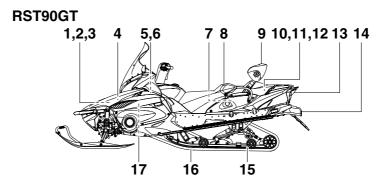


RS90LTGT



- 1. Battery
- 2. Main fuse
- 3. Air filter
- 4. Oil filler cap
- 5. Fuse box
- 6. Coolant reservoir
- 7. Coolant recovery tank
- 8. Storage compartment
- 9. Tool kit
- 10. Tail/brake light
- 11. Slide rail suspension
- 12. Rear shock absorber damping force remote adjusting dial

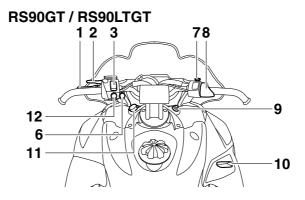


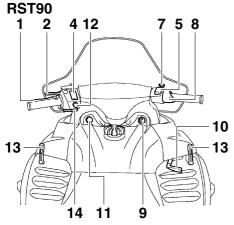


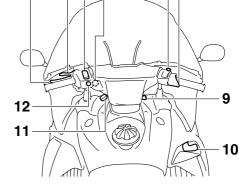
- 1. Battery
- 2. Main fuse
- 3. Air filter
- 4. Oil filler cap
- 5. Fuse box
- 6. Coolant reservoir
- 7. Passenger grip warmer switch
- 8. Passenger grip
- 9. Backrest
- 10. Storage compartment
- 11. Storage pouch (RST90GT)
- 12. Tool kit
- 13. Tail/brake light
- 14. Tow hitch bracket
- 15. Slide rail suspension

- 16. Drive track
- 17. V-belt holder
- 18. Solo touring storage area (RST90)
- 19. Rear carrier (RST90)
- 20. Throttle stop screw (RST90)

Description







78

- 1. Brake lever
- 2. Parking brake lever
- Grip/thumb warmer adjusting switch (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT)
- 4. Grip warmer adjusting switch (RST90)
- 5. Thumb warmer adjusting switch (RST90)
- Helmet shield heater jack (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT)
- 7. Engine stop switch

- 8. Throttle lever
- 9. Main switch

RST90GT

2 3

- 10. Shift lever
- 11. Auxiliary DC jack
- 12. Headlight beam switch
- 13. Shroud latch (RST90)
- 14. Starter (choke) lever (RST90)

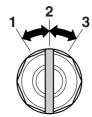
TIP

- The snowmobile you have purchased may differ slightly from those shown in the figures of this manual.
- Design and specifications are subjected to change without notice.

ESU13740

Main switch

The main switch controls the ignition and lighting systems. The various positions are described below.



- 1. Off
- 2. On
- 3. Start

Off

The ignition circuit is switched off.

The key can be removed only in this position.

On

The ignition circuit is switched on.

Start

The starting circuit is switched on.

The starter motor cranks the engine. *NOTICE:* Release the switch immediately after the engine starts. [ECS00021]

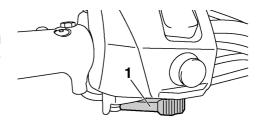
TIP

- RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT: The headlights and taillight come on after the engine is started.
- RST90: The headlights, meter lighting, and taillights come on after the engine is started.

ESU10301

Starter (choke) lever (RST90)

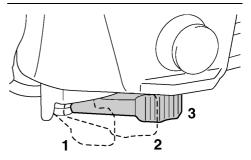
Use the starter (choke) lever when starting and warming up a cold engine.



1. Starter (choke) lever

TIP

Refer to the "Starting the engine" section on page 48 for proper operation.

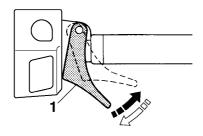


- 1. When starting a cold engine.
- 2. Warming up
- 3. When the engine is warm.

ESU10312

Throttle lever

Once the engine is running cleanly, squeezing the throttle lever will increase the engine speed and cause engagement of the drive train. Regulate the speed of the snowmobile by varying the throttle position. Because the throttle is spring-loaded, the snowmobile will decelerate, and the engine will return to idle when it is released



1. Throttle lever

ESU13750

Throttle override system (T.O.R.S.)

EWS00041

WARNING

If the T.O.R.S. is activated, make sure that the cause of the malfunction has been corrected and that the engine can be operated without a problem before restarting the engine. Continuing to operate with a malfunction could cause loss of control or damage.

If the throttle valves or throttle cable malfunctions during operation, the T.O.R.S. will be activated when the throttle lever is released.

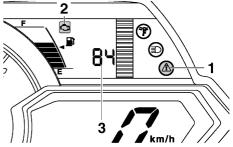
The T.O.R.S. is designed to override the fuel injection (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT) or ignition (RST90) and limit the engine speed to less than the clutch engagement speed if the throttle valves fail to return to the idle position when the throttle lever is released. (See page 122 for the clutch engagement speed.)

	ldling	Riding	Malfunc- tion
Throttle lever	Released	Squeezed	Released
Throttle valve	Closed	Open	Open
T.O.R.S.	Engine runs properly.	Engine runs properly.	T.O.R.S. will be ac- tivated.

TIP_

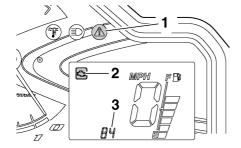
If the T.O.R.S. is activated, the warning light and engine trouble warning indicator flash, and the two-digit code "84" displays (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT) or flashes (RST90) in the meter display. If this occurs, have a Yamaha dealer check the system as soon as possible.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



- 1. Warning light "A"
- 2. Engine trouble warning indicator " ""
- 3. Two-digit code "84"

RST90



- 1. Warning light "A"
- 2. Engine trouble warning indicator "-"
- 3. Two-digit code "84"

FSU14100

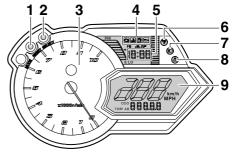
Multi-function meter unit RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT

The multi-function meter unit is equipped with the following:

- a digital speedometer
- a tachometer
- an odometer
- two tripmeters (which show the distance traveled since they were last set to zero)
- a fuel reserve tripmeter (which shows the distance traveled since the fuel level warning indicator and warning light came on)
- an oil change tripmeter (which shows the distance traveled since the periodic oil change interval was reached)
- a clock
- warning indicators (which show engine trouble, coolant temperature, fuel level, and oil level warnings)
- indicator lights (which show high beam and low coolant temperature conditions)
- a warning light (which shows warnings together with the warning indicators)
- a fuel meter (which shows the fuel remaining in the fuel tank)
- a grip/thumb warmer level indicator (which shows the grip warmer level or the thumb warmer level)

• a display brightness control function

When the key is turned to the on position, the tachometer needle makes one sweep, and the low coolant temperature indicator light, the warning light, and all segments of the meter unit display come on and go off.



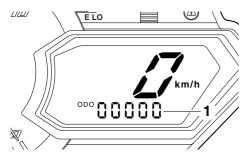
- 1. "RESET" button
- 2. "SELECT" button
- 3. Tachometer
- 4. Warning indicators
- 5. Clock
- 6. Low coolant temperature indicator light " \widetilde{F} "
- 7. High beam indicator light "≡□"
- 8. Warning light "/\(\hat{N}\)"
- 9. Meter display

The grip warmer level is initially displayed for 5 seconds, then the display switches to the fuel meter.

TIP

To switch the speedometer, odometer, and tripmeter displays between kilometers and miles, select the odometer mode "ODO", and then push the "SELECT" button for at least 10 seconds while the snowmobile is stopped.

Odometer and tripmeter modes



1. Odometer/tripmeter/fuel reserve tripmeter

Pushing the "SELECT" button switches the display between the odometer mode "ODO" and the tripmeter modes "TRIP A" and "TRIP B" in the following order:

$$\mathsf{ODO} \to \mathsf{TRIP} \ \mathsf{A} \to \mathsf{TRIP} \ \mathsf{B} \to \mathsf{ODO}$$

If the fuel level warning indicator and warning light come on (see page 18), the odometer display will automatically change to the fuel reserve tripmeter mode "F-TRIP" and start counting the distance traveled from that point. In that case, push the "SELECT" button to switch the display between the various tripmeter and odometer modes in the following order:

$$\mathsf{F}\text{-}\mathsf{TRIP} \to \mathsf{ODO} \to \mathsf{TRIP} \; \mathsf{A} \to \mathsf{TRIP} \; \mathsf{B} \to \mathsf{F}\text{-}$$

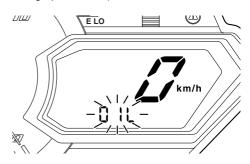
$$\mathsf{TRIP}$$

To reset a tripmeter, select it by pushing the "SELECT" button, and then push the "RE-SET" button for at least 1 second. If you do not reset the fuel reserve tripmeter manually, it will reset itself automatically, and the display will return to the prior mode after the snowmobile has been refueled and traveled 5 km (3 mi).

Oil change tripmeter

When the periodic oil change interval is reached at the initial 800 km (500 mi), then at every 4000 km (2500 mi) thereafter, the oil change tripmeter and "OIL" flash alternately in the odometer display, and the tripmeter starts

counting the distance traveled from that point. When this occurs, change the engine oil as soon as possible. (See page 77 for the oil change procedure.)



TIP

- The oil change tripmeter will flash only when the snowmobile is stopped.
- To return to the previous display mode, push the "SELECT" button. To display the oil change tripmeter again, turn the key to the off position, then back to the on position.

After changing the engine oil, reset the oil change tripmeter as follows.

To reset the oil change tripmeter (when the engine oil was changed after the oil change tripmeter appeared)

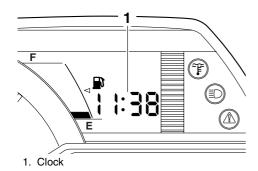
- 1. To display the oil change tripmeter, turn the key to the on position.
- Push the "RESET" button for at least 1 second while the oil change tripmeter and "OIL" are flashing alternately in the odometer display. The distance traveled since the last oil change and "OIL" will flash alternately in the odometer display.
- 3. Push the "RESET" button for approximately 3 seconds. "00000" and "OIL" will flash alternately in the odometer display 3 times, and then the display will return to the previous display mode.

If the engine oil is changed before the oil change tripmeter appears in the display (i.e., before the periodic oil change interval has been reached), the tripmeter must be reset after the oil change for the next periodic oil change to be indicated at the correct time. In that case, reset the oil change tripmeter as follows.

To reset the oil change tripmeter (when the engine oil was changed before the oil change tripmeter appeared)

- Push the "SELECT" button until "ODO" is displayed, and then push the "RESET" button for at least 1 second. The distance traveled since the last oil change and "OIL" will flash alternately in the odometer display.
- Push the "RESET" button for approximately 3 seconds. "00000" and "OIL" will flash alternately in the odometer display 3 times, and then the display will return to the previous display mode.

Clock



To set the clock

- 1. Turn the key to the on position.
- 2. Push the "SELECT" button and "RESET" button simultaneously until the hour digits start flashing.

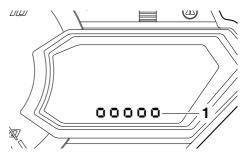
- Push the "RESET" button to change the hour setting, and then push the "SE-LECT" button. The minute digits will start flashing.
- Push the "RESET" button to change the minute setting, and then push the "SE-LECT" button. The clock starts when the "SELECT" button is released.

TIP

The clock must be set again when the battery is disconnected.

Display brightness control

This function allows you to adjust the brightness of the meter unit display to suit the outdoor lighting conditions.



1. Display brightness level

To adjust the display brightness

- 1. Turn the key to the off position.
- Push and hold down the "SELECT" button.
- Turn the key to the on position, and then, after 5 seconds, release the "SELECT" button.
- Push the "RESET" button to select the desired display brightness level, and then push the "SELECT" button. The display returns to the previous display mode.

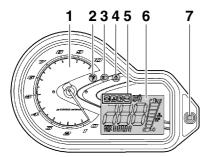
RST90

The multi-function meter unit is equipped with the following:

a digital speedometer

- a tachometer
- an odometer
- a tripmeter (which shows the distance traveled since it was last set to zero)
- warning indicators (which show engine trouble, coolant temperature, fuel level, and oil level warnings)
- indicator lights (which show high beam and low coolant temperature conditions)
- a warning light (which shows warnings together with the warning indicators)
- a fuel meter (which shows the fuel remaining in the fuel tank)
- a grip/thumb warmer level indicator (which shows the grip warmer level or the thumb warmer level)

After the engine is started, the tachometer needle makes one sweep, and the low coolant temperature indicator light, the warning light, and all segments of the meter unit display come on and go off.



- 1. Tachometer
- Low coolant temperature indicator light " F"
- 3. High beam indicator light " ≣□"
- 4. Warning light "/N"
- 5. Warning indicators
- 6. Meter display
- 7. Select/reset button

The grip warmer level is initially displayed for 5 seconds, then the display switches to the fuel meter.

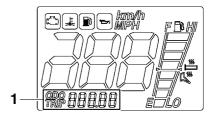
TIP

To switch the speedometer, odometer, and tripmeter displays between kilometers and miles, select the odometer mode "ODO", and then push the select/reset button for at least 10 seconds while the snowmobile is stopped.

Odometer and tripmeter modes

Pushing the select/reset button switches the display between the odometer mode "ODO" and the tripmeter mode "TRIP" in the following order:

 $ODO \rightarrow TRIP \rightarrow ODO$



1. Odometer/tripmeter

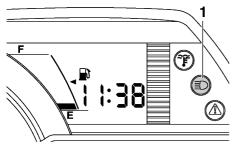
To reset the tripmeter, push the select/reset button for at least 1 second while the tripmeter is displayed.

ESU10411

High beam indicator light " □"

The high beam indicator light comes on when the high beams of the headlights are switched on. (See page 23 for headlight beam switch operation.)

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



1. High beam indicator light "≣□"

ESU13761

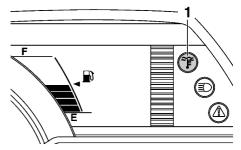
Low coolant temperature indicator light "F"

1. High beam indicator light " ≣C

The low coolant temperature indicator light comes on when the coolant temperature is low and informs the rider that the snowmobile should be warmed up. After the engine is started, warm it up until the indicator light goes off.

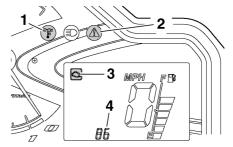
The snowmobile can be operated normally after the indicator light goes off.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



Low coolant temperature indicator light " F" "

RST90



- 1. Low coolant temperature indicator light " F "
- 2. Warning light "/N"
- 3. Engine trouble warning indicator " a"
- 4. Two-digit code "86"

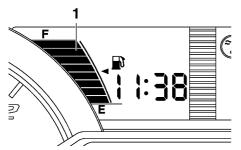
TIP _

- RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT: Drive the snowmobile at low speeds when the low coolant temperature indicator light is on. If the engine speed is too high, maximum engine speed is reduced to protect the engine.
- RST90: Drive the snowmobile at low speeds when the low coolant temperature indicator light is on. If the engine speed is too high, the warning light and engine trouble warning indicator flash and the two-digit code "86" flashes in the error code display. When this occurs, maximum engine speed is reduced to protect the engine.

ESU14040

Fuel meter and grip/thumb warmer level indicator RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT

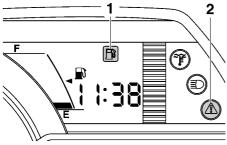
The fuel meter and grip/thumb warmer level indicator have eight segments which show the amount of fuel remaining in the fuel tank, the grip warmer level, or the thumb warmer level.



 Fuel meter and grip/thumb warmer level indicator

Fuel meter

The display segments of the fuel meter disappear towards "E" (Empty) as the fuel level decreases. When only one segment is left near "E", the fuel level warning indicator and the warning light come on.



- 1. Fuel level warning indicator "
- 2. Warning light "A"

If the fuel level warning indicator and the warning light come on, refuel as soon as possible.

TIP

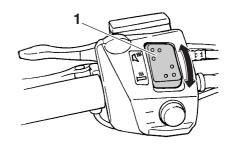
The snowmobile must be stopped on a level surface to obtain an accurate fuel meter reading, since the reading changes according to the movement and inclination of the snowmobile.

Grip/thumb warmer level indicator

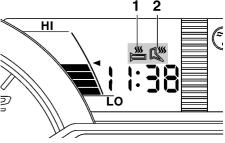
When the grip warmer side of the grip/thumb warmer adjusting switch is pressed, the grip warmer indicator comes on and the display switches to the grip warmer level.

When the thumb warmer side of the grip/thumb warmer adjusting switch is pressed, the thumb warmer indicator comes on and the display switches to the thumb warmer level.

See "Grip/thumb warmer adjusting switch" on page 23 for detailed information.



1. Grip/thumb warmer adjusting switch



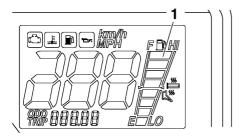
- 1. Grip warmer indicator " a"
- 2. Thumb warmer indicator " ""

TIP ____

- The grip/thumb warmer level is displayed for 5 seconds after releasing the grip/thumb warmer adjusting switch, then the display switches to the fuel meter.
- When the engine is started, the grip/thumb warmer levels are set to the levels selected when the engine was last stopped.

RST90

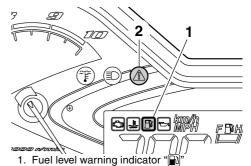
The fuel meter and grip/thumb warmer level indicator have eight segments which show the amount of fuel remaining in the fuel tank, the grip warmer level, or the thumb warmer level.



Fuel meter and grip/thumb warmer level indicator

Fuel meter

The display segments of the fuel meter disappear towards "E" (Empty) as the fuel level decreases. When only one segment is left near "E", the fuel level warning indicator and the warning light come on.



2. Warning light "/\(\hat{n}\)"

If the fuel level warning indicator and the warning light come on, refuel as soon as possible.

TIP

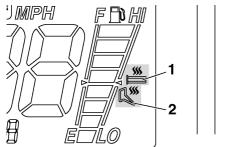
The snowmobile must be stopped on a level surface to obtain an accurate fuel meter reading, since the reading changes according to the movement and inclination of the snowmobile

Grip/thumb warmer level indicator

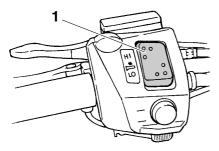
When the grip warmer adjusting switch is pressed, the grip warmer indicator comes on and the display switches to the grip warmer level.

When the thumb warmer adjusting switch is pressed, the thumb warmer indicator comes on and the display switches to the thumb warmer level.

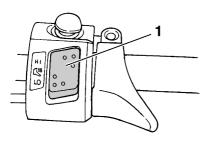
See "Grip/thumb warmer adjusting switch" on page 23 for detailed information.



- 1. Grip warmer indicator "
- 2. Thumb warmer indicator "I"



1. Grip warmer adjusting switch



1. Thumb warmer adjusting switch

TIP ____

- The grip/thumb warmer level is displayed for 5 seconds after releasing the grip/thumb warmer adjusting switch, then the display switches to the fuel meter.
- The top segment of the grip/thumb warmer level indicator flashes once when the grip/thumb warmer adjustment reaches the

maximum level. The bottom segment of the grip/thumb warmer level indicator flashes once when the grip/thumb warmer adjustment reaches the minimum level.

 When the engine is started, the grip/thumb warmer levels are set to the levels selected when the engine was last stopped.

ESU13252

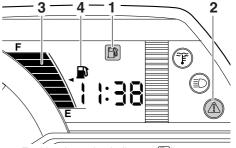
Fuel level warning indicator " ""

The fuel level warning indicator and the warning light come on when the fuel level is low. (See page 18 for details.)

The fuel level warning indicator, the warning light, the fuel meter indicator (RS90GT/RS90LTGT/RST90GT), and all segments of the fuel meter start to flash when a malfunctioning sensor, disconnected coupler, broken lead, or short circuit is detected by the self-diagnosis device of the snowmobile to warn the rider of any of the above problems.

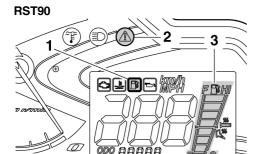
If this occurs, have a Yamaha dealer inspect the snowmobile as soon as possible.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



- 1. Fuel level warning indicator "

 ""
- 2. Warning light "/\hat{N}"
- 3. Fuel meter
- 4. Fuel meter indicator """



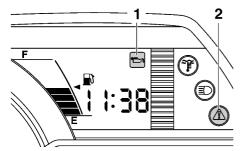
- 1. Fuel level warning indicator " ""
- Warning light "/î\"
- Fuel meter

ESU10462

Oil level warning indicator "=""

The oil level warning indicator and the warning light come on when the engine oil level is low.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



- 1. Oil level warning indicator "-"
- Warning light "/î\"

RST90

- Warning light "/\(\hat{N}\)"

1. Oil level warning indicator "-

If the oil level warning indicator and the warning light come on, place the snowmobile on a level surface and allow it to idle for one minute.

If the oil level warning indicator and the warning light go off, the engine oil level is sufficient, however it is getting low. Add engine oil as soon as possible.

If the oil level warning indicator and the warning light do not go off, check the engine oil level in the oil tank (see page 77 for engine oil level checking procedures), and add engine oil if necessary.

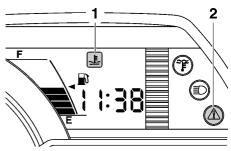
If the oil level warning indicator and the warning light still remain on, have a Yamaha dealer check the snowmobile.

ESU10513

Coolant temperature warning indicator "II"

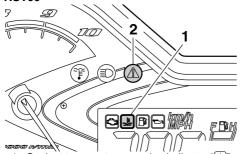
If the engine overheats, the coolant temperature warning indicator and the warning light come on. When this occurs, stop the engine immediately and allow the engine to cool down, and then check the coolant level in the coolant reservoir. (See page 83 for checking procedures.)

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



- 2. Warning light "/N"

RST90



1. Coolant temperature warning indicator "

2. Warning light "A"

ECS00041

NOTICE

Do not continue to operate the engine if it is overheating.

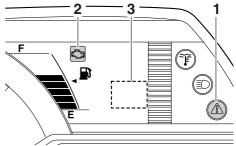
ESU13771

Self-diagnosis device

This model is equipped with a self-diagnosis device for various electrical circuits.

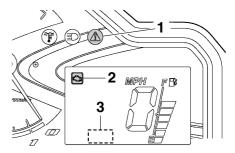
If a problem is detected in any of those circuits, the warning light and the engine trouble warning indicator flash, and an error code displays (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT) or flashes slowly (RST90) in the meter display. Note the error code, and then have a Yamaha dealer inspect the snowmobile as soon as possible. *NOTICE:* Do not continue to operate the engine longer than necessary if there is an error code to avoid possible engine damage. [ECS00820]

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



- 1. Warning light "A"
- 2. Engine trouble warning indicator "-"
- 3. Error code display

RST90

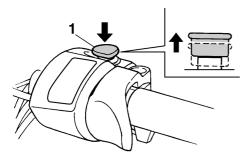


- 1. Warning light "/î\"
- 2. Engine trouble warning indicator " image in the contract of the contract of
- 3. Error code display

ESU10531

Engine stop switch "⋈"

The engine stop switch is used to stop the engine in an emergency. Simply push the stop switch to stop the engine. To start the engine, pull the stop switch and proceed with starting the engine. (See page 48 for engine starting procedures.)

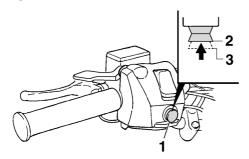


During the first few rides, practice using the stop switch so that you can react quickly in an emergency.

ESU10661

Headlight beam switch "LIGHTS"

Push the headlight beam switch to change the headlight to high beam "HI" or to low beam "I O"



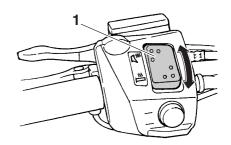
- 1. Headlight beam switch "LIGHTS"
- 2. High beam "HI"
- 3. Low beam "LO"

ESU1406

Grip/thumb warmer adjusting switch

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT

The grip/thumb warmer adjusting switch controls the electrically heated handlebar grips and throttle lever.



1. Grip/thumb warmer adjusting switch

To raise the temperature

To raise the grip warmer temperature, press the "" side of the switch. To raise the thumb warmer temperature, press the "" side of the switch.

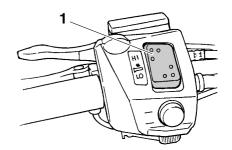
To lower the temperature

Continue to press the switch until the temperature level returns to the minimum level, and then raise the temperature to the desired level.

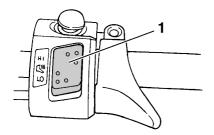
See "Fuel meter and grip/thumb warmer level indicator" on page 18 for detailed information.

RST90

The grip warmer adjusting switch and the thumb warmer adjusting switch control the electrically heated handlebar grips and throttle lever respectively.



1. Grip warmer adjusting switch



1. Thumb warmer adjusting switch

To raise the temperature

To raise the temperature, press the respective switch to "HI".

To lower the temperature

To lower the temperature, press the respective switch to "LO".

See "Fuel meter and grip/thumb warmer level indicator" on page 18 for detailed information.

Auxiliary DC jack

The auxiliary DC jack is located in the front panel and can be used for accessories.

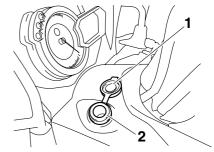
TIC

The auxiliary DC jack can only be used if the engine is running.

To use the auxiliary DC jack

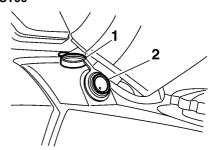
- Start the engine.
- Open the auxiliary DC jack cap, and then insert the accessory power plug into the jack.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



- 1. Auxiliary DC jack cap
- 2. Auxiliary DC jack

RST90



- 1. Auxiliary DC jack cap
- 2. Auxiliary DC jack
- After using the auxiliary DC jack, be sure to remove the accessory power plug from the jack and to close the auxiliary DC jack cap.

ECS00122

NOTICE

- To avoid circuit overload and a possible fuse blowing, do not use accessories requiring more than the maximum rated capacity for the auxiliary DC jack. (See page 109 for the specified fuse amperage.)
- Do not use an automotive cigarette lighter or other accessory with a plug that gets hot because the jack can be damaged.

Maximum rated capacity: DC 12 V, 2.5 A (30 W)

ESU13264

Helmet shield heater jack (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT)

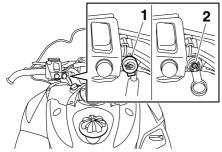
The helmet shield heater jack is located on the left side of the handlebar.

TIP

The helmet shield heater jack can only be used if the engine is running.

To use the helmet shield heater jack

- 1. Start the engine.
- Open the helmet shield heater jack cap, and then insert the power plug of the helmet shield heater into the jack.



- 1. Helmet shield heater jack cap
- 2. Helmet shield heater jack
- After using the helmet shield heater, be sure to remove its power plug from the jack and to close the jack cap.

ECS00892

NOTICE

To avoid circuit overload and a possible fuse blowing, do not use a helmet shield heater requiring more than the maximum rated capacity for the helmet shield heater jack. (See page 109 for the specified fuse amperage.)

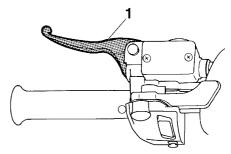
Maximum rated capacity: DC 12 V, 1.5 A (18 W)

ESU10571

Brake lever

The snowmobile is stopped by braking the entire drive system.

Squeeze the brake lever towards the handlebar grip to stop the snowmobile.



1. Brake lever

TIP

When the brake lever is squeezed, the brake light comes on.

ECS00060

NOTICE

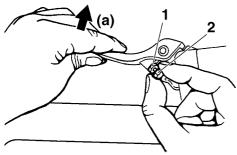
Make sure that the brake lever end does not project out over the handlebar end. This will help prevent brake lever damage when the snowmobile is placed on its side for service.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT

The brake lever is equipped with a position adjuster.

To adjust the brake lever position:

- Loosen the locknut.
- While lightly pushing the brake lever in direction (a), turn the adjusting bolt to set the brake lever to the desired position.

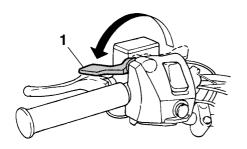


- 1. Locknut
- 2. Adjusting bolt
- Tighten the locknut securely after adjusting the brake lever position.

ESU10581

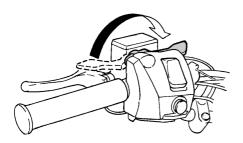
Parking brake lever

When parking the snowmobile or starting the engine, apply the parking brake by moving the parking brake lever to the left.



1. Parking brake lever

To release the parking brake, move the parking brake lever to the right.

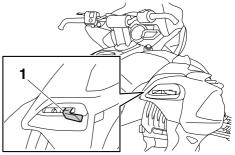


FSU10593

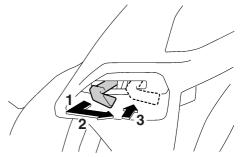
Shift lever

The shift lever is used to put the snowmobile into forward or reverse. After coming to a complete stop, pull the shift lever out, slide it to "FWD" or to "REV" until it stops, and then release it.

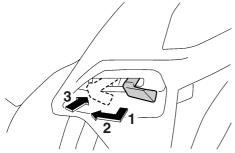
RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



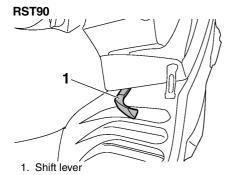
1. Shift lever

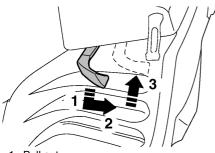


- 1. Pull out.
- 2. Slide to "FWD" (forward).
- 3. Release.

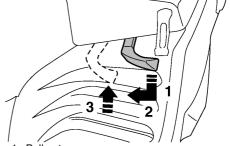


- 1. Pull out.
- 2. Slide to "REV" (reverse).
- 3. Release.





- 1. Pull out.
- 2. Slide to "FWD" (forward).
- 3. Release.



- 1. Pull out.
- 2. Slide to "REV" (reverse).
- 3. Release.

ECS00072

NOTICE

Do not use the shift lever while the snowmobile is moving, otherwise the drive train could be damaged.

ESU14092

Drive guard

EWS00402

WARNING

- Coming in contact with the rotating Vbelt or clutch parts can cause severe injury or death. Never run the engine with the drive guard removed.
- Make sure that the drive guard is installed securely before operating the snowmobile to protect against severe injury or death from a broken V-belt or other part should it come off the snowmobile while it is in operation.

ECS00930

NOTICE

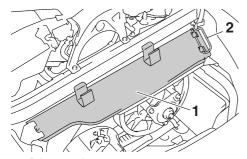
- Never run the engine with the V-belt removed. Clutch components can be damaged.
- Be careful not to scratch the windshield when removing or installing the drive guard.

The drive guard is designed to protect the Vbelt clutch and V-belt in case parts break or come loose.

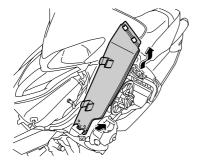
The drive guard is located behind the left side cover (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or under the shroud (RST90). [See page 63 (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT) or page 67 (RST90) for information on how to access the drive guard.]

To remove the drive guard

1. Pull out the drive guard locking pin from the drive guard rear holder.

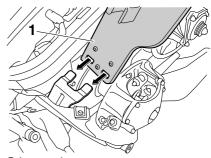


- 1. Drive guard
- 2. Drive guard locking pin
- Lift up the rear of the drive guard as shown, and then pull the guard rearward to remove it.

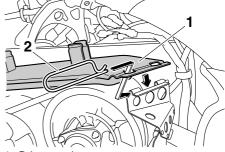


To install the drive guard

 Fit the front slots in the drive guard over the projections on the drive guard front holder.



- 1. Drive guard
- Align the slots in the rear of the drive guard with the projections on the drive guard rear holder, and then insert the drive guard locking pin into the holder as shown.



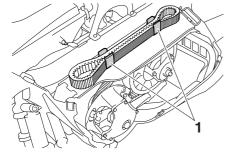
- 1. Drive guard
- 2. Drive guard locking pin

ESU10761

V-belt holders

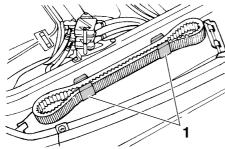
Keep a spare V-belt for emergency use by placing it into the V-belt holders provided.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



1. V-belt holder

RST90



V-belt holder

ECS00180

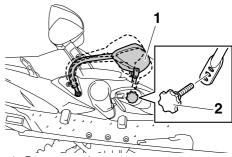
NOTICE

Make sure that the V-belt is installed securely in the holders.

ESU13302

Passenger grips (RST90GT)

The passenger grips can be installed in three different positions to suit the passenger's preference.



- 1. Passenger grip
- 2. Passenger grip adjusting knob

To change the passenger grip position

- 1. Remove the passenger grip adjusting knob by turning it counterclockwise.
- 2. Move the passenger grip to the desired position.
- 3. Install the adjusting knob by turning it clockwise.

EWS00780

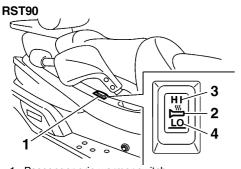
WARNING

Make sure that the passenger grip adjusting knobs are securely tightened after changing the positions of the passenger grips.

ESU10681

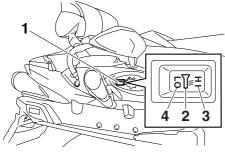
Passenger grip warmer switch (RST90 / RST90GT)

The passenger grip warmer switch controls the electrically heated passenger grips.



- 1. Passenger grip warmer switch
- 2. Off
- 3. "HI" (high)
- 4. "LO" (low)

RST90GT



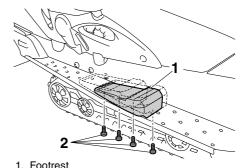
- 1. Passenger grip warmer switch
- 2. Off
- 3. "HI" (high)
- 4. "LO" (low)

ESU14050

Passenger footrests (RST90 / RST90GT)

The passenger footrests can be installed in two (RST90) or three (RST90GT) different positions to suit the passenger's preference.

To change the position of a footrest, remove the screws, place the footrest in the desired position, and then install and tighten the screws.



- i. Footie
- 2. Screw

ECS00131

NOTICE

- Make sure that the screws are tightened securely after changing the position of the footrests.
- Do not overtighten the screws, otherwise the footrest may be damaged.

ESU14130

Backrest (RST90 / RST90GT)

EWS00131

WARNING

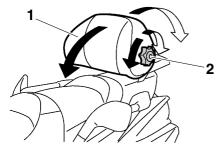
Do not sit on the backrest. Otherwise, you could lose your balance, fall, and be injured.

The angle (RST90 / RST90GT) and position (RST90GT) of the backrest are adjustable.

To adjust the backrest angle

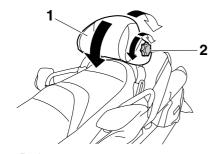
Turn the backrest adjusting knob until the backrest reaches the desired angle.

RST90



- Backrest
- 2. Backrest adjusting knob

RST90GT

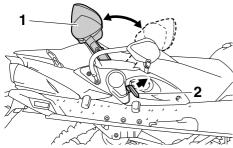


- 1. Backrest
- 2. Backrest adjusting knob

RST90GT

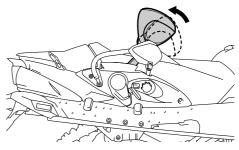
To adjust the backrest position

Pull the backrest adjusting lever upward, and then move the backrest to the desired position.



- 1. Backrest
- 2. Backrest adjusting knob

When riding without a passenger, the backrest can be moved to the forward-most position, and its angle can be adjusted to suit the operator's preference as shown.



ESU14120

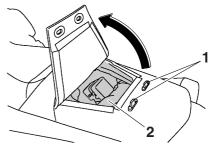
Storage compartment (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT)

RS90GT / RS90LTGT

The storage compartment is located behind the seat. Use the storage compartment to store the tool kit, manuals, spare parts, or other small items.

To open the storage compartment

Turn the fastener 1/2 turn in either direction, and then fold the storage compartment cover up.



- 1. Fastener
- 2. Storage compartment

To close the storage compartment

Fold the storage compartment cover down, and then turn the fastener to the original position.

RST90GT

This snowmobile is equipped with a storage compartment, which includes a storage pouch.

Storage compartment

ECS00900

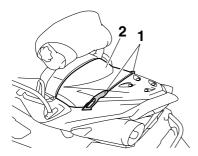
NOTICE

The bottom of the storage compartment may be hot during or immediately after operating the snowmobile. It can cause burns if it becomes extremely hot. Furthermore, heat in the storage compartment can affect the quality of food items, and deform and discolor plastic items.

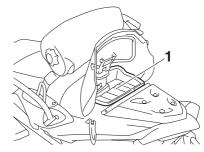
The storage compartment is located behind the seat. Use the storage compartment to store the storage pouch, spare parts, or other small items.

To open the storage compartment

Unhook the storage compartment latches and open the storage compartment lid.



- 1. Storage compartment latch
- 2. Storage compartment lid



1. Storage compartment

TIP

Before opening the storage compartment lid, move the backrest forward so that the lid can be opened. (See page 30 for backrest adjustment procedures.)

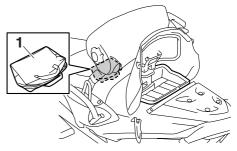
Maximum load limit: 20 kg (44 lbs)

To close the storage compartment

Close the storage compartment lid, and then hook the storage compartment latches.

Storage pouch

The storage pouch is located inside the storage compartment. Use the storage pouch to store the tool kit, manuals, spare parts, or other small items.



1. Storage pouch

ECS00781

NOTICE

Before starting the engine, make sure that the tool kit is securely fastened and that the storage pouch zipper is completely closed.

ESU10823

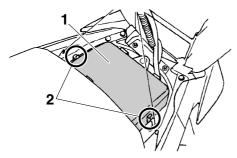
Storage areas (RST90)

This snowmobile is equipped with a storage compartment, rear storage area, and rear carrier.

Storage compartment

The storage compartment is located under the shroud.

Open the storage compartment by unhooking the fasteners, to store the tool kit, spare parts, or other small items.

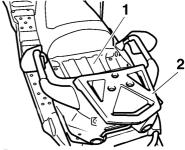


- 1. Storage compartment
- 2. Fastener

Rear storage area and rear carrier

The rear storage area and the rear carrier are located at the rear of the snowmobile.

The rear storage area can be used only when the passenger seat is removed.



- 1. Rear storage area
- 2. Rear carrier

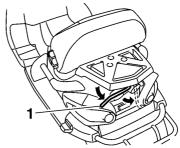
Maximum load limit: Rear storage area:

20 kg (44 lbs)

Rear carrier: 10 kg (22 lbs)

To remove the passenger seat and backrest

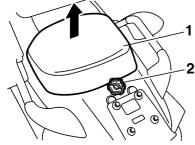
 Pull the carrier lock lever away from the carrier lock bracket, and then push it down to unlock the backrest and the rear carrier.



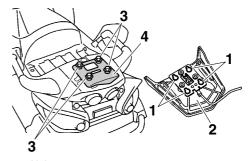
- 1. Carrier lock lever
- Slide both the backrest and the rear carrier forward until they stop, and then remove them.



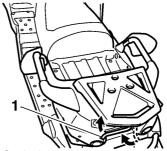
- 1. Backrest
- 2. Rear carrier
- Remove the passenger seat lock knob, and then remove the passenger seat.



- 1. Passenger seat
- 2. Passenger seat lock knob
- Align the holes in the rear carrier with the bolts on the carrier lock bracket, and then place the rear carrier on the carrier lock bracket.



- 1. Hole
- 2. Rear carrier
- 3. Bolt
- 4. Carrier lock bracket
- Slide the rear carrier backward until it stops.
- 6. Pull the carrier lock lever up to lock the rear carrier in place. Then, place the lever under the rear carrier and secure it with the holder. *NOTICE:* When using the rear storage area, do not load any cargo that is too large for it. In addition, cargo must not project from the edges of the rear storage area. [ECS00211]

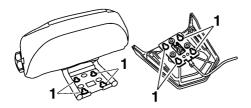


1. Carrier lock lever

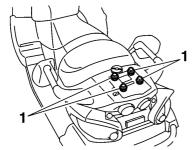
To install the passenger seat and backrest

- Remove the rear carrier. (Refer to steps 1–2 in the "To remove the passenger seat and backrest" section.)
- Install the passenger seat, and then install the passenger seat lock knob.

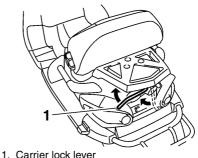
 Align the holes in the backrest bracket with the bolts on the carrier lock bracket, and then place the backrest on the carrier lock bracket.



1. Hole



- 1. Bolt
- Align the holes in the rear carrier with the bolts on the carrier lock bracket, and then place the rear carrier on the carrier lock bracket.
- Slide both the backrest and the rear carrier backward until they stop.
- Pull the carrier lock lever up to lock the backrest and the rear carrier in place.
 Then, place the lever under the rear carrier and secure it with the holder.



i. Carrier lock leve

ESU10862

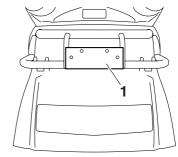
Tow hitch bracket (RST90 / RST90GT)

ECS00241

NOTICE

To prevent premature wear of the V-belt, avoid traveling under 10 km/h (6 mi/h) when towing for long distances or long periods of time.

This snowmobile is equipped with a tow hitch bracket that is used to install a tow hitch. Use the tow hitch bracket within the specified weight limits.



1. Tow hitch bracket

TIP

A tow hitch is not included with the snowmobile and must be purchased separately.

Tow weight limit: 120 kgf (264 lbf) Vertical weight limit: 15 kgf (33 lbf)

ESU10605

Fuel

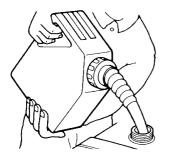
EWS00071

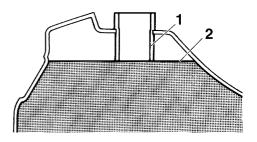
WARNING

Gasoline and gasoline vapors are extremely flammable. To avoid fires and explosions and to reduce the risk of injury when refueling, follow these instructions.

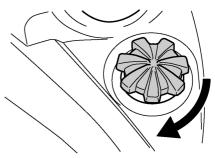
Make sure there is sufficient gasoline in the tank.

- Before refueling, turn off the engine and be sure that nobody is on the snowmobile. Never refuel while smoking, or while in the vicinity of sparks, open flames, or other sources of ignition such as the pilot lights of water heaters and clothes dryers.
- Do not overfill the fuel tank. Stop filling when the fuel reaches the bottom of the filler tube. Because fuel expands when it heats up, heat from the engine or the sun can cause fuel to spill out of the fuel tank.





- 1. Filler tube
- 2. Maximum fuel level
- 3. Wipe up any spilled fuel immediately.
- 4. Be sure the fuel tank cap is closed securely by turning it clockwise.



WARNING

Gasoline is poisonous and can cause injury or death. Handle gasoline with care. Never siphon gasoline by mouth. If you should swallow some gasoline or inhale a lot of gasoline vapor, or get some gasoline in your eyes, see your doctor immediately. If gasoline spills on your skin, wash with soap and water. If gasoline spills on your clothing, change your clothes.

Recommended fuel:

REGULAR UNLEADED GASOLINE ONLY

Fuel tank capacity:

RS90GT 35.6 L (9.41 US gal,

7.83 Imp.gal)

RS90LTGT 35.6 L (9.41 US gal,

7.83 Imp.gal)

RST90 39.3 L (10.38 US gal,

8.65 Imp.gal)

RST90GT 35.6 L (9.41 US gal,

7.83 Imp.gal)

Your Yamaha engine has been designed to use regular unleaded gasoline with a pump octane number [(R+M)/2] of 86 or higher, or a research octane number of 91 or higher.

ECS00084

NOTICE

- Oxygenated fuels (gasohol) containing a maximum 10% of ethanol (E10) can be used, although richer jetting may be required to prevent engine damage. Consult a Yamaha dealer. Gasohol containing methanol is not recommended.
- Make sure that snow or ice does not enter the fuel tank when refueling.
- Do not use alcohol deicers or water absorbing additives with oxygenated fuel.
- The fuel tank should be filled with the recommended gasoline. The use of other gasoline will cause severe damage to internal engine parts, such as the valves and piston rings, as well as to the exhaust system.

ESU14001

Suspension

The suspension can be adjusted to suit rider preference. Softer settings, for example, may provide greater rider comfort, while harder settings may allow more precise handling and control over certain types of terrain or riding conditions.

If you are not familiar with suspension adjustments, have a Yamaha dealer make these adjustments.

EWS00151

WARNING

Read and understand the following information before handling shock absorbers that contain highly pressurized nitrogen gas.

- Do not tamper with or attempt to open the cylinder assemblies.
- Do not subject the shock absorbers to an open flame or other high heat source.
 This may cause the unit to explode due to excessive gas pressure.
- Do not deform or damage the cylinders in any way. Cylinder damage will result in poor damping performance.
- Do not dispose of a damaged or worn out shock absorber yourself. Take the shock absorber to a Yamaha dealer for any service.

TIP_

Use the special wrench included in the owner's tool kit to make the suspension adjustments. If the tool kit for your model does not include the special wrench, the special wrench can be obtained at a Yamaha dealer.

ESU10894

Adjusting the spring preload of the front shock absorbers

WS00720

WARNING

The spring preload of the left and right shock absorbers must be adjusted to the same setting. Uneven settings can cause poor handling and loss of stability.

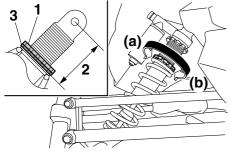
The spring preload can be adjusted by turning the adjusting nuts.

Adjust the spring preload as follows.

Loosen the locknut.

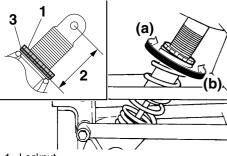
To increase the spring preload and thereby harden the suspension, turn the adjusting nut in direction (a). To decrease the spring preload and thereby soften the suspension, turn the adjusting nut in direction (b).

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



- 1. Locknut
- Distance A
- 3. Spring preload adjusting nut

RST90



- 1. Locknut
- 2. Distance A
- 3. Spring preload adjusting nut

TIP

The spring preload setting is determined by measuring distance A. shown in the illustration. The longer distance A is, the higher the spring preload; the shorter distance A is, the lower the spring preload.

Spring preload setting*:

Minimum (soft):

RS90GT / RS90LTGT 119.0 mm

(4.69 in)

RST90 161.0 mm (6.34 in)

RST90GT 122.6 mm (4.83 in)

Standard:

RS90GT / RS90LTGT 119.0 mm

(4.69 in)

RST90 162.0 mm (6.38 in)

RST90GT 122.6 mm (4.83 in)

Maximum (hard):

RS90GT / RS90LTGT 129.0 mm

(5.08 in)

RST90 172.0 mm (6.77 in) RST90GT 132.6 mm (5.22 in)

- Distance A changes 1.5 mm (0.06 in) with each full turn of the adjusting nut.
- Tighten the locknut to the specified torque. NOTICE: Always tighten the locknut against the adjusting nut, and then tighten the locknut to the specified torque. [ECS00860]

Tightening torque:

Locknut:

42 Nm (4.2 m·kgf, 30 ft·lbf)

ESU10926

Adjusting the damping forces of the front shock absorbers (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT)

EWS00740

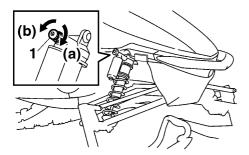
WARNING

The damping forces of the left and right shock absorbers must be adjusted to the same settings. Uneven settings can cause poor handling and loss of stability.

Compression damping force

The compression damping force of each shock absorber can be adjusted by turning its compression damping force adjusting knob.

To increase the compression damping force, turn the adjusting knob in direction (a). To decrease the compression damping force, turn the adjusting knob in direction (b).



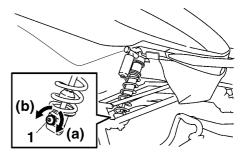
1. Compression damping force adjusting knob

Compression damping setting:
Minimum (soft):
12 click(s) in direction (b)*
Standard:
RS90GT / RS90LTGT 7
RST90GT 6
click(s) in direction (b)*
Maximum (hard):
2 click(s) in direction (b)*
* With the adjusting knob fully turned in direction (a)

Rebound damping force

The rebound damping force of each shock absorber can be adjusted by turning its rebound damping force adjusting knob.

To increase the rebound damping force, turn the adjusting knob in direction (a). To decrease the rebound damping force, turn the adjusting knob in direction (b).



1. Rebound damping force adjusting knob

Rebound damping setting:

Minimum (soft):
20 click(s) in direction (b)*
Standard:
RS90GT / RS90LTGT 12
RST90GT 7
click(s) in direction (b)*
Maximum (hard):
3 click(s) in direction (b)*
* With the adjusting knob fully turned in direction (a)

TIP

The damping forces will not decrease past the minimum levels even if the adjusting knobs are turned out more than the minimum settings.

ESU13134

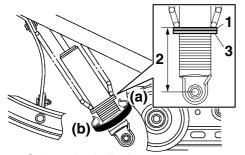
Adjusting the spring preload of the center shock absorber and the rear torsion springs (RST90 / RST90GT)

The spring preload can be adjusted by turning the adjusting nut on the center shock absorber and the adjusters on the rear torsion springs. Adjust the spring preload as follows.

Center shock absorber

- Loosen the locknut.
- To increase the spring preload and thereby harden the suspension, turn the adjusting nut in direction (a). To decrease

the spring preload and thereby soften the suspension, turn the adjusting nut in direction (b).



- 1. Spring preload adjusting nut
- 2. Distance A
- 3. Locknut

TIP

The spring preload setting is determined by measuring distance A, shown in the illustration. The longer distance A is, the higher the spring preload; the shorter distance A is, the lower the spring preload.

Spring preload setting*:
Minimum (soft):
RST90 111.5 mm (4.39 in)
RST90GT 122.1 mm (4.81 in)
Standard:
RST90 112.5 mm (4.43 in)
RST90GT 122.1 mm (4.81 in)
Maximum (hard):
RST90 122.5 mm (4.82 in)
RST90GT 132.1 mm (5.20 in)
* Distance A changes 1.5 mm (0.06 in) with each full turn of the adjusting nut.

3. Tighten the locknut to the specified torque. NOTICE: Always tighten the locknut against the adjusting nut, and then tighten the locknut to the specified torque. [ECSOOBBO]

Tightening torque: Locknut: 42 Nm (4.2 m·kgf, 30 ft·lbf)

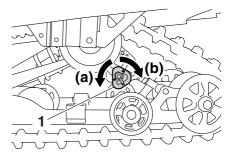
Rear torsion springs

WS00750

WARNING

The left and right spring preloads must be adjusted to the same setting. Uneven settings can cause poor handling and loss of stability.

To increase the spring preload and thereby harden the suspension, turn the adjuster in direction (a). To decrease the spring preload and thereby soften the suspension, turn the adjuster in direction (b).



1. Spring preload adjuster

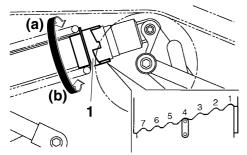
Spring preload setting:
Minimum (soft):
S
Standard:
M
Maximum (hard):
H

ESU10985

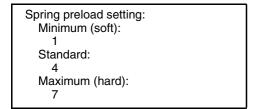
Adjusting the spring preload of the rear shock absorber (RS90GT / RS90LTGT)

The spring preload can be adjusted by turning the adjusting ring on the rear shock absorber.

To increase the spring preload and thereby harden the suspension, turn the adjusting ring in direction (a). To decrease the spring preload and thereby soften the suspension, turn the adjusting ring in direction (b).



1. Spring preload adjusting ring



TIP

The spring preload can be further adjusted by changing the position of the spring seat. Have a Yamaha dealer make this adjustment as it requires special tools.

ESU13094

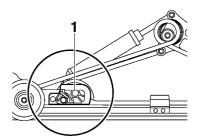
Adjusting the 2-up adjusting blocks (RST90)



WARNING

Make sure that the 2-up adjusting blocks are installed in the same position on both sides of the snowmobile, otherwise poor handling and loss of stability may result.

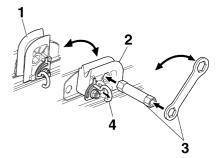
The spring force can be adjusted by changing the position of the 2-up adjusting blocks.



1. 2-up adjusting block

TIP

- Be sure to make this adjustment when there is no load (rider or cargo) on the snowmobile.
- Use the special tools included in the owner's tool kit to make the adjustment.
- Insert the special tools into the 2-up adjusting block as shown.



- 1. 2-up position (rider and passenger)
- 2. Solo rider position
- 3. Special tool
- 4. Lock pin
- Pull the lock pin and turn the special tools to change the block position.
- 3. Release the lock pin.
- Remove the special tools from the 2-up adjusting block.

ESU14010

Adjusting the rebound damping force of the rear shock absorber (RS90GT / RS90LTGT)

EWS00161



Do not turn the remote adjusting dial while the snowmobile is moving as this could cause loss of control, an accident, and injury.

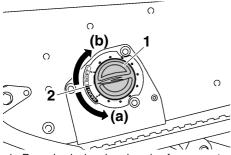
ECS00291

NOTICE

Be sure to stop the remote adjusting dial at a marked position around the dial where there is a click.

The rebound damping force can be adjusted by turning the rear shock absorber damping force remote adjusting dial.

To increase the rebound damping force, turn the adjusting dial in direction (a). To decrease the rebound damping force, turn the adjusting dial in direction (b).



- Rear shock absorber damping force remote adjusting dial
- 2. Standard position

Rebound damping setting:

Minimum (soft):

11 click(s) in direction (b)*

Standard:

Adjusting dial aligned with standard position match mark

Maximum (hard):

11 click(s) in direction (a)*

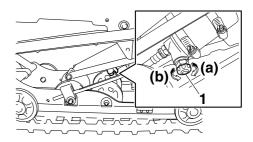
With the adjusting dial in the standard position

ESU13290

Adjusting the compression damping force of the rear shock absorber (RST90GT)

The compression damping force can be adjusted by turning the adjusting knob.

To increase the compression damping force, turn the adjusting knob in direction (a). To decrease the compression damping force, turn the adjusting knob in direction (b). *NOTICE:* Do not continue to turn the adjusting knob in direction (a) after it stops. The shock absorber could be damaged and damping force adjustments will not be able to be made. Do not turn the adjusting knob in direction (b) more than click(s). Even if the adjusting knob is continually turned after click(s), there will be no change in the damping force. Be sure to stop the adjusting knob at a position where there is a click. [ECS00910]



1. Compression damping force adjusting knob

Compression damping force setting:

Minimum (soft):

12 click(s) in direction (b)* Standard:

6 click(s) in direction (b)* Maximum (hard):

2 click(s) in direction (b)*

 With the adjusting knob fully turned in direction (a)

ESU11046

Adjusting the control rods

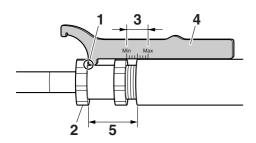
The weight transfer can be adjusted by turning the adjuster on the control rod (RS90GT / RS90LTGT) or the adjusting nuts on the control rods (RST90 / RST90GT).

RS90GT / RS90LTGT

 Check the control rod length using the scale on the special wrench as shown.

TIP

In order to obtain a precise measurement, the special wrench corner should touch the control rod adjuster, and the locknut must be turned so that one of its notches aligns with the wrench allowing the wrench to fit horizontally on the control rod.



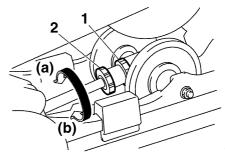
- 1. Special wrench corner
- 2. Control rod adjuster
- 3. Scale range
- 4. Special wrench
- 5. Control rod length

TIP ____

Use the special wrench in the owner's tool kit to make this adjustment.

- 2. Loosen the locknut.
- To increase weight transfer, turn the adjuster in direction (a), and to decrease weight transfer, turn it in direction (b).
 WARNING! Never adjust the control rod beyond the range of the scale on the special wrench, otherwise the control rod could be damaged, which could lead to an accident or injury.

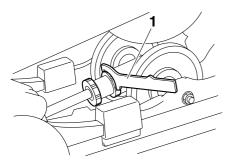
[EWS00181]



- 1. Locknut
- 2. Control rod adjuster
- 4. Tighten the locknut while holding the adjuster in place.

TIP

Make sure that the special wrench is securely fitted on the locknut.



1. Special wrench

Locknut tightening torque: 35 Nm (3.5 m·kgf, 25 ft·lbf)

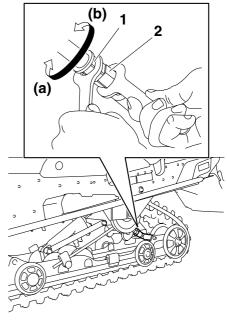
RST90 / RST90GT

EWS00770

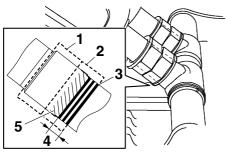
A WARNING

The left and right adjusting nuts must be set to the same position. Uneven settings can cause poor handling and loss of stability.

Loosen the locknut while holding the adjusting nut.



- 1. Locknut
- 2. Control rod adjusting nut
- 2. To increase weight transfer, turn the adjusting nut in direction (a), and to decrease weight transfer, turn it in direction (b). WARNING! Never adjust the control rods beyond the maximum setting, indicated by red paint; otherwise, they could be damaged, which could lead to an accident or injury. [EWS00173]



- 1. Locknut
- 2. Control rod adjusting nut
- 3. Standard position
- 4. Adjustable range
- 5. Red paint area
- 3. Tighten the locknut while holding the adjusting nut in place. *NOTICE:* Always tighten the locknut against the adjusting nut, and then tighten the locknut to the specified torque. [ECSO0860]

Locknut tightening torque: 25 Nm (2.5 m·kgf, 18 ft·lbf)

Pre-operation checks

ESU11071

Inspect your vehicle each time you use it to make sure the vehicle is in safe operating condition. Always follow the inspection and maintenance procedures and schedules described in the Owner's Manual.

EWS00191



Failure to inspect or maintain the vehicle properly increases the possibility of an accident or equipment damage. Do not operate the vehicle if you find any problem. If a problem cannot be corrected by the procedures provided in this manual, have the vehicle inspected by a Yamaha dealer.

ESU11081

Pre-operation check list

ITEM	ITEM CHECKS	
Fuel	Check fuel level. Refuel if necessary. Check fuel line for leakage.	36
Engine oil	Check oil level in engine. If necessary, add recommended oil to specified level. Check vehicle for oil leakage.	
Coolant	Check coolant level. Add if necessary.	83
V-belt	Check for wear and damage. Replace if necessary.	88
Drive guard	 • Make sure the drive guard is installed securely. • Check the drive guard mounts for damage. 	
Brake	Check operation. If soft or spongy, have Yamaha dealer bleed hydraulic system. Check brake pads for wear. Replace if necessary. Check fluid level in master cylinder. If necessary, add recommended brake fluid to specified level. Check hydraulic system for leakage.	92
Air filter	Check that there is no snow under the air filter element. If necessary, brush off the snow.	
Tool kit and recommended equipment	Check for proper placement.	62
Shroud and covers	and covers • Make sure that the shroud and covers are securely fastened.	
Check for wear and damage. If necessary, have Yamaha dealer replace skis or ski runners.		95

Pre-operation checks

ITEM	ITEM CHECKS	
Drive track	Check the deflection. Adjust if necessary. Check for wear and damage. If necessary, have a Yamaha dealer replace track.	98
Slide runners	Check for wear and damage. If necessary, have Yamaha dealer replace slide runners.	
Steering	Check for excessive free play.	96
Lights, signals and switches	Oheck operation. Correct if necessary.	
Throttle lever	• Make sure that operation is smooth and spring back to its original position when released.	
Throttle override system (T.O.R.S.)	• I system is not tunctioning properly have yamana	

Operation

ESU13500

Read the Owner's Manual carefully to become familiar with all controls. If there is a control or function you do not understand, ask your Yamaha dealer.

EWS00201

WARNING

Failure to familiarize yourself with the controls can lead to loss of control, which could cause an accident or injury.

ESU13212

TIP

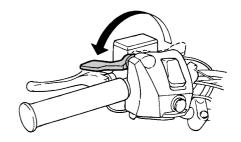
This model is equipped with:

- RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT: an engine oil pressure switch to stop the engine in case an engine oil pressure drop is detected. To start the engine after this system has stopped the engine, be sure to place the snowmobile on a level surface, and then turn the key in the main switch to the off position, and then to the on position. Failing to do so will prevent the engine from starting even though the engine will crank when turning the key to the start position. If the engine does not start or if it stops again, ask a Yamaha dealer to inspect the snowmobile.
- an engine overheating prevention system, which prevents overheating when the engine is idling. When the engine has been idling for 3 minutes or longer and the coolant temperature has risen above 100 °C (212 °F), the engine automatically stops to prevent overheating. The engine can be started after it stops.

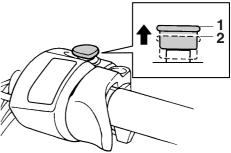
ESU13970

Starting the engine RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT

1. Apply the parking brake.



Be sure the engine stop switch is in the run position. The starter motor cannot be operated when the engine stop switch is in the off position.



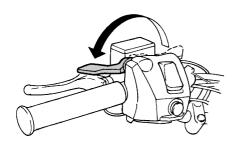
- 1. Run position
- 2. Off position
- 3. Turn the main switch to the start position and release it when the engine starts. NOTICE: Release the switch immediately after the engine starts. If the engine fails to start, release the switch, wait a few seconds, then try again. Each attempt should be as short as possible to preserve the battery. Do not crank the engine more than 10 seconds on any one attempt. [ECSSO331]



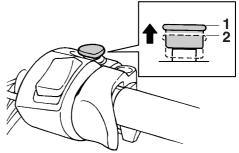
- 1. Start
- Warm up the engine until it runs smoothly.
- Be sure the low coolant temperature indicator light has gone out before operation.
 (See page 17 for detailed information about the indicator light.)

RST90

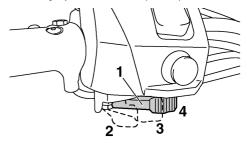
1. Apply the parking brake.



Be sure the engine stop switch is in the run position. The starter motor cannot be operated when the engine stop switch is in the off position.



- 1. Run position
- 2. Off position
- 3. Fully open the starter (choke) lever.



- 1. Starter (choke) lever
- 2. Fully open position (cold engine starting)
- 3. Half-open position (warming engine up)
- 4. Closed position (warm engine starting)

TIP

The starter (choke) lever is not required when the engine is warm. Move the starter (choke) lever to the closed position.

4. Turn the main switch to the start position and release it when the engine starts.
NOTICE: Release the switch immediately after the engine starts. If the engine fails to start, release the switch, wait a few seconds, then try again. Each attempt should be as short as possible to preserve the battery. Do not crank the engine more than 10 seconds on any one attempt. [ECSSO0331]



- 1. Start
- Warm up the engine, and then close the starter (choke) lever when the engine runs smoothly.
- Be sure the low coolant temperature indicator light has gone out before operation.
 (See page 17 for detailed information about the indicator light.)

ESU11310

Break-in

There is never a more important period in the life of your engine than the period between 0 and 500 km (300 mi). For this reason, you should read the following material carefully. Since the engine is brand new, do not put an excessive load on it for the first 500 km (300 mi). The various parts in the engine wear and polish themselves to the correct operating clearances. During this period, prolonged full-throttle operation or any condition that might result in engine overheating must be avoided.

Operating your snowmobile for the first time

Start the engine and let it idle for 15 minutes. 0–160 km (0–100 mi)

Avoid prolonged operation above 6000 r/min. **160–500 km (100–300 mi)**

Avoid prolonged operation above 8000 r/min. 500 km (300 mi) and beyond

The snowmobile can now be operated normally. ECS00340

NOTICE

- After 800 km (500 mi) of operation, the engine oil must be changed and the oil filter cartridge replaced.
- If any engine trouble should occur during the engine break-in period, immediately have a Yamaha dealer check the snowmobile.

ESU11333

Riding your snowmobile Getting to know your snowmobile

EWS00211

WARNING

To avoid severe injury or death:

- Keep both hands on the handlebar during operation.
- Never put your feet outside the running boards.
- Avoid higher speeds or more difficult maneuvers until you have become thoroughly familiar with your snowmobile and all of its controls.

A snowmobile is a rider active vehicle, and your riding position and your balance are the two basic factors of maneuvering your snowmobile.

Riding your snowmobile requires skills acquired through practice over a period of time. Take the time to learn the basic techniques well before attempting more difficult maneuvers.

Riding your new snowmobile can be a very enjoyable activity, providing you with hours of pleasure. However, it is essential to familiarize yourself with the operation of the snowmobile to achieve the skill necessary to enjoy riding safely. Before operating the snowmobile, read this Owner's Manual completely and understand the operation of the controls.

Pay particular attention to the safety information on page 6.

Please read all warning and notice labels on your snowmobile. Also, read the Snowmobiler's Safety Handbook that is supplied with your snowmobile.

Learning to ride your snowmobile

Before you ride, always perform the pre-operation checks listed on page 46. The short time spent checking the condition of the snowmobile will be rewarded with added safety and a more reliable snowmobile. Always wear the proper clothing for both warmth and to help protect you from injury if an accident occurs. Become familiar with operating your snowmobile at low speeds, even if you are an experienced rider. Do not attempt to operate at maximum performance until you are totally familiar with the snowmobile's handling and performance characteristics.

The beginning operator should select a large flat area to become familiar with the snowmobile. Make sure that this area is free of obstacles and other traffic. You should practice control of the throttle and brake, and master turning techniques in this area before trying more difficult terrain.

Set the parking brake and follow the instructions on page 48 to start the engine. Once the engine has warmed up, you are ready to begin riding your snowmobile.

To start out and accelerate

- With the engine idling, release the parking brake.
- Apply the throttle slowly and smoothly. The V-belt clutch will engage and you will start to accelerate. WARNING! Do not allow anyone to stand behind the snowmobile when starting the engine. A broken track, track fittings, or debris thrown by the track could be dangerous to bystanders. [EWSOOGSO]

Braking

EWS00220

WARNING

- Many surfaces such as ice and hardpacked snow require much longer stopping distances. Be alert, plan ahead, and begin decelerating early.
- Improper use of the brake can cause the drive track to lose traction, reduce control, and increase the possibility of an accident.

When slowing down or stopping, release the throttle and apply the brake gently—not suddenly.

Turning

For most snow surfaces, "body English" is the key to turning.

As you approach a curve, slow down and begin to turn the handlebar in the desired direction. As you do so, put your weight on the running board to the inside of the turn and lean your upper body into the turn.



This procedure should be practiced at low speeds many times, in a large flat area with no obstacles. Once you have learned this technique, you should be able to perform it at higher speeds or in tighter curves. Lean more as the turn gets sharper or is made at higher speeds.

Operation

Improper riding techniques such as abrupt throttle changes, excessive braking, incorrect body movements, or too much speed for the sharpness of the turn may cause the snowmobile to tip.

If your snowmobile begins to tip while turning, lean more into the turn to regain balance. If necessary, gradually let off on the throttle or steer to the outside of the turn.

Remember:

Avoid higher speeds until you are thoroughly familiar with the operation of your snowmobile.

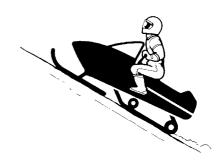
Riding uphill

EWS00231



Operation on slopes can lead to loss of control if proper techniques are not used. Follow these instructions to reduce your risk of an accident. Do not try steeper or more difficult inclines until you have developed your skill on gentle slopes.

You should practice first on gentle slopes. Try more difficult climbs only after you have developed your skill. As you approach a hill, accelerate before you start the climb, and then reduce the throttle to prevent track slippage. It is also important to keep your weight on the uphill side at all times. On climbs straight up the hill, this can be accomplished by leaning forward and, on steeper inclines, standing on the running boards and leaning forward over the handlebar. (Also see "Traversing a slope".)



Slow down as you reach the crest of the hill, and be prepared to react to obstacles, sharp drops, or other vehicles or people which may be on the other side. If you are unable to continue up a hill, do not spin the track. Stop the engine and set the parking brake. Then pull the rear of the snowmobile around to point the snowmobile back down the hill. When the snowmobile is pointed downhill, mount your snowmobile from the uphill side. Restart the engine, release the parking brake, and descend the hill.

Riding downhill

EWS00240

WARNING

Use extra caution when applying the brake during a descent. Excessive braking will cause the drive track to lock, causing a loss of control.

When riding downhill, keep speed to a minimum. It is important to apply just enough throttle to keep the clutch engaged while descending the hill. This will allow you to use engine compression to help slow the snowmobile, and to keep the snowmobile from rolling freely down the hill. Also apply the brake frequently, with light pressure.



Traversing a slope



Driving across the face of a slope ("sidehilling") can lead to overturn or loss of control if proper techniques are not used. Follow these instructions to reduce your risk of an accident. Do not try steeper or more difficult inclines until you have developed your skill on gentle slopes.

Traversing a slope requires you to properly position your weight to maintain proper balance. As you travel across the slope, lean your body to position your weight towards the uphill side. A recommended riding position is to kneel with the knee of your downhill leg on the seat and the foot of your uphill leg on the running board. This position will make it easier for you to shift your body weight as needed.



Snow and ice are slippery, so be prepared for the possibility that your snowmobile could begin to slip sideways on the slope. If this happens, steer in the direction of the slide if there are no obstacles in your path. As you regain proper balance, gradually steer again in the direction you wish to travel.

If your snowmobile starts to tip, steer down the hill to regain balance. WARNING! If you are unable to maintain correct balance, and your snowmobile is going to tip over, dismount your snowmobile immediately on the uphill side to avoid being hit or caught under the snowmobile as it tips over. [EWISO0261]

Ice or icy surface

EWS00270

WARNING

When you have to operate on ice or icy surfaces, drive slowly and cautiously. Avoid accelerating, turning, and braking rapidly. Steering is minimal and uncontrolled spins are an ever-present danger.

Operating on ice or icy surfaces can be very dangerous. Traction for turning, stopping, and starting is much less than that on snow.

Hard-packed snow

It can be more difficult to negotiate on hardpacked snow as both the skis and drive track do not have as much traction as when the snowmobile is operated on fresh snow. Avoid rapid acceleration, turning, and braking.

Operation on surfaces other than snow or ice

Operation of your snowmobile on surfaces other than snow or ice should be avoided. Operation under such conditions will damage or result in rapid wear of the ski runners, drive track, slide runners, and drive sprockets. Operation of the snowmobile on the following surfaces should be avoided at all times:

Dirt

Operation

- Sand
- Rocks
- Grass
- Bare pavement

Other surfaces that should be avoided for the sake of drive track and slide runner life are:

- Glare ice surfaces
- Snow mixed with a lot of dirt and sand

All of the above surfaces have one thing in common in regard to drive track and slide runners: little or no lubricating ability. Drive track and all slide rail systems require lubrication (snow or water) between the slide runners and the slide metal. In the absence of lubrication, the slide runners will rapidly wear and in severe cases, literally melt away, and the drive track will be subject to damage or failure. Also traction aids such as studs, cleats, etc., may cause further track damage or failure.

EWS00280

WARNING

Drive track damage or failure could result in loss of braking ability and snowmobile control, which could cause an accident.

- Always check the drive track for damage or maladjustment before operating the snowmobile.
- Do not operate the snowmobile if you find damage to the drive track.

ECS00350

NOTICE

Ride on fresh snow frequently. Operating on ice or hard-packed snow will rapidly wear the slide runners.

ESU11350

Maximizing drive track life Recommendations

Track tension

During initial break-in, the new drive track will tend to stretch quickly as the track settles. Be sure to correct the track tension and alignment frequently. (See page 98 for adjustment procedures.) A loose track can slip (ratchet), derail or catch on suspension parts causing severe damage. Do not overtighten the drive track, otherwise it may increase the friction between the track and the slide runners, resulting in the rapid wear of both components. Also, this may put an excessive load on the suspension components, resulting in component failure.

Marginal snow

The drive track and the slide runners are lubricated and cooled by snow and water. To prevent the drive track and slide runners from overheating, avoid sustained high-speed usage in areas such as icy trails, frozen lakes and rivers that have minimal snow coverage. An overheated track will be weakened internally, which may cause failure or damage.

Off-trail riding

Avoid off-trail riding until there is sufficient snow coverage. It generally takes several feet of snow to provide a good overall base to properly cover debris, such as rocks, logs, etc. If snow coverage is not sufficient, stay on trails to avoid impact damage to the drive track.

Studded track

In general, track life will be shortened when studs are installed. Drilling stud holes into the drive track will cut the internal fibers, which weakens the track. Avoid spinning the drive track. Studs may catch on an object and pull out of the track, leaving tears and damage around the already weakened area. To minimize possible damage, consult your stud manufacturer for installation and stud pattern recommendations.

Yamaha does not recommend track studding. ESU11394

Drivina

EWS00300

MARNING

Be sure to read the "SAFETY INFORMA-TION" section on page 6 and the "Riding your snowmobile" section on page 50 carefully before operating the snowmobile.

TIP

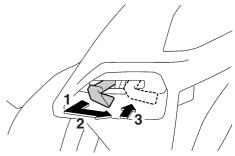
Make sure that the engine is warmed up enough before riding.

EWS00310

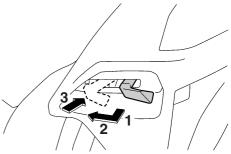
WARNING

- Make sure that the throttle lever is fully released and the snowmobile is at a full stop before shifting.
- Be sure to slide the shift lever to "FWD" or "REV" until it stops completely and only while the engine is idling.
- Make sure that the area behind the snowmobile is clear before reversing.
 Watch behind.
- Reduce speed and avoid sharp turning when operating the snowmobile in reverse.
- To select the desired operating position, pull the shift lever out, slide it to "FWD" or to "REV" until it stops, and then release it. NOTICE: Do not shift from "FWD" to "REV" or from "REV" to "FWD" while the snowmobile is moving, as the drive train could be damaged. [ECSO0811]

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT

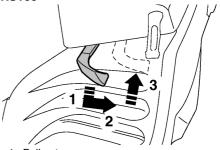


- 1. Pull out.
- 2. Slide to "FWD" (forward).
- 3. Release.



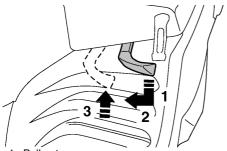
- 1. Pull out.
- 2. Slide to "REV" (reverse).
- 3. Release.

RST90



- 1. Pull out.
- 2. Slide to "FWD" (forward).
- Release.

Operation



- 1. Pull out.
- 2. Slide to "REV" (reverse).
- Release.

TIP

The reverse buzzer beeps while the shift lever is in reverse.

While squeezing the brake lever, release the parking brake by moving the parking brake lever to the right, and then release the brake lever.



- Squeeze the throttle lever slowly to start out.
- Turn the handlebar in the desired direction.
- 5. Squeeze the brake lever to stop the snowmobile.
- 6. Apply the parking brake by moving the parking brake lever to the left.

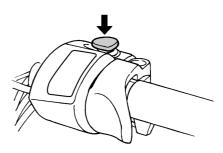
ESU11411

Stopping the engine

 Turn the main switch to the off position to stop the engine.



- 1. Off
- Push down the engine stop switch to stop the engine in an emergency.



ESU13780

Transporting

When transporting your snowmobile on a trailer or in a truck, observe the following recommendations to help protect it from damage:

• RST90: Make sure that the fuel level in the fuel tank is lower than the bottom of the carburetors. Otherwise, the vibration and bumps from the road surface could make it possible for fuel to flow through the carburetors into the cylinders. This can result in "hydrostatic lock," a condition where the engine cannot rotate because of fuel accumulated in the engine. Severe engine damage can result from hydrostatic lock. When possible, the fuel tank should be empty during transportation, especially if the trip takes longer than 30 minutes.

- If transporting the snowmobile in an open trailer or truck, put a tight fitting cover on the snowmobile. A cover specifically designed for your snowmobile is best. This will help keep foreign objects out of the cooling vents, and also help protect the snowmobile against damage from debris on the road.
- If transporting the snowmobile in an open trailer or truck in areas where road salt is used, coat metal suspension surfaces lightly with oil or another protectant. This will help protect against corrosion. Be sure to clean the snowmobile when you get to your destination to remove any corrosive salts.

ESU11452

Periodic inspection, adjustment, and lubrication will keep your snowmobile in the safest and most efficient condition possible. Safety is an obligation of the vehicle owner/operator. The most important points of vehicle inspection, adjustment, and lubrication are explained on the following pages.

EWS00341



Failure to properly maintain the snowmobile or performing maintenance activities incorrectly may increase your risk of injury or death during service or while using the snowmobile. If you are not familiar with snowmobile service, have a Yamaha dealer perform service.

EWS00700

WARNING

Turn off the engine when performing maintenance unless otherwise specified.

- A running engine has moving parts that can catch on body parts or clothing, and electrical parts that can cause shocks or fires.
- Running the engine while servicing can lead to eye injury, burns, fire, or carbon monoxide poisoning-possibly leading to death. See page 6 for more information about carbon monoxide.

EWS00790

WARNING

Brake discs, calipers, and linings can become very hot during use. To avoid possible burns, let brake components cool before touching them.

Maintenance, replacement, or repair of the emission control devices and systems may be performed by any repair establishment or individual that is certified (if applicable).

Proper periodic maintenance of your snowmobile is important in order to enjoy long, pleasurable use. Especially important are the maintenance services related to emission control. These controls not only function to ensure cleaner air, but are also vital to proper engine operation and maximum performance. In the following periodic maintenance charts, the services related to emission control are grouped separately. These services require specialized data, knowledge, and equipment. Yamaha dealers are trained and equipped to perform these particular services.

ESU11461

Periodic maintenance chart for the emission control system

Items marked with an asterisk should be performed by a Yamaha dealer as they require special tools, data and technical skills.

			INITIAL	EVERY	
	ITEM	REMARKS	1 month or 800 km (500 mi) (40 hr)	Seasonally or 4000 km (2500 mi) (200 hr)	PAGE
	Spark plugs	Check condition.Adjust gap and clean.Replace if necessary.		•	68
*	Valve clearance	Check and adjust valve clear- ance when engine is cold.	Every 40000 km (25000 mi)		77
*	Crankcase breather system	Check breather hose for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.		•	_
*	Fuel filter (RST90)	Check condition. Replace if necessary.		•	_
*	Fuel line	Check fuel hose for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.		•	_
*	Idle speed (RST90)	Check and adjust idle speed.			69
*	Fuel injection (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT)	Check synchronization. Adjust if necessary.	•	•	_
	Carburetors (RST90)	Adjust synchronization.	•	•	_
*		Adjust the jets.	Whenever operating condition (elevation/temperature) is changed.		77
*	Exhaust system	Check for leakage. Tighten or replace gasket if necessary.		•	_

ESU11564

General maintenance and lubrication chart

			INITIAL	EVERY	
	ITEM	REMARKS	1 month or 800 km (500 mi) (40 hr)	Seasonally or 4000 km (2500 mi) (200 hr)	PAGE
	Engine oil	Change (warm engine before draining).	•	•	77
*	Engine oil filter car- tridge	Replace.	•	Every 20000 km (12000 mi)	77
*	Cooling system	Check coolant level. Bleed the cooling system if necessary.		•	83
		Check engagement and shift		•	_
		speed. • Adjust if necessary.		Whenever operating elevation is changed.	
*	Primary and sec- ondary clutches	 Inspect sheaves for wear and damage. Inspect weights/rollers and bushings for wear for primary. Inspect ramp shoes/bushings for wear for secondary. Replace if necessary. 		•	-
		Lubricate with specified grease.		•	_
*	Drive chain	Check chain slack. Adjust if necessary.	Initial at 500 km (300 mi) and every 800 km (500 mi) thereafter.		91
*	Drive chain oil	Check oil level.			91
	Dilve chall on	Change.		•	91
*	Brake and parking	Adjust free play and/or replace pads if necessary.		•	92
	brake	Change brake fluid.	See TIP following this chart.		92
	Control cables	Make sure that operation is smooth. Lubricate if necessary.		•	102
*	Disc brake installation	Check for slight free play. Lubricate shaft with specified grease as required.	Every 1600 km (1000 mi)		
*	Extrovert drive sprocket (RS90GT / RS90LTGT)	Check for wear and damage. Replace if necessary.	•	•	95

			INITIAL	EVERY	
	ITEM	REMARKS	1 month or 800 km (500 mi) (40 hr)	Seasonally or 4000 km (2500 mi) (200 hr)	PAGE
*	Slide runners	Check for wear and damage. Replace if necessary.		•	98
*	Skis and ski run- ners	Check for wear and damage. Replace if necessary.		•	95
*	Steering system	Check toe-out. Adjust if necessary.		•	96
*	Steering bearings	Check bearing assemblies for looseness. Lubricate with specified grease.		•	_
*	Skis and front shock absorbers	Lubricate with specified grease.		•	102
*	Suspension component	Lubricate with specified grease.		•	102
*	Drive track	Check the deflection. Adjust if necessary.	Initial at 500 km (300 mi) and every 800 km (500 mi) thereafter.		98
	Fittings and fasteners	Make sure that all nuts, bolts and screws are properly tight- ened. Tighten if necessary.	•	•	108
*	Battery	Check condition.Charge if necessary.		•	108

TIP ____

Brake system:

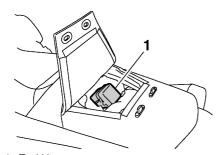
- After disassembling the master cylinder or caliper cylinder, always change the brake fluid. Regularly check the brake fluid level and add fluid if necessary.
- Replace the oil seals of the master cylinder and caliper cylinder every two years.
- Replace the brake hose every four years, or if cracked or damaged.

ESU14111

Tool kit RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90

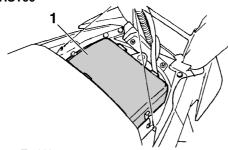
The owner's tool kit is located in the storage compartment. (See page 31 for information on how to access the storage compartment.) The service information included in this manual and the tools provided in the owner's tool kit are intended to assist you in the performance of preventive maintenance and minor repairs. However, additional tools such as a torque wrench may be necessary to perform certain maintenance work correctly.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT



1. Tool kit

RST90



1. Tool kit

ECS00360

NOTICE

Before starting the engine, make sure that the tool kit is properly seated in its holder and is securely fastened.

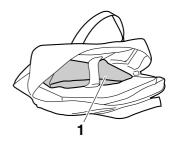
TIP ____

If you do not have a torque wrench available during a service operation requiring one, take your snowmobile to a Yamaha dealer to check the torque settings and adjust them if necessary.

RST90GT

The owner's tool kit is located in the storage pouch. (See page 31 for information on how to access the storage compartment.)

The service information included in this manual and the tools provided in the owner's tool kit are intended to assist you in the performance of preventive maintenance and minor repairs. However, additional tools such as a torque wrench may be necessary to perform certain maintenance work correctly.



1. Tool kit

ECS00781

NOTICE

Before starting the engine, make sure that the tool kit is securely fastened and that the storage pouch zipper is completely closed.

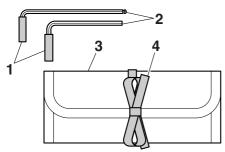
TIF

If you do not have a torque wrench available during a service operation requiring one, take your snowmobile to a Yamaha dealer to check the torque settings and adjust them if necessary.

ECS00940

NOTICE

- Be sure to slide the covers onto the short end of each hexagon wrench before placing the wrenches in the tool kit.
- Securely tie the strap around the tool kit.



- 1. Hexagon wrench cover
- 2. Hexagon wrench
- 3. Tool kit
- 4. Strap

ESU14142

Removing and installing the shroud and covers (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT)

EWS0009

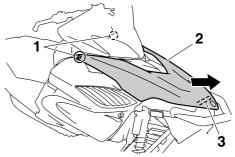
WARNING

Be sure shroud and covers are secured before operation. A loose shroud or cover could move and cause loss of control.

Shroud

To remove the shroud

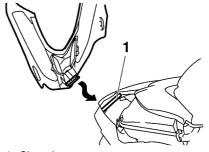
Loosen the fasteners, slowly raise the shroud, and then unhook the shroud from the shroud stay.



- 1. Fastener
- 2. Shroud
- 3. Shroud stay

To install the shroud

Hook the end of the shroud onto the shroud stay, slowly lower it to the original position, and then tighten the fasteners.

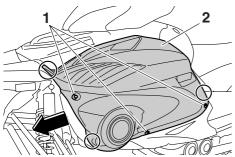


Shroud stay

Left and right side covers

To remove a side cover

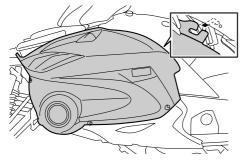
- Remove the shroud. (See the above procedure.)
- Loosen the fasteners, pull outward on the areas shown, and then slide the side cover forward to remove it.



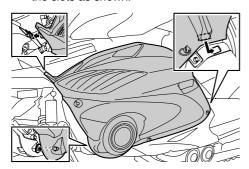
- 1. Fastener
- 2. Left side cover

To install a side cover

 Fit the projection on the rear of the side cover into the hole in the fuel tank cover.



Fit the projections on the side cover into the slots as shown.



- 3. Tighten the fasteners.
- 4. Install the shroud.

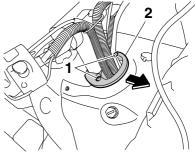
Top cover (RS90GT / RS90LTGT)

To remove the top cover

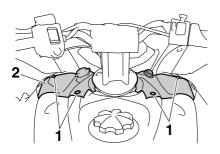
- 1. Remove the shroud and the left side cover. (See the above procedures.)
- Remove the plastic band that is holding the auxiliary DC lead, and then disconnect the auxiliary DC jack coupler.



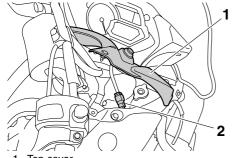
- 1. Auxiliary DC jack coupler
- 3. Remove the screws, and then remove the cable guide.



- 1. Screw
- 2. Cable guide
- 4. Loosen the quick fastener screws.



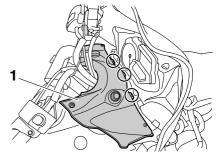
- 1. Quick fastener screw
- 2. Top cover
- Lift up the rear of the top cover, disconnect the main switch coupler, and then remove the cover.



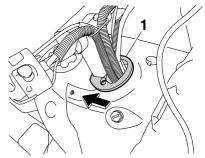
- 1. Top cover
- 2. Main switch coupler

To install the top cover

- 1. Connect the main switch coupler.
- Place the top cover in the original position, making sure to fit the projections on the cover into the slots in the headlight unit.



- 1. Top cover
- Tighten the quick fastener screws.
- Pass the brake hose, throttle cable, parking brake cable and wire harness through the cable guide, place the cable guide in the original position, and then install the screws.



- 1. Cable guide
- Connect the auxiliary DC jack coupler, and then fasten the auxiliary DC jack lead with the plastic band.
- 6. Install the left side cover and the shroud.

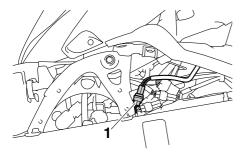
NOTICE

- Make sure that all cables, hoses and leads are routed properly before installing the shroud and covers.
- When installing the shroud and covers, be sure to tighten the fasteners securely.

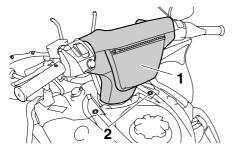
Top cover (RST90GT)

To remove the top cover

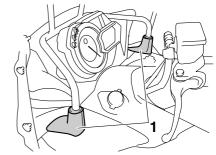
- 1. Remove the shroud and the left side cover. (See the above procedures.)
- 2. Disconnect the auxiliary DC jack coupler.



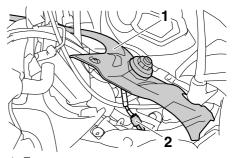
- 1. Auxiliary DC jack coupler
- Open the zippers on the left and right sides of the handlebar cover, and then remove the cover.



- 1. Handlebar cover
- 2. Quick fastener screw
- Pull the windshield stay rubber covers upward.



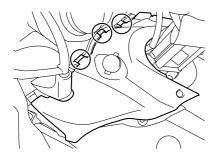
- 1. Windshield stay rubber cover
- Loosen the guick fastener screws.
- Lift up the rear of the top cover, disconnect the main switch coupler, and then remove the cover.



- 1. Top cover
- 2. Main switch coupler

To install the top cover

- 1. Connect the main switch coupler.
- Place the top cover in the original position, making sure to fit the projections on the cover into the slots in the headlight unit.



- Tighten the quick fastener screws.
- 4. Place the windshield stay rubber covers in their original position.
- 5. Install the handlebar cover.
- 6. Connect the auxiliary DC jack coupler.
- 7. Install the left side cover and the shroud.

NOTICE

- Make sure that all cables, hoses and leads are routed properly before installing the shroud and covers.
- When installing the shroud and covers, be sure to tighten the fasteners securely.

ESU13962

Opening and closing the shroud and removing and installing the right side cover (RST90)

EWS00810

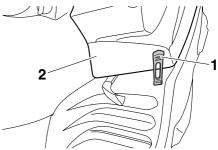
WARNING

Be sure the shroud and right side cover are secured before operation. A loose shroud or cover could move and cause loss of control.

Shroud

To open the shroud

Unhook the shroud latches, and then slowly raise the shroud forward until it stops.



- 1. Shroud latch
- 2. Shroud

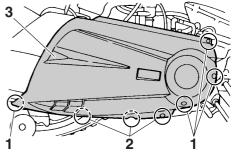
To close the shroud

Slowly lower the shroud to its original position, and then hook the shroud latches.

Right side cover

To remove the right side cover

- Open the shroud. (See the above procedure.)
- 2. Remove the screws and bolts, and then remove the right side cover.



- 1. Screw
- 2. Bolt
- 3. Right side cover

To install the right side cover

- Place the right side cover in the original position, and then tighten the bolts and screws.
- 2. Close the shroud.

ECS01040

NOTICE

- Make sure that all cables, leads, and hoses are routed properly before closing the shroud and installing the right side cover.
- When installing the right side cover, be sure to tighten the bolts and screws securely.

ESU11784

Checking the spark plugs

The spark plugs are important engine components and are easy to inspect. The condition of the spark plugs can indicate the condition of the engine.

Check the coloration on the white porcelain insulator around the center electrode. The ideal coloration at this point is a medium-to-light tan color for a snowmobile that is being ridden normally. If any spark plug shows a distinctly different color, there could be something wrong with the engine. For example, a very white center electrode porcelain color could indicate an intake track air leak or carburetion problem for that cylinder. Do not attempt to diagnose such problems yourself. Instead, take the snowmobile to a Yamaha dealer for inspection and possible repairs.

You should periodically remove and inspect the spark plugs because heat and deposits will cause any spark plug to slowly break down and erode. Consult a Yamaha dealer before changing to a different type of spark plug.

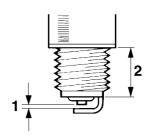
Specified spark plug: Manufacturer: NGK Model: CR8E EWS00710

⚠ WARNING

Be sure to use the specified spark plug and spark plug cap. Otherwise, the T.O.R.S. may not work properly.

Spark plugs are produced in several different thread lengths. The thread length or reach is the distance from the spark plug gasket seat to the end of the threaded portion. If the reach is too long, overheating and engine damage may result. If the reach is too short, spark plug fouling and poor performance may result. Also, if the reach is too short, carbon will form on the exposed threads resulting in combustion chamber hot spots and thread damage. Always use a spark plug with the specified reach.

Spark plug reach: 19.0 mm (0.75 in)



- 1. Spark plug gap
- 2. Spark plug reach

Before installing any spark plug, measure the spark plug gap with a wire thickness gauge and adjust to specification.

Spark plug gap: 0.7–0.8 mm (0.028–0.031 in)

When installing the spark plug, always clean the gasket surface. Wipe off any grime from the threads and tighten the spark plug to the specified torque.

Spark plug tightening torque: 13 Nm (1.3 m·kgf, 9.4 ft·lbf)

ECS00382

NOTICE

Make sure that the spark plug caps are securely installed. Otherwise the spark plug caps could be damaged due to engine vibration.

ESU11795

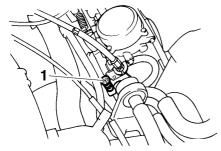
Adjusting the engine idling speed (RST90)

- Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.
- Start the engine and warm it up.

TIP

Refer to the "Starting the engine" section on page 48.

- 3. Open the shroud.
- 4. Turn the throttle stop screw in or out to adjust the engine idling speed.



1. Throttle stop screw

Standard engine idling speed: 1300–1500 r/min

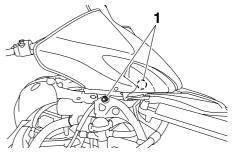
5. Close the shroud.

SU14071

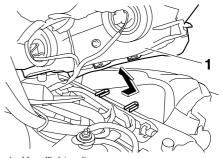
Adjusting the throttle lever free play

RS90GT / RS90LTGT

- 1. Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.
- Remove the shroud, the left and right side covers, and the top cover. (See page 63 for removal procedures.)
- 3. Remove the headlight unit bolt on each side of the snowmobile.

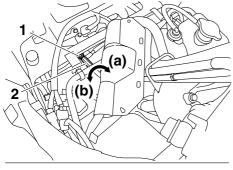


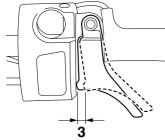
- 1. Headlight unit bolt
- Unhook the headlight unit as shown, then lift it up and move it forward, away from the handlebar. NOTICE: Be careful not to scratch the snowmobile when moving the headlight unit. [ECS00920]



- 1. Headlight unit
- Loosen the locknut.

 To increase the throttle lever free play, turn the adjusting bolt in direction (a). To decrease the throttle lever free play, turn the adjusting bolt in direction (b).

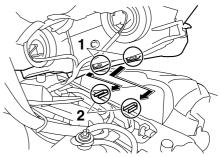




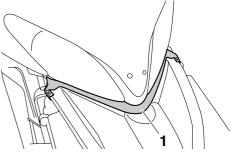
- 1. Locknut
- 2. Throttle lever free play adjusting bolt
- 3. Throttle lever free play

Throttle lever free play: 2.0–3.0 mm (0.08–0.12 in)

- 7. Tighten the locknut.
- 8. Install the headlight unit, making sure to fit the slots on its bottom onto the projections on its stay.



- 1. Slot
- 2. Projection
- Fit the weatherstrip on the headlight unit into the recess in the top of the air filter case cover.



- 1. Weatherstrip
- 10. Install the headlight unit bolts, and then tighten them to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: Headlight unit bolt: 3.0 Nm (0.30 m·kgf, 2.2 ft·lbf)

11. Install the top cover, the left and right side covers, and the shroud.

RST90

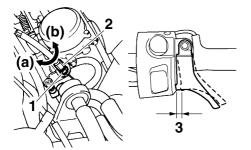
ECS00410

NOTICE

Be sure to adjust the engine idling speed first.

- 1. Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.
- 2. Open the shroud.

- Loosen the locknut.
- To increase the throttle lever free play, turn the adjusting bolt in direction (a). To decrease the throttle lever free play, turn the adjusting bolt in direction (b).



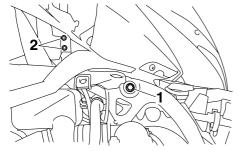
- 1. Locknut
- 2. Throttle lever free play adjusting bolt
- 3. Throttle lever free play

Throttle lever free play: 2.0–3.0 mm (0.08–0.12 in)

- 5. Tighten the locknut.
- 6. Close the shroud.

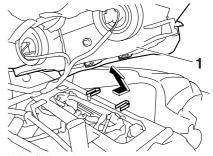
RST90GT

- 1. Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.
- Remove the shroud and the top cover. (See page 63 for removal procedures.)
- 3. Remove the headlight unit bolt and the windshield stay bolts on each side of the snowmobile.

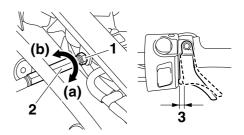


- 1. Headlight unit bolt
- 2. Windshield stay bolt

 Unhook the headlight unit as shown, then lift it up and move it forward, away from the handlebar. NOTICE: Be careful not to scratch the snowmobile when moving the headlight unit. [ECS00920]



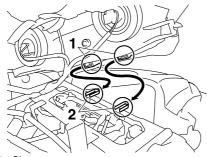
- Headlight unit
- 5. Loosen the locknut.
- 6. To increase the throttle lever free play, turn the adjusting bolt in direction (a). To decrease the throttle lever free play, turn the adjusting bolt in direction (b).



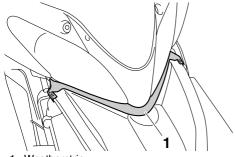
- 1. Locknut
- 2. Throttle lever free play adjusting bolt
- 3. Throttle lever free play

Throttle lever free play: 2.0–3.0 mm (0.08–0.12 in)

- 7. Tighten the locknut.
- Install the headlight unit, making sure to fit the slots on its bottom onto the projections on its stay.



- 1. Slot
- 2. Projection
- Fit the weatherstrip on the headlight unit into the recess in the top of the air filter case cover.



- 1. Weatherstrip
- Install the headlight unit bolts and windshield stay bolts, and then tighten them to their specified torques.

Tightening torques:
Headlight unit bolt:
3.0 Nm (0.30 m·kgf, 2.2 ft·lbf)
Windshield stay bolt:
14 Nm (1.4 m·kgf, 10 ft·lbf)

11. Install the top cover and the shroud.

FSU1186

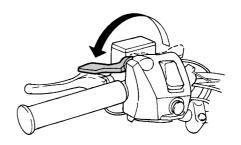
Checking the throttle override system (T.O.R.S.)

EWS00352

↑ WARNING

When checking the T.O.R.S., take precautions to avoid snowmobile movement which could cause an accident:

- Make sure that the throttle lever moves smoothly with the engine off before checking the T.O.R.S.
- Make sure that the parking brake is applied.
- Do not rev the engine to the point that the clutch engages.



Check the T.O.R.S. for proper operation.

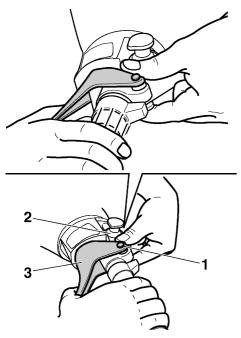
1. Start the engine.

TIP

Refer to the "Starting the engine" section on page 48.

 Hold the pivot point of the throttle lever away from the throttle switch by putting your thumb (above) and forefinger (below) between the throttle lever pivot and the engine stop switch housing.

While holding the pivot point as described above, squeeze the throttle lever gradually.



- 1. Throttle lever pivot
- 2. Engine stop switch housing
- 3. Throttle lever

The T.O.R.S. will be activated and the engine speed will be limited to less than the clutch engagement speed. (See page 122 for the clutch engagement speed.) WARNING! If the engine speed does not decrease to less than the clutch engagement speed, stop the engine by turning the main switch to the off position and consult a Yamaha dealer. Operating the snowmobile with a malfunctioning T.O.R.S. could result in loss of control. IEWS003621

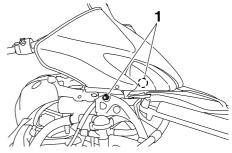
ESU14081

Checking the air filter

Check that there is no snow under the air filter element frame after each ride. In addition, snow may need to be cleaned during a ride depending on the riding conditions.

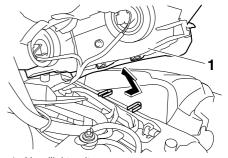
RS90GT / RS90LTGT

- Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.
- Remove the shroud, the left and right side covers, and the top cover. (See page 63 for removal procedures.)
- 3. Remove the headlight unit bolt on each side of the snowmobile.

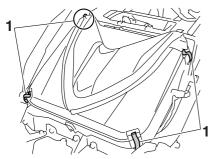


- 1. Headlight unit bolt
- 4. Unhook the headlight unit as shown, then lift it up and move it rearward, away from the air filter case cover. NOTICE: Be careful not to scratch the snowmobile when moving the headlight unit.

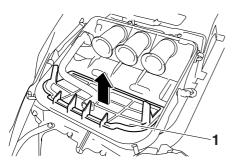
[ECS00920]



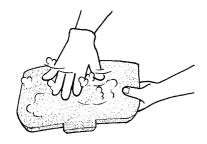
- 1. Headlight unit
- 5. Remove the air filter case cover by unhooking the fasteners.



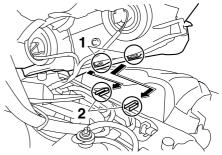
- 1. Air filter case cover fastener
- Lift up the air filter element frame and check the air filter element. If there is any snow on the air filter element, remove the element, brush off the snow, and then install the air filter element.



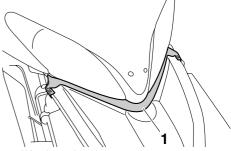
1. Air filter element frame



Place the air filter element frame in the original position, and then install the air filter case cover by hooking the fasteners. 8. Install the headlight unit, making sure to fit the slots on its bottom onto the projections on its stay.



- 1. Slot
- 2. Projection
- Fit the weatherstrip on the headlight unit into the recess in the top of the air filter case cover.



- 1. Weatherstrip
- 10. Install the headlight unit bolts, and then tighten them to the specified torque.

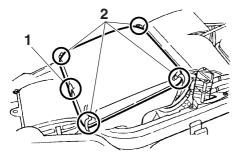
Tightening torque: Headlight unit bolt: 3.0 Nm (0.30 m·kgf, 2.2 ft·lbf)

11. Install the top cover, the left and right side covers, and the shroud.

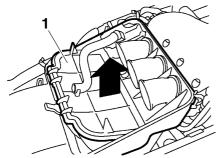
RST90

- 1. Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.
- 2. Open the shroud.

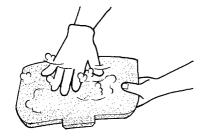
Remove the air filter case cover by unhooking the case fastener and the case cover fasteners.



- 1. Air filter case fastener
- 2. Air filter case cover fastener
- 4. Lift up the air filter element frame and check the air filter element. If there is any snow on the air filter element, remove the element, brush off the snow, and then install the air filter element.



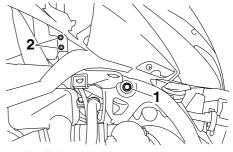
1. Air filter element frame



- 5. Place the air filter element frame in the original position.
- Install the air filter case cover and attach the air filter case by hooking all the fasteners.
- 7. Close the shroud.

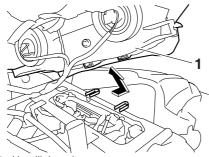
RST90GT

- 1. Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.
- Remove the shroud and the top cover. (See page 63 for removal procedures.)
- Remove the headlight unit bolt and the windshield stay bolts on each side of the snowmobile.

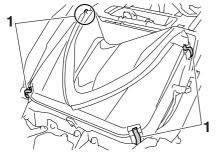


- 1. Headlight unit bolt
- 2. Windshield stay bolt
- 4. Unhook the headlight unit as shown, then lift it up and move it rearward, away from the air filter case cover. NOTICE: Be careful not to scratch the snowmobile when moving the headlight unit.

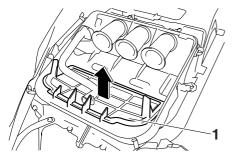
[ECS00920]



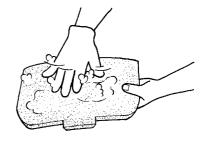
- 1. Headlight unit
- Remove the air filter case cover by unhooking the fasteners.



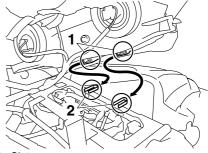
- 1. Air filter case cover fastener
- Lift up the air filter element frame and check the air filter element. If there is any snow on the air filter element, remove the element, brush off the snow, and then install the air filter element.



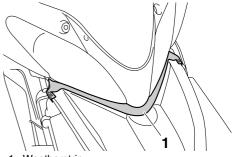
1. Air filter element frame



- Place the air filter element frame in the original position, and then install the air filter case cover by hooking the fasteners.
- Install the headlight unit, making sure to fit the slots on its bottom onto the projections on its stay.



- 1. Slot
- 2. Projection
- Fit the weatherstrip on the headlight unit into the recess in the top of the air filter case cover.



1. Weatherstrip

 Install the headlight unit bolts and windshield stay bolts, and then tighten them to their specified torques.

Tightening torques:
Headlight unit bolt:
3.0 Nm (0.30 m·kgf, 2.2 ft·lbf)
Windshield stay bolt:
14 Nm (1.4 m·kgf, 10 ft·lbf)

11. Install the top cover and the shroud.

Carburetors (RST90)

The carburetors are an important part of the engine and its emission control system, which require very sophisticated adjustment. Therefore, carburetor adjustments should be left to a Yamaha dealer, who has the necessary professional knowledge and experience.

ESU13980

High-altitude settings

Operating at high altitude reduces the performance of a gasoline engine about 3% for every 305 m (1000 ft) of elevation. This is because there is less air as altitude increases. Less air means less oxygen available for combustion.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT: Your snowmobile utilizes an electronic fuel injection system that delivers the optimal air/fuel ratio required by the engine. Therefore, the fuel injection system does not need to be adjusted, even for operation at high altitude.

RST90: Your snowmobile can be adjusted to overcome most of the problems found in high-altitude riding. Carburetor adjustments are the most important. Less air at high altitude makes the air/fuel ratio too rich, which can cause poor performance. Common problems are hard starting, bogging, and plug fouling. Proper carburetion adjustments will correct the air/fuel ratio. Be sure to have a Yamaha dealer make these adjustments.

Remember:

Less air at higher altitude means there is less horsepower available, even with the optimal air/fuel ratio. Expect acceleration and top speed to be reduced at higher altitudes.

To overcome operating with less power at high altitudes, your snowmobile may also require different settings for the drive chain gears and V-belt clutch to avoid poor performance and rapid wear. If you plan to operate your snowmobile at an altitude different from the area where you bought it, be sure to consult a Yamaha dealer. The dealer can tell you if there are any changes necessary for the altitude where you plan to ride. *NOTICE:* The drive chain gears and V-belt clutch should be adjusted when operating above a high altitude of 900 m (3000 ft). Consult a Yamaha dealer. [ECSO0431]

ESU11950

Valve clearance

The valve clearance changes with use, resulting in improper air-fuel mixture and/or engine noise. To prevent this from occurring, the valve clearance must be adjusted by a Yamaha dealer at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance chart.

ESU13793

Engine oil and oil filter cartridge

The engine oil level should be checked before each use. In addition, the oil must be changed and the oil filter cartridge replaced at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

WARNING

Engine oil is extremely hot immediately after the engine is turned off. Coming into contact with or getting any engine oil on your clothes could result in burns.

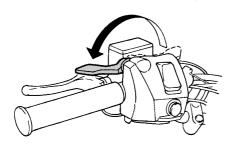
ECS00482

NOTICE

- Do not run the engine with too much or not enough oil in the oil tank. Oil could spray out or the engine could be damaged.
- Be sure to change the engine oil after the first 800 km (500 mi) of operation, and every 4000 km (2500 mi) thereafter or at the start of a new season, otherwise the engine will wear quickly.
- The oil filter cartridge should be replaced after the first 800 km (500 mi) of operation, and every 20000 km (12000 mi) of operation thereafter.

To check the engine oil level

 Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.



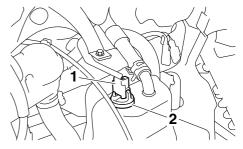
Start the engine, warm it up for 10–15 minutes, and then turn it off.

TIP

- The engine can also be warmed up by driving the snowmobile for 10–15 minutes.
- After operating the snowmobile, allow the engine to idle for at least 10 seconds before turning it off.
- Remove the shroud and the right side cover (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or open the shroud (RST90).

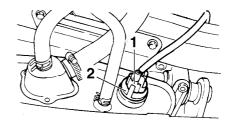
- [See page 63 (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT) or page 67 (RST90) for the procedures.]
- Disconnect the oil level gauge coupler. NOTICE: Disconnect the oil level gauge coupler before removing the oil filler cap, otherwise the cable could twist and break. [ECS00452]

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT

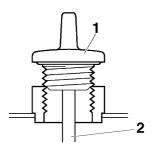


- 1. Oil level gauge coupler
- 2. Oil filler cap

RST90



- 1. Oil level gauge coupler
- 2. Oil filler cap
- Remove the oil filler cap, wipe the dipstick clean, insert it back into the oil filler hole (without screwing it in), and then remove it again to check the oil level.

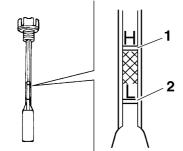


- 1. Oil filler cap
- 2. Dipstick

TIP

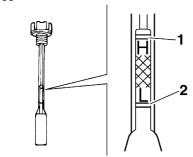
The engine oil should be between the "H" and "L" level marks on the dipstick.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



- 1. "H" level mark
- 2. "L" level mark

RST90



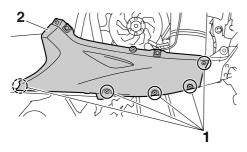
- 1. "H" level mark
- 2. "L" level mark

- 6. If the engine oil is below the "L" level mark, add sufficient oil of the recommended type to raise it to the "H" level mark. (See page 122 for the recommended oil.) NOTICE: When adding the engine oil, be careful not to fill above the "H" level mark on the dipstick. Use only the recommended oil. (See page 122.) Make sure that no foreign material enters the engine oil tank. [ECS00462]
- 7. Insert the dipstick into the oil filler hole, and then tighten the oil filler cap.
- 8. Connect the oil level gauge coupler.
- Install the right side cover and the shroud (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or close the shroud (RST90).

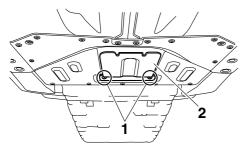
To change the engine oil (with or without oil filter cartridge replacement)

- 1. Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.
- 2. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
- Remove the shroud, the right side cover, and the top cover (RS90GT/ RS90LTGT/ RST90GT), or open the shroud and remove the right side cover (RST90). [See page 63 (RS90GT/ RS90LTGT/ RST90GT) or page 67 (RST90) for the procedures.]
- Remove the screws, and then pull the right lower cover outward to remove it. (RS90GT/RS90LTGT/RST90GT)

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT

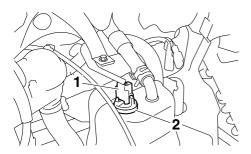


- 1. Screw
- 2. Right lower cover
- Remove the bottom panel by removing the bolts.



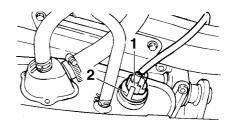
- 1. Bolt
- 2. Bottom panel
- Place an oil pan under the oil tank to collect the used oil.
- 7. Disconnect the oil level gauge coupler.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



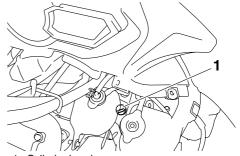
- 1. Oil level gauge coupler
- 2. Oil filler cap

RST90



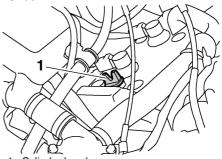
- 1. Oil level gauge coupler
- 2. Oil filler cap
- Remove the oil filler cap and the cylinder head cap, and then remove the engine oil drain bolt and its gasket to drain the oil from the oil tank.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT



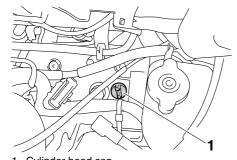
1. Cylinder head cap

RST90



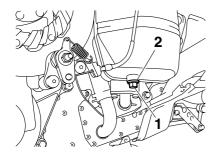
1. Cylinder head cap

RST90GT



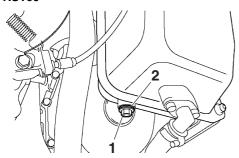
1. Cylinder head cap

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT

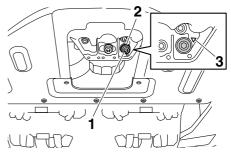


- 1. Engine oil drain bolt (oil tank)
- 2. Gasket

RST90



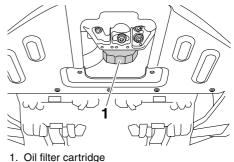
- 1. Engine oil drain bolt (oil tank)
- 2. Gasket
- Place an oil pan under the engine to collect the used oil.
- 10. Remove the engine oil drain bolt and its gasket to drain the oil from the crankcase.



- 1. Engine oil drain bolt (crankcase)
- 2. Gasket
- 3. " ▽ " mark

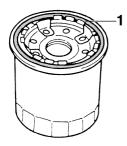
TIP

- A " ▽ " mark is stamped on the crankcase near the engine oil drain bolt for easy identification.
- · Dispose of used oil according to local regulations.
- Skip steps 11-13 if the oil filter cartridge is not being replaced.
- 11. Remove the oil filter cartridge with an oil filter wrench.



An oil filter wrench is available at a Yamaha dealer.

12. Apply a thin coat of engine oil to the Oring of the new oil filter cartridge.



1. O-ring

TIP

Make sure that the O-ring is properly seated.

 Install the new oil filter cartridge with an oil filter wrench, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

Tightening torque:
Oil filter cartridge:
17 Nm (1.7 m·kgf, 12 ft·lbf)

14. Install the engine oil drain bolts and their new gasket, and then tighten the bolts to the specified torques.

Tightening torques:
Engine oil drain bolt (crankcase):

10 Nm (1.0 m·kgf, 7.2 ft·lbf)
Engine oil drain bolt (oil tank):
16 Nm (1.6 m·kgf, 12 ft·lbf)

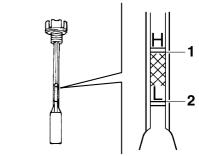
 Add 2.0 L (2.11 US qt, 1.76 Imp.qt) of the recommended engine oil to the oil tank, and then install and tighten the oil filler cap and the cylinder head cap.

Recommended engine oil: See page 122.

- 16. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
- 17. Remove the oil filler cap, and then add sufficient oil of the recommended type to raise it to the "H" level mark on the dip-

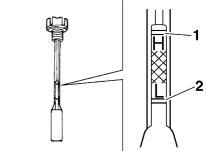
stick. *NOTICE:* When adding the engine oil, be careful not to fill above the "H" level mark on the dipstick. Use only the recommended oil. (See page 122.) Make sure that no foreign material enters the engine oil tank. [ECS00462]

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



- 1. "H" level mark
- 2. "L" level mark

RST90



- 1. "H" level mark
- 2. "L" level mark

Recommended engine oil: See page 122. Oil quantity: With oil filter cartridge replacement: RS90GT 3.3 L (3.49 US qt, 2.90 Imp.qt) RS90LTGT 3.3 L (3.49 US qt, 2.90 Imp.gt) RST90 3.0 L (3.17 US qt, 2.64 Imp.at) RST90GT 3.3 L (3.49 US qt, 2.90 Imp.at) Without oil filter cartridge replace-RS90GT 3.1 L (3.28 US qt, 2.73 Imp.qt) RS90LTGT 3.1 L (3.28 US qt, 2.73 Imp.qt) RST90 2.8 L (2.96 US qt, 2.46 Imp.gt) RST90GT 3.1 L (3.28 US qt, 2.73 Imp.qt) Total amount: RS90GT 4.0 L (4.23 US qt, 3.52 Imp.qt) RS90LTGT 4.0 L (4.23 US qt, 3.52 Imp.qt) RST90 3.7 L (3.91 US qt, 3.26 Imp.qt) RST90GT 4.0 L (4.23 US qt, 3.52 Imp.qt)

- 18. Install and tighten the oil filler cap.
- 19. Start the engine, and then let it idle for several minutes while checking it for oil leakage. If oil is leaking, immediately turn the engine off and make sure that the engine oil drain bolts, the cylinder head cap, and the oil filler cap are installed correctly.
- 20. Turn the engine off, and then connect the oil level gauge coupler. NOTICE: If oil is leaking or the oil level warning indicator comes on when the engine is running, immediately turn the engine off and have a Yamaha dealer check the snowmobile. Continuing to operate

the engine under such conditions could cause severe engine damage.

[ECS00471]

- Place the bottom panel in the original position, and then install the bolts.
- Place the right lower cover in the original position, and then install the screws. (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT)

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



- 1. Right lower cover
- Install the top cover, the right side cover, and the shroud (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or install the right side cover and close the shroud (RST90).

FSU14202

Cooling system

The coolant level should be checked before each ride. In addition, the cooling system must be bled at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

WS00380

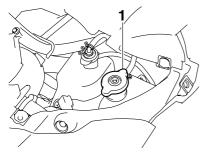
WARNING

Do not remove the coolant reservoir cap when the engine is hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury.

When the engine has cooled, place a thick rag or towel over the coolant reservoir cap, and slowly rotate the cap counter-clockwise to the detent. This procedure allows any residual pressure to escape.

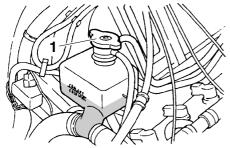
When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning counterclockwise and remove it.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT



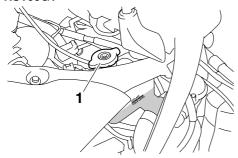
1. Coolant reservoir cap

RST90



1. Coolant reservoir cap

RST90GT



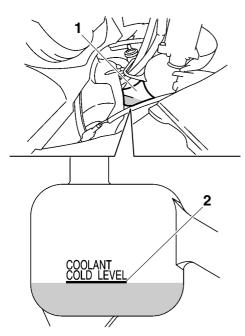
1. Coolant reservoir cap

RS90GT / RS90LTGT

To check the coolant level

 Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.

- Remove the top cover. (See page 63 for removal procedures.)
 - Check the coolant level in the coolant recovery tank when the engine is cold. If the coolant level is below the "COLD LEVEL" mark, add coolant until it reaches the "COLD LEVEL" mark. (See the following section "Replenishing the coolant" for more details.) NOTICE: If coolant is not available, use distilled water or soft tap water instead. Do not use hard water or salt water since it is harmful to the engine. If water has been used instead of coolant, replace it with coolant as soon as possible, otherwise the cooling system will not be protected against frost and corrosion. If water has been added to the coolant, have a Yamaha dealer check the antifreeze content of the coolant as soon as possible, otherwise the effectiveness of the coolant will be reduced. [ECS00492]



- 1. Coolant recovery tank
- 2. "COLD LEVEL" mark
- Install the top cover.

Bleeding the cooling system

The cooling system must be bled if the coolant reservoir becomes empty, if air can be seen in the cooling system, or if there is a cooling system leak. Consult a Yamaha dealer.

ECS00500

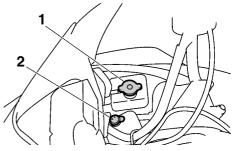
NOTICE

Operating the engine with an improperly bled cooling system can cause overheating and severe engine damage.

Replenishing the coolant

- Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.
- 2. Remove the top cover. (See page 63 for removal procedures.)

Remove the coolant reservoir cap, fill the reservoir with the recommended coolant, and then install the cap.



- 1. Coolant reservoir cap
- 2. Coolant recovery tank cap
- Remove the coolant recovery tank cap, add the recommended coolant until it reaches the "COLD LEVEL" mark, and then install the cap.



Recommended antifreeze:

High-quality ethylene glycol antifreeze containing corrosion inhibitors

Antifreeze and water mixing ratio:

3:2

Total amount:

RS90GT 5.60 L (5.92 US qt,

4.93 Imp.qt)

RS90LTGT 6.10 L (6.45 US qt,

5.37 Imp.qt)

- Start the engine, allow it to idle for several minutes, and then turn it off.
- 6. Check for any coolant leakage. If coolant is leaking, check for the cause.

TIP ____

If you find any leaks, consult a Yamaha dealer.

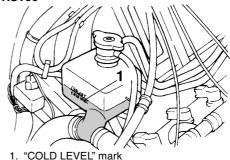
- Check the coolant level in the coolant reservoir. If it is not full, remove the coolant reservoir cap, fill the reservoir with the recommended coolant, and then install the cap.
- 8. Install the top cover.

RST90 / RST90GT

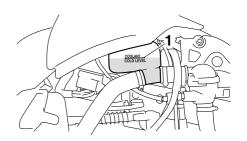
To check the coolant level

- 1. Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.
- Remove the shroud and the right side cover (RST90GT), or open the shroud (RST90). [See page 63 (RST90GT) or page 67 (RST90) for the procedures.]
- Check the coolant level in the coolant reservoir when the engine is cold. If the coolant level is below the "COLD LEVEL" mark, add coolant until it reaches the "COLD LEVEL" mark. (See the following section "Replenishing the coolant" for more details.) NOTICE: If coolant is not available, use distilled water or soft tap water instead. Do not use hard water or salt water since it is harmful to the engine. If water has been used instead of coolant, replace it with coolant as soon as possible, otherwise the cooling system will not be protected against frost and corrosion. If water has been added to the coolant, have a Yamaha dealer check the antifreeze content of the coolant as soon as possible, otherwise the effectiveness of the coolant will be reduced. [ECS00492]

RST90



RST90GT



- 1. "COLD LEVEL" mark
- Install the right side cover and the shroud (RST90GT), or close the shroud (RST90).

Bleeding the cooling system

The cooling system must be bled if the coolant reservoir becomes empty, if air can be seen in the coolant reservoir, or if there is a cooling system leak. Consult a Yamaha dealer.

ECS00500

NOTICE

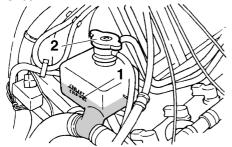
Operating the engine with an improperly bled cooling system can cause overheating and severe engine damage.

Replenishing the coolant

 Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.

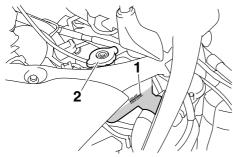
- Remove the shroud, the right side cover, and the top cover (RST90GT), or open the shroud (RST90). [See page 63 (RST90GT) or page 67 (RST90) for the procedures.]
- Remove the coolant reservoir cap and add coolant until it reaches the "COLD LEVEL" mark.

RST90



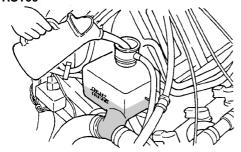
- 1. "COLD LEVEL" mark
- 2. Coolant reservoir cap

RST90GT

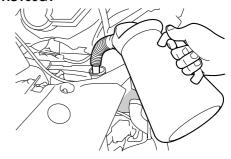


- 1. "COLD LEVEL" mark
- 2. Coolant reservoir cap

RST90



RST90GT



Recommended antifreeze:

High-quality ethylene glycol antifreeze containing corrosion inhibitors
Antifreeze and water mixing ratio:

Total amount:

3:2

RST90 5.40 L (5.71 US qt,

4.75 Imp.qt)

RST90GT 5.40 L (5.71 US qt,

4.75 Imp.qt)

- Start the engine and add coolant until the coolant level stabilizes, and then stop the engine.
- 5. Check for any coolant leakage. If coolant is leaking, check for the cause.

TIP

If you find any leaks, consult a Yamaha dealer.

- Fill the coolant reservoir with coolant until it reaches the "COLD LEVEL" mark.
- 7. Install the coolant reservoir cap.
- Install the top cover, the right side cover, and the shroud (RST90GT), or close the shroud (RST90).

ESU13912

V-belt

EWS00402

WARNING

- Coming in contact with the rotating Vbelt or clutch parts can cause severe injury or death. Never run the engine with the drive guard removed.
- Make sure that the drive guard is installed securely before operating the snowmobile to protect against severe injury or death from a broken V-belt or other part should it come off the snowmobile while it is in operation.

ECS00830

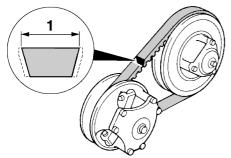
NOTICE

Never run the engine with the V-belt removed. Clutch components can be damaged.

The V-belt should be checked before each ride.

To check the V-belt

- Remove the shroud and the left side cover (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or open the shroud (RST90), and then remove the drive guard. (See page 27 for drive guard removal procedures.)
- 2. Check the V-belt for wear and damage. Replace if necessary.



1. V-belt wear limit

New V-belt width:

34.5 mm (1.36 in)

V-belt wear limit width:

32.5 mm (1.28 in)

 Install the drive guard, and then install the left side cover and the shroud (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or close the shroud (RST90).

To replace and adjust the V-belt EWS00411

WARNING

When installing a new V-belt, make sure that it is positioned properly. Otherwise, the V-belt clutch engagement speed will be changed and the snowmobile may move unexpectedly when the engine is started, which could cause an accident.

ECS00511

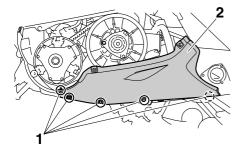
NOTICE

As the V-belt wears, the position of the V-belt will change. If the V-belt position is out of specification, it must be adjusted to ensure proper clutch performance.

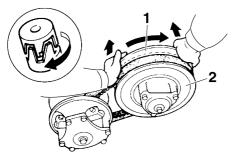
Have a Yamaha dealer make this adjustment.

- 1. Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.
- Remove the shroud and the left side cover (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or open the shroud (RST90), and then remove the drive guard. (See page 27 for drive guard removal procedures.)
- Remove the screws, and then pull the left lower cover outward to remove it (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT).

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



- 1. Screw
- 2. Left lower cover
- Rotate the secondary sliding sheave clockwise and push it so that it separates from the secondary fixed sheave.

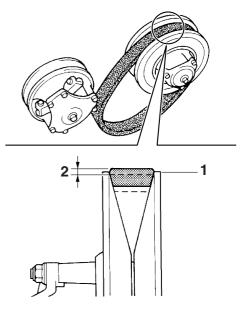


- 1. Secondary sliding sheave
- 2. Secondary fixed sheave
- Pull the V-belt up over the secondary fixed sheave.



1. V-belt

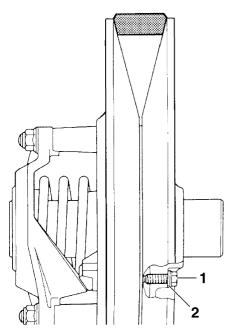
- Remove the V-belt from the secondary sheave assembly and primary sheave assembly.
- Temporarily install the new V-belt on the secondary sheave assembly only, and then measure the V-belt position. Do not force the V-belt between the sheaves; the secondary sliding and fixed sheaves must touch each other.



- 1. Edge of the secondary sheave assembly
- 2. Standard V-belt position

Standard V-belt position:
From 1.5 mm (0.06 in) above the edge of the secondary sheave assembly to 0.5 mm (0.02 in) below the edge

 If the V-belt position is incorrect, adjust it by removing or adding a spacer on each V-belt position adjusting bolt.



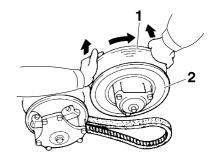
- 1. V-belt position adjusting bolt
- 2. Spacer

V-belt position	Adjustment
More than 1.5 mm (0.06 in) above the edge	Remove a spacer.
From 1.5 mm (0.06 in) above the edge to 0.5 mm (0.02 in) below the edge	Not necessary (it is correct).
More than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) below the edge	Add a spacer.

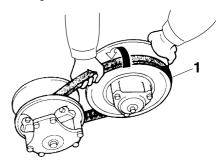
Tighten the V-belt position adjusting bolts.

V-belt position adjusting bolt tightening torque: 10 Nm (1.0 m·kgf, 7.2 ft·lbf)

 Install the V-belt over the primary sheave assembly. 11. Rotate the secondary sliding sheave clockwise and push it so that it separates from the secondary fixed sheave.

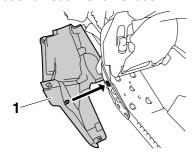


- 1. Secondary sliding sheave
- 2. Secondary fixed sheave
- 12. Install the V-belt between the secondary sliding and fixed sheaves.



- V-belt
- Place the left lower cover in the original position, and then install the screws (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT).

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



- 1. Left lower cover
- Install the drive guard, and then install the left side cover and the shroud (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or close the shroud (RST90).

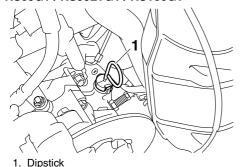
ESU13922

Drive chain housing To check the drive chain housing oil

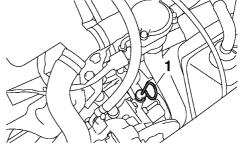
level

- Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.
- Remove the shroud and the right side cover (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or open the shroud (RST90). [See page 63 (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT) or page 67 (RST90) for the procedures.]
- Remove the dipstick, wipe it off with a clean rag, and then insert it back into the filler hole.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



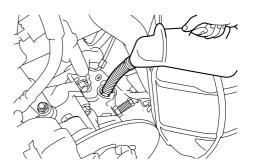
RST90



- 1. Dipstick
- 4. Remove the dipstick and check that the oil is between the maximum and minimum level marks on the "REVERSE" side of the dipstick. If the oil is below the minimum level mark, add sufficient oil of the recommended type to raise it to the maximum level mark. NOTICE: Make sure that no foreign material enters the drive chain housing. [ECS00531]

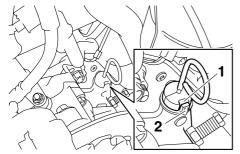


- 1. Maximum level mark
- 2. Minimum level mark



Recommended drive chain oil: SAE 75W or 80W API GL-3 Gear oil

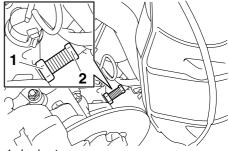
Install the dipstick, making sure to align the notch in the dipstick handle with the projection on the drive chain housing.



- 1. Notch
- 2. Projection
- Install the right side cover and the shroud (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or close the shroud (RST90).

To adjust the chain tension

- Remove the shroud and the right side cover (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or open the shroud (RST90). [See page 63 (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT) or page 67 (RST90) for the procedures.]
- 2. Loosen the locknut.
- Turn the chain tension adjusting bolt clockwise until it is finger tight, and then loosen it 1/4 turn.



- 1. Locknut
- 2. Chain tension adjusting bolt
- While holding the chain tension adjusting bolt with a wrench, tighten the locknut to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: Locknut: 25 Nm (2.5 m·kgf, 18 ft·lbf)

 Install the right side cover and the shroud (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or close the shroud (RST90).

ESU13932

Brake and parking brake

WS00440

↑ WARNING

- A soft, spongy feeling in the brake lever indicates a failure in the brake system.
- Do not operate the snowmobile if you find any problems in the brake system.
 You could lose braking ability, which could lead to an accident. Ask a Yamaha dealer to inspect and repair the brake system.

FCS00060

NOTICE

Make sure that the brake lever end does not project out over the handlebar end. This will help prevent brake lever damage when the snowmobile is placed on its side for service.

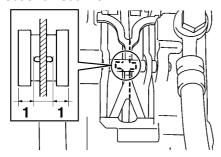
Test the brake at a low speed when starting out to make sure that it is working properly. If the brake does not provide proper braking performance, inspect the brake for wear or brake fluid leakage. (See the following section for more details.)

Checking the brake pads

Check the brake pads for wear according to the following procedure.

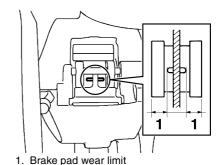
- 1. Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake.
- Remove the shroud and the right side cover (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or open the shroud (RST90). [See page 63 (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT) or page 67 (RST90) for the procedures.]
- Check the brake pads for wear.If the brake pads reach the wear limit, ask a Yamaha dealer to replace them.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT



1. Brake pad wear limit

RST90 / RST90GT



Brake pad wear limit: RS90GT 4.7 mm (0.19 in) RS90LTGT 4.7 mm (0.19 in) RST90 7.5 mm (0.30 in)

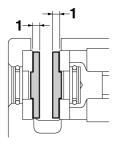
RST90GT 7.5 mm (0.30 in)

 Install the right side cover and the shroud (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or close the shroud (RST90).

Checking the parking brake pads

Check the parking brake pads for wear according to the following procedure.

- Remove the shroud and the right side cover (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or open the shroud (RST90). [See page 63 (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT) or page 67 (RST90) for the procedures.]
- Check the parking brake pads for wear by measuring the thickness of the pads. If the parking brake pads reach the wear limit, ask a Yamaha dealer to replace them.



1. Parking brake pad wear limit

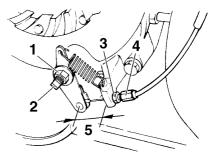
Parking brake pad wear limit: 1.2 mm (0.047 in)

 Install the right side cover and the shroud (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or close the shroud (RST90).

To adjust the parking brake

As the parking brake pads wear, adjustment may be necessary to ensure proper brake performance.

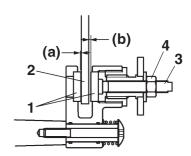
- Remove the shroud and the right side cover (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or open the shroud (RST90). [See page 63 (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT) or page 67 (RST90) for the procedures.]
- Loosen the parking brake pad adjusting bolt locknut and the parking brake pad adjusting bolt.
- 3. Loosen the parking brake cable locknut.
- 4. Turn the parking brake cable adjusting bolt in or out to adjust the cable length.



- 1. Parking brake pad adjusting bolt locknut
- 2. Parking brake pad adjusting bolt
- 3. Parking brake cable locknut
- 4. Parking brake cable adjusting bolt
- 5. Parking brake cable length

Parking brake cable length: 43.5–46.5 mm (1.713–1.831 in)

- 5. Tighten the parking brake cable locknut.
- Turn the parking brake pad adjusting bolt in or out to adjust the clearance between the parking brake pads and the brake disc.



- 1. Parking brake pad
- 2. Brake disc
- 3. Parking brake pad adjusting bolt
- 4. Parking brake pad adjusting bolt locknut

Parking brake pad to brake disc clearance (a) + (b):

1.5-2.0 mm (0.059-0.079 in)

7. Tighten the parking brake pad adjusting bolt locknut.

 Install the right side cover and the shroud (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or close the shroud (RST90).

Checking the brake fluid level

EWS00460



Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.

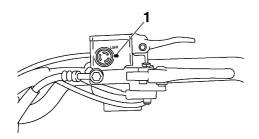
If the brake fluid level goes down, consult a Yamaha dealer.

ECS00550

NOTICE

Brake fluid may deteriorate painted surfaces or plastic parts. Never spill any fluid. If any is spilled, clean it up immediately.

Place the snowmobile on a level surface and apply the parking brake. Check that the brake fluid is above the lower level and replenish when necessary.



1. Lower level

Specified brake fluid: DOT 4

Changing the brake fluid

EWS00471



Make sure that the brake fluid and the following parts are replaced by a Yamaha dealer. Brake fluid replacement is necessary when the following components are replaced during the periodic maintenance or if they are damaged or leaking.

- All oil seals of the master cylinder and caliper cylinder
- The brake hose

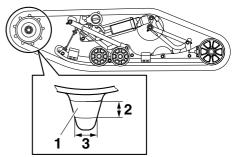
FSU13612

Extrovert drive sprocket (RS90GT / RS90LTGT)

Check the extrovert drive sprocket for wear and damage. Replace if necessary.

To measure the drive sprocket wear

- 1. Measure 20 mm (0.79 in) up from the bottom of a drive sprocket tooth.
- Measure the drive sprocket tooth width at the height measured in step 1. If the tooth width is less than 13 mm (0.51 in), replace the drive sprocket.

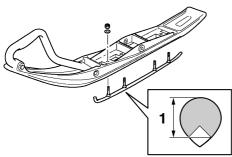


- 1. Drive sprocket tooth
- 2. Measuring point height: 20 mm (0.79 in)
- 3. Drive sprocket tooth width

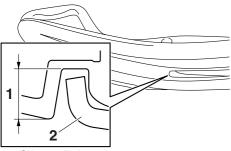
ESU12144

Skis and ski runners

Check the skis and ski runners for wear and damage. Replace if necessary.



1. Ski runner wear limit



- 1. Ski wear limit
- 2. Ski runner

Ski runner wear limit:

RS90GT 6.0 mm (0.24 in)

RS90LTGT 6.0 mm (0.24 in) RST90 8.0 mm (0.31 in)

RST90GT 8.0 mm (0.31 in)

Ski wear limit:

RS90GT 12 mm (0.5 in)

RS90LTGT 12 mm (0.5 in)

RST90 24 mm (0.9 in)

RST90GT 12 mm (0.5 in)

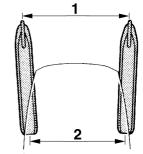
ECS00560

NOTICE

Avoid scratching the skis when loading and unloading the snowmobile, when riding in areas with little or no snow, or on sharp edges such as concrete, curbs, etc. This will wear or damage the skis.

To align the skis

- Turn the handlebar so the skis face straight ahead.
- Check the following for ski alignment:
 - Skis are facing forward.
 - Ski toe-out (distance A distance B) is within specification.



- 1. Distance A
- 2. Distance B

Ski toe-out (distance A – distance B): 0.0–15.0 mm (0.00–0.59 in)

TIP

Move the front tip of each ski fully inward before measuring or aligning.

If the alignment is not correct, consult a Yamaha dealer.

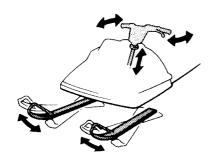
ESU12164

Steering system

Check the handlebar for excessive free play.

To check the handlebar

- Push the handlebar up and down and back and forth.
- Turn the handlebar slightly to the right and left.

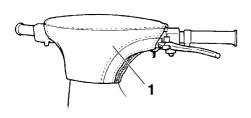


If excessive free play is felt, consult a Yamaha dealer.

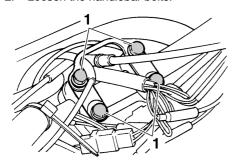
RST90

To adjust the handlebar height

1. Remove the handlebar cover.

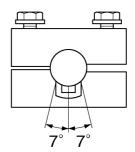


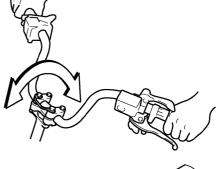
- 1. Handlebar cover
- Loosen the handlebar bolts.

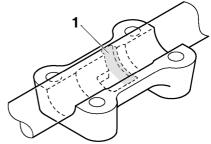


1. Handlebar bolt

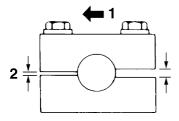
 Move the handlebar up or down to adjust the handlebar height to the desired position. NOTICE: Make sure that the projection on the handlebar is not installed into the area shown. IECS005711







- 1. Area where projection cannot be installed
- 4. Tighten the front handlebar bolts to the specified torque, and then tighten the rear handlebar bolts to the specified torque. NOTICE: Make sure each handlebar holder is installed so that the smaller gap is facing forward. [ECSOUSS2]



- 1. Forward
- 2. Small gap

Handlebar bolt tightening torque: 23 Nm (2.3 m·kgf, 17 ft·lbf)

5. Install the handlebar cover.

ESU13702

Drive track and slide runners Drive track

EWS00481

MARNING

A broken track, track fittings or debris thrown by the drive track could be dangerous to an operator or bystanders. Observe the following precautions:

- Do not allow anyone to stand behind the snowmobile when the engine is running.
- When the rear of the snowmobile is raised to allow the drive track to spin, a suitable stand must be used to support the rear of the snowmobile. Never allow anyone to hold the rear of the snowmobile off the ground to allow the drive track to spin. Never allow anyone near a rotating drive track.
- Inspect the drive track condition frequently. Replace any damaged slide metal. Replace the drive track if it is damaged to the depth where fabric reinforcement material is visible or support rods are broken. Otherwise, track dam-

age or failure could result in loss of braking ability and snowmobile control, which could cause an accident.

Checking the drive track

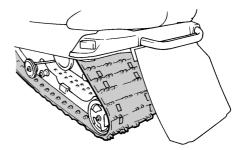
EWS0049

WARNING

Do not operate the snowmobile if you find damage to the drive track, or if it has been maladjusted. Drive track damage or failure could result in loss of braking ability and snowmobile control, which could cause an accident.

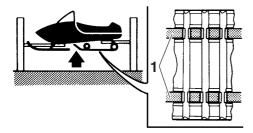
Check the drive track alignment and deflection, and check the track for wear and damage.

Adjust or replace if necessary. (See the following section for more details.)



Checking the drive track alignment

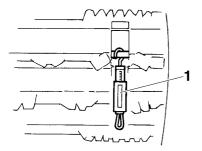
- Lift the rear of the snowmobile onto a suitable stand to raise the drive track off the ground.
- 2. Start the engine and rotate the drive track one or two turns. Stop the engine.
- Check the drive track alignment with the slide runners. If the alignment is incorrect, adjust the drive track.



1. Slide runner

Measuring the drive track deflection

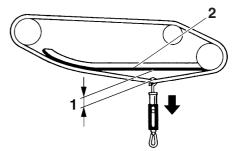
- 1. Lay the snowmobile on its side.
- Measure the drive track deflection with a spring scale. Pull at the center of the drive track with a force of 100 N (10 kgf, 22 lbf).



1. Spring scale

TIP

Measure the gap between the slide runner and the edge of the track window on both sides.



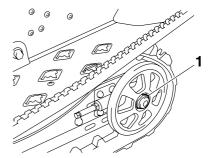
- 1. Drive track deflection
- 2. Slide runner

Standard drive track deflection: RS90GT 30.0–35.0 mm (1.18–1.38 in) RS90LTGT 30.0–35.0 mm (1.18–1.38 in) RST90 30.0–35.0 mm (1.18–1.38 in) RST90GT 20.0–25.0 mm (0.79–0.98 in)

If the deflection is incorrect, adjust the drive track.

Adjusting the drive track alignment and deflection (RS90GT/RS90LTGT)

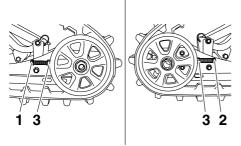
1. Loosen the rear axle nut.



- Rear axle nut
- Lift the rear of the snowmobile onto a suitable stand to raise the drive track off the ground.
- Start the engine and rotate the drive track one or two turns. Stop the engine.

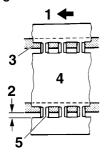
 Loosen the locknut on the left and the right sides of the snowmobile, then align the drive track by turning the adjusting bolt on each side.

Drive track alignment	Shifted to right	Shifted to left
Left adjusting bolt	Turn out	Turn in
Right adjust- ing bolt	Turn in	Turn out



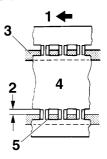
- 1. Left adjusting bolt
- 2. Right adjusting bolt
- 3. Locknut

Shifted to right



- 1. Forward
- 2. Gap
- 3. Slide runner
- 4. Drive track
- 5. Slide metal

Shifted to left



- 1. Forward
- 2. Gap
- 3. Slide runner
- 4. Drive track
- 5. Slide metal
- Adjust the drive track deflection to specification. NOTICE: The right and left adjusting bolts should be turned an equal amount. [ECS00970]

Drive track deflection	More than specified	Less than specified
Left adjusting bolt	Turn in	Turn out
Right adjust- ing bolt	Turn in	Turn out

Tighten the locknuts to their specified torque.

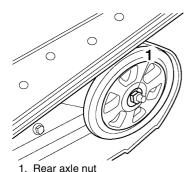
Locknut tightening torque: 59 Nm (5.9 m·kgf, 43 ft·lbf)

- Recheck alignment and deflection. If necessary, repeat steps 3 to 6 until the proper adjustment is achieved.
- 8. Lower the snowmobile to the ground.
- 9. Tighten the rear axle nut.

Rear axle nut tightening torque: 75 Nm (7.5 m·kgf, 54 ft·lbf)

Adjusting the drive track alignment and deflection (RST90 / RST90GT)

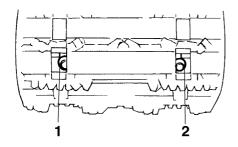
Loosen the rear axle nut.



ground.

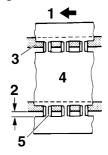
- Lift the rear of the snowmobile onto a suitable stand to raise the drive track off the
- 3. Start the engine and rotate the drive track one or two turns. Stop the engine.
- 4. Align the drive track by turning the left and right adjusting nuts.

Drive track alignment	Shifted to right	Shifted to left
Left adjusting nut	Turn out	Turn in
Right adjust- ing nut	Turn in	Turn out



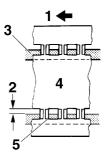
- 1. Left adjusting nut
- 2. Right adjusting nut

Shifted to right



- 1. Forward
- 2. Gap
- 3. Slide runner
- 4. Drive track
- 5. Slide metal

Shifted to left



- 1. Forward
- 2. Gap
- 3. Slide runner
- 4. Drive track
- 5. Slide metal
- Adjust the drive track deflection to specification. NOTICE: The right and left adjusting nuts should be turned an equal amount. [ECS00592]

Drive track deflection	More than specified	Less than specified
Left adjusting nut	Turn in	Turn out
Right adjust- ing nut	Turn in	Turn out

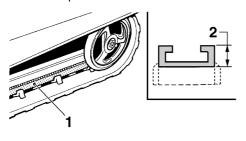
- Recheck alignment and deflection. If necessary, repeat steps 3 to 5 until the proper adjustment is achieved.
- 7. Lower the snowmobile to the ground.
- 8. Tighten the rear axle nut.

Rear axle nut tightening torque: 75 Nm (7.5 m·kgf, 54 ft·lbf)

Slide runners

Check the slide runners for wear and damage.

If the slide runners reach the wear limit, they should be replaced.



- 1. Slide runner
- 2. Wear limit height

Slide runner wear limit height: 10.5 mm (0.41 in)

ECS00350

NOTICE

Ride on fresh snow frequently. Operating on ice or hard-packed snow will rapidly wear the slide runners.

FSU12198

Lubrication

Lubricate the following points with the specified grease. EWS00511

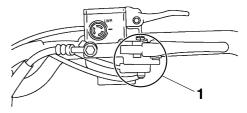
WARNING

Do not grease the throttle cable because it could become frozen, which could cause loss of control. Apply a dab of grease onto the cable end only.

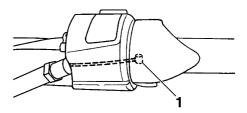
TIP

For parts equipped with a grease nipple, use a grease gun.

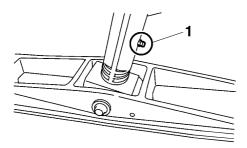
Lubricants:
Brake lever:
Silicone grease
Other lubrication points:
Low-temperature grease



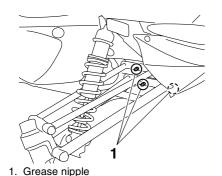
1. Lubrication point



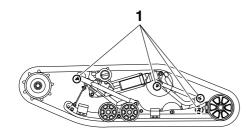
1. Throttle cable end



1. Grease nipple

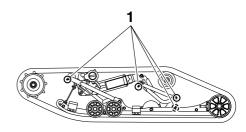


RS90GT



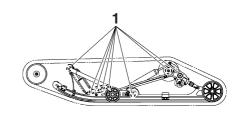
1. Grease nipple

RS90LTGT



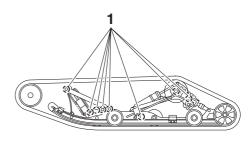
1. Grease nipple

RST90



1. Grease nipple

RST90GT

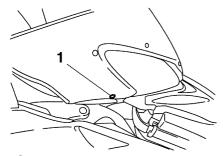


Grease nipple

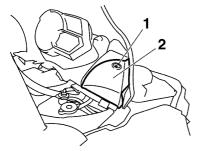
ESU14181

Replacing a headlight bulb RS90GT / RS90LTGT

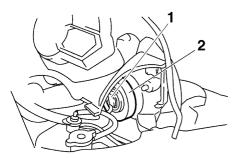
- Remove the top cover. (See page 63 for removal procedures.)
- 2. Remove the screws, and then remove the headlight access panel.



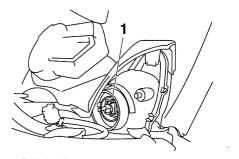
1. Screw



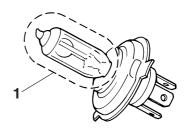
- 1. Screw
- 2. Headlight access panel
- 3. Disconnect the headlight coupler.
- 4. Remove the bulb holder cover.



- 1. Headlight coupler
- 2. Bulb holder cover
- Unhook the bulb holder, and then remove the burnt-out bulb.



- 1. Bulb holder
- 6. Install a new bulb, and then hook the bulb holder onto the headlight unit. NOTICE: Keep oil and your hands away from the glass part of the bulb or its life and illumination will be affected. If the glass is oil stained, thoroughly clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol or lacquer thinner. IECS00621]



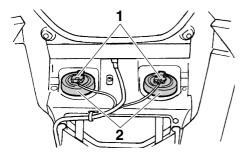
1. Do not touch the glass part of the bulb.

Bulb type: Halogen bulb

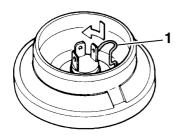
- 7. Install the bulb holder cover, and then connect the headlight coupler.
- 8. Install the headlight access panel, and then install the screws.
- 9. Install the top cover.

RST90

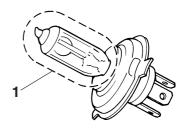
- Open the shroud.
- 2. Disconnect the headlight coupler.
- 3. Remove the bulb holder cover.



- 1. Headlight coupler
- 2. Bulb holder cover
- Unhook the bulb holder, and then remove the burnt-out bulb.



- Bulb holder
- 5. Install a new bulb, and then hook the bulb holder onto the headlight unit. NOTICE: Keep oil and your hands away from the glass part of the bulb or its life and illumination will be affected. If the glass is oil stained, thoroughly clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol or lacquer thinner. [ECSO0621]



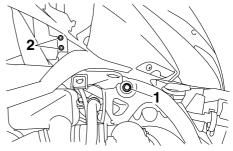
1. Do not touch the glass part of the bulb.

Bulb type: Halogen bulb

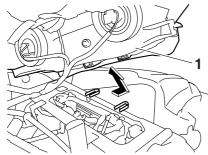
- 6. Install the bulb holder cover, and then connect the headlight coupler.
- 7. Close the shroud.

RST90GT

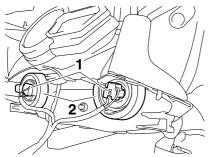
- 1. Remove the shroud and the top cover. (See page 63 for removal procedures.)
- Remove the headlight unit bolt and the windshield stay bolts on each side of the snowmobile.



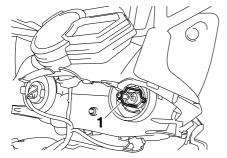
- 1. Headlight unit bolt
- 2. Windshield stay bolt
- Unhook the headlight unit as shown, then lift it up and move it forward, away from the handlebar. NOTICE: Be careful not to scratch the snowmobile when moving the headlight unit. [ECS00920]



- 1. Headlight unit
- 4. Disconnect the headlight coupler.
- 5. Remove the bulb holder cover.

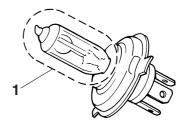


- 1. Headlight coupler
- 2. Bulb holder cover
- Unhook the bulb holder, and then remove the burnt-out bulb.



- 1. Bulb holder
- Install a new bulb, and then hook the bulb holder onto the headlight unit. NOTICE: Keep oil and your hands away from the glass part of the bulb or its life and

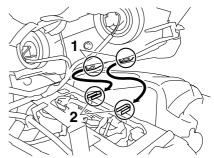
illumination will be affected. If the glass is oil stained, thoroughly clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol or lacquer thinner. [ECS00621]



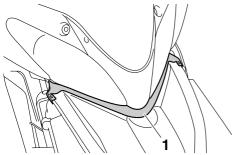
1. Do not touch the glass part of the bulb.

Bulb type: Halogen bulb

- 8. Install the bulb holder cover, and then connect the headlight coupler.
- Install the headlight unit, making sure to fit the slots on its bottom onto the projections on its stay.



- 1. Slot
- 2. Projection
- Fit the weatherstrip on the headlight unit into the recess in the top of the air filter case cover.



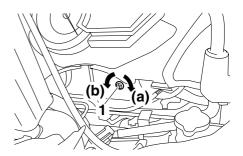
- 1. Weatherstrip
- 11. Install the headlight unit bolts and windshield stay bolts, and then tighten them to their specified torques.

Tightening torques:
Headlight unit bolt:
3.0 Nm (0.30 m·kgf, 2.2 ft·lbf)
Windshield stay bolt:
14 Nm (1.4 m·kgf, 10 ft·lbf)

12. Install the top cover and the shroud.

Adjusting the headlight beams RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT

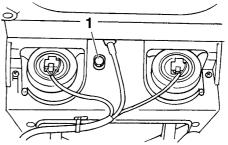
- Remove the top cover. (See page 63 for removal procedures.)
- Use a Phillips screwdriver to turn the headlight beam adjusting screw and adjust the headlight beams. To lower the headlight beams, turn the headlight beam adjusting screw in direction (a). To raise the headlight beams, turn the headlight beam adjusting screw in direction (b).



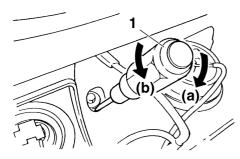
- 1. Headlight beam adjusting screw
- Install the top cover.

RST90

- 1. Open the shroud.
- Insert a Phillips screwdriver into the hole under the shroud to turn the headlight beam adjusting screw. To lower the headlight beams, turn the Phillips screwdriver in direction (a). To raise the headlight beams, turn the Phillips screwdriver in direction (b).



1. Headlight beam adjusting screw



- 1. Phillips screwdriver
- Close the shroud.

ESU12290

Fittings and fasteners

Check the tightness of the fittings and fasteners.

Tighten in proper sequence and torque if necessary.

ESU14020

Battery

The battery is located under the air filter case. (See page 109.)

This model is equipped with a VRLA (Valve Regulated Lead Acid) battery. There is no need to check the electrolyte or to add distilled water. However, the battery lead connections need to be checked and, if necessary, tightened.

EWS00540

WARNING

Battery electrolyte is poisonous and dangerous. It contains sulfuric acid and can cause severe burns. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

ANTIDOTE:

- EXTERNAL: Flush with water.
- INTERNAL: Drink large quantities of water or milk. Follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Call physician immediately.
- EYES: Flush with water for 15 minutes and get prompt medical attention.

Batteries produce explosive gases. Keep sparks, flame, cigarettes, etc. away. Ventilate when charging or using in an enclosed space. Always shield your eyes when working near batteries.

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

Charge or have a Yamaha dealer charge the battery as soon as possible if it seems to have discharged. Keep in mind that the battery tends to discharge more quickly if the snow-mobile is equipped with electrical accessories.

EWS00610

WARNING

- Never smoke around the battery while it is being charged. Sparks may ignite the hydrogen gas created by the battery.
- Disconnect the negative lead first, then the positive lead from the battery.
- Connect the positive lead first, then the negative lead to the battery when installing the battery.
- Never connect the battery to or disconnect it from the snowmobile while it is being charged. Sparks may ignite the hydrogen gas created by the battery.
- Make sure that the battery terminals are tight.

ECS00843

NOTICE

- To charge a VRLA (Valve Regulated Lead Acid) battery, a special (constantvoltage) battery charger is required. Using a conventional battery charger will damage the battery.
- Do not charge the battery quickly.

ESU14192

Replacing a fuse

EWS00550

WARNING

Be sure to use the specified fuse. A wrong fuse could cause electrical system damage or A FIRE HAZARD.

ECS00631

NOTICE

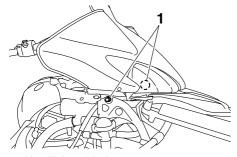
Be sure to turn the main switch to the off position and disconnect the negative battery lead to prevent accidental short-circuiting.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT

The main fuse and the fuel injection system fuse are located under the air filter case. The fuse box, which contains the fuses for the individual circuits, is located behind the right side cover.

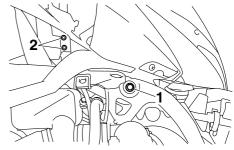
- Remove the shroud, the left and right side covers, and the top cover. (See page 63 for removal procedures.)
- Remove the headlight unit bolt and the windshield stay bolts (RST90GT) on each side of the snowmobile.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT

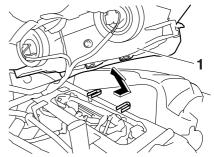


1. Headlight unit bolt

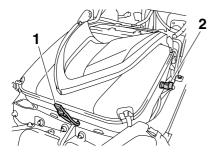
RST90GT



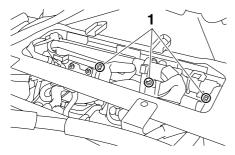
- 1. Headlight unit bolt
- 2. Windshield stay bolt
- Unhook the headlight unit as shown, then lift it up and move it rearward, away from the air filter case cover. NOTICE: Be careful not to scratch the snowmobile when moving the headlight unit.



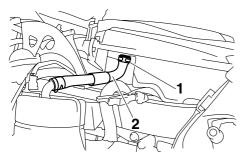
- 1. Headlight unit
- Unhook the air filter case fastener and disconnect the air temperature sensor coupler.



- 1. Air filter case fastener
- 2. Air temperature sensor coupler
- Loosen the joint clamp bolts.



- 1. Joint clamp bolt
- Slide the oil tank breather hose clamp away from the air filter case, and then disconnect the oil tank breather hose.

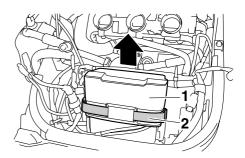


- 1. Oil tank breather hose clamp
- 2. Oil tank breather hose

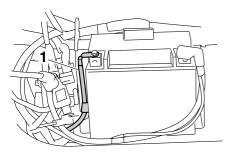
 Lift up the air filter case, disconnect the ISC (Idle Speed Control) unit inlet hose and cylinder head breather hose from the case, and then remove the case.



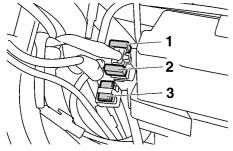
- 1. Cylinder head breather hose
- 2. ISC (Idle Speed Control) unit inlet hose
- 8. Unhook the battery band, and then remove the battery cover.



- 1. Battery cover
- 2. Battery band
- 9. Disconnect the negative battery lead by removing the bolt.

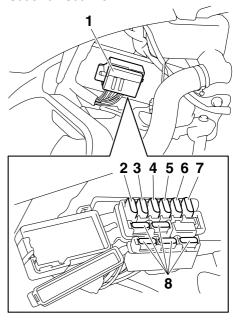


- 1. Negative battery lead
- 10. Replace the blown fuse with one of the proper amperage.



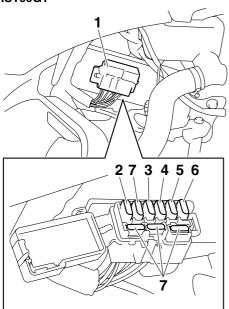
- 1. Spare fuse
- 2. Fuel injection system fuse
- 3. Main fuse

RS90GT / RS90LTGT



- 1. Fuse box
- 2. "IGN" (ignition) fuse
- 3. "FAN" (radiator fan) fuse
- 4. "S/H" (helmet shield heater jack) fuse
- 5. "HEAD" (headlight) fuse
- 6. "SIG" (signaling system) fuse
- 7. "DC" (auxiliary DC jack) fuse
- 8. Spare fuse

RST90GT



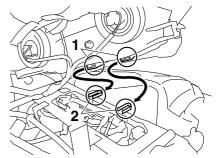
- 1. Fuse box
- 2. "IGN" (ignition) fuse
- 3. "S/H" (helmet shield heater jack) fuse
- 4. "HEAD" (headlight) fuse
- 5. "SIG" (signaling system) fuse
- 6. "DC" (auxiliary DC jack) fuse
- 7. Spare fuse

Specified fuses: Main fuse: 40.0 A Fuel injection system fuse: 10.0 A Ignition fuse: 15.0 A Radiator fan fuse: RS90GT 5.0 A RS90LTGT 5.0 A Headlight fuse: 20.0 A Signaling system fuse: 7.5 A Auxiliary DC jack fuse: 3.0 A Helmet shield heater jack fuse: 3.0 A Spare fuses: RS90GT / RS90LTGT 20.0 A, 15.0 A, 10.0 A, 7.5 A, 5.0 A, 3.0 A RST90GT

 Connect the negative battery lead by installing the bolt.

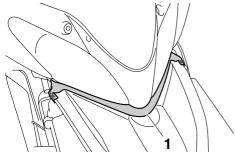
20.0 A, 15.0 A, 10.0 A, 7.5 A, 3.0 A

- 12. Install the battery cover, and then hook the battery band onto the holder.
- 13. Install the air filter case by reversing the removal steps 4–7.
- Install the headlight unit, making sure to fit the slots on its bottom onto the projections on its stay.



- 1. Slot
- 2. Projection

 Fit the weatherstrip on the headlight unit into the recess in the top of the air filter case cover.



- 1. Weatherstrip
- 16. Install the headlight unit bolts and windshield stay bolts (RST90GT), and then tighten them to their specified torques.

Tightening torques:
Headlight unit bolt:
3.0 Nm (0.30 m·kgf, 2.2 ft·lbf)
Windshield stay bolt:
14 Nm (1.4 m·kgf, 10 ft·lbf)

17. Install the top cover, the left and right side covers, and the shroud.

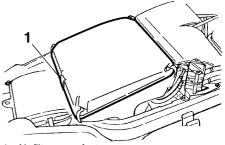
TIP_

If the fuse immediately blows again, ask a Yamaha dealer to inspect the snowmobile.

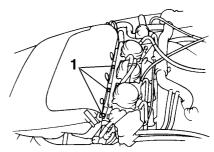
RST90

The main fuse is located under the air filter case. The fuse box, which contains the fuses for the individual circuits, is located behind the right side cover.

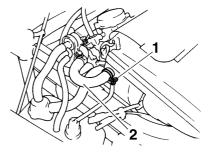
- 1. Open the shroud.
- Remove the right side cover. (See page 63 for removal procedures.)
- 3. Unhook the air filter case fastener.



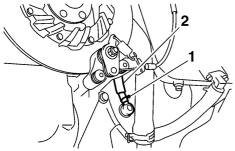
- 1. Air filter case fastener
- 4. Loosen the joint clamp screws.



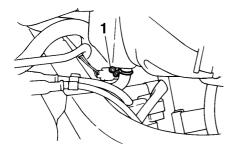
- 1. Joint clamp screw
- 5. Slide the oil tank breather hose clamp away from the air filter case, and then disconnect the oil tank breather hose.



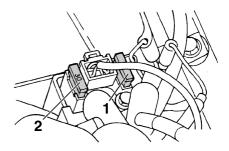
- 1. Oil tank breather hose clamp
- 2. Oil tank breather hose
- Slide the crankcase breather hose clamp (crankcase side) up, and then disconnect the crankcase breather hose from the engine.



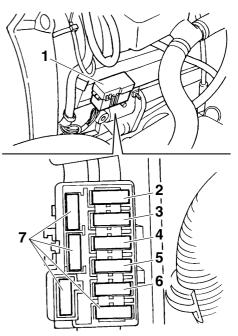
- Crankcase breather hose clamp (crankcase side)
- 2. Crankcase breather hose
- Lift up the air filter case, slide the crankcase breather hose clamp (air filter case side) down, disconnect the crankcase breather hose from the air filter case, and then remove the air filter case.



- Crankcase breather hose clamp (air filter case side)
- 8. Disconnect the negative battery lead.
- Replace the blown fuse with one of the proper amperage.



- 1. Main fuse
- 2. Spare main fuse



- 1. Fuse box
- 2. "HEAD" (headlight) fuse
- 3. "SIG" (signaling system) fuse
- 4. "DC TERM" (auxiliary DC jack) fuse
- 5. "C/W" (carburetor warmer) fuse
- 6. "IGN" (ignition) fuse
- 7. Spare fuse

Specified fuses: Main fuse: 30.0 A Spare main fuse: 30.0 A Headlight fuse: 20.0 A Signaling system fuse: 10.0 A Auxiliary DC jack fuse: 3.0 A Carburetor warmer fuse: 20.0 A lanition fuse: 15.0 A Spare fuses: 20.0 A, 15.0 A, 10.0 A, 3.0 A

- 10. Connect the negative battery lead.
- 11. Install the air filter case by reversing the removal steps 3–7. NOTICE: Be sure to connect the breather hoses securely when installing the air filter case.

[ECS00641]

TIP

When installing the air filter case, connect the crankcase breather hose to the air filter case first, and then connect it to the engine.

Install the right side cover and close the shroud.

TIP

If the fuse immediately blows again, ask a Yamaha dealer to inspect the snowmobile.

ESU14162

Engine turns over but does not start

- Fuel system
 - No fuel supplied to combustion chamber
 - No fuel in tank: Supply fuel.

 \downarrow

 Clogged fuel line: Clean fuel line.

 \downarrow

 Clogged injector (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT):
 Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.

- Clogged carburetor (RST90):
 Clean carburetor.
- Fuel supplied to combustion chamber
 - Flooded engine (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT):
 Crank engine or wipe spark plugs dry.
 - Flooded engine (too much choke) (RST90):
 Crank engine with throttle open or wipe spark plugs dry.
- 2. Electrical system
 - Poor spark or no spark
 - Spark plugs are dirty with carbon or are wet:

Remove carbon or wipe spark plugs dry. Replace if necessary.

 \downarrow

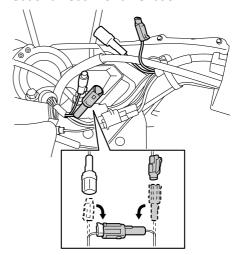
Faulty ignition system:
 Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.

. T.O.R.S. malfunction:

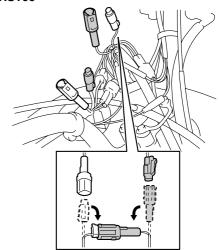
Disconnect throttle switch connectors and connect wire harness connectors together to bypass T.O.R.S. WARNING! Before bypassing the T.O.R.S., make sure that the throttle returns properly to the fully

closed position. The T.O.R.S. is an important safety device; in the case of a malfunction, take the snowmobile to a Yamaha dealer immediately for repair. [EWS00561]

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT



RST90



- 3. Compression
 - Insufficient
 - Loose cylinder head nuts: Tighten nuts properly.

1

 Worn or damaged gasket: Replace gasket.

1

 Worn or damaged piston and cylinder:

Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.

Discharged battery

If the battery is discharged, the engine can be started using a fully-charged 12-volt battery and jumper cables. Two connecting leads have been provided for jump-starting the snowmobile. Due to the rubber engine mounting, the snowmobile frame is not a suitable grounding point for jump-starting the engine.

WARNING

- Connect the jumper cables only to the connecting lead terminals. Do not connect them to the frame or any wire or other lead.
- When connecting the jumper cables, do not contact the jumper cables or connecting lead terminals to each other or to the frame or any metal part of the snowmobile. This can cause electrical system damage or A FIRE HAZARD.
- Be sure to pull the lead covers back over the terminals completely. If the terminals are exposed, they could come into contact with the frame or a metal part of the snowmobile and this can cause electrical system damage or A FIRE HAZ-ARD.

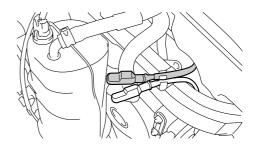
ECS00650

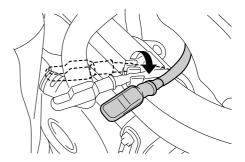
NOTICE

Use the connecting leads to jump-start the snowmobile only. Do not use the connecting leads for any other purpose.

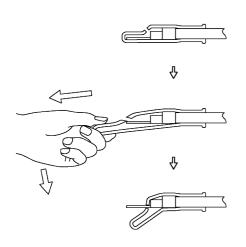
To start the engine using the booster battery

- Apply the parking brake and turn the key to the off position.
- Remove the shroud and the right side cover (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or open the shroud (RST90). [See page 63 (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT) or page 67 (RST90) for the procedures.]
- Remove the red (+) connecting lead from the lead holder and move it away from the black (-) connecting lead. NOTICE: Be sure to connect the red (+) jumper cable to the red (+) connecting lead and the black (-) jumper cable to the black (-) connecting lead. Do not reverse the connections. [ECS00661]

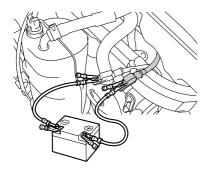




4. Pull the red (+) connecting lead cover to expose the terminal through the slit in the cover, and then connect the red (+) jumper cable to the red (+) connecting lead.



- Connect the other end of the red (+) jumper cable to the positive (+) terminal of the booster battery.
- Connect the black (–) jumper cable to the negative (–) terminal of the booster battery.
- Pull the black (–) connecting lead cover to expose the terminal through the slit in the cover, and then connect the black (–) jumper cable to the black (–) connecting lead.



- 8. Start the engine.
- Disconnect the black (-) jumper cable from the black (-) connecting lead, and then pull the cover completely over the lead terminal.
- 10. Disconnect the black (–) jumper cable from the negative (–) terminal of the battery used to jump-start the engine.
- 11. Disconnect the red (+) jumper cable from the positive (+) terminal of the battery used to jump-start the engine.
- Disconnect the red (+) jumper cable from the red (+) connecting lead, and then pull the cover completely over the lead terminal.
- 13. Install the red (+) connecting lead into the lead holder.
- Install the right side cover and the shroud (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT), or close the shroud (RST90).

TIP __

Make sure that both the red (+) connecting lead and the black (-) connecting lead are seated securely in the lead holders.

Electric starter does not operate or operates slowly

- Engine stop switch is pushed in: Pull it out.
- Faulty wire connections: Check connections or ask a Yamaha dealer to check.
- Discharged battery: Charge battery or see "Discharged battery" above.
- Seized engine: Seizure is caused by poor lubrication, inadequate fuel, or an air leak.
 Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.
- RST90: "Hydrostatic lock" occurs when fuel has filled cylinders during transportation of vehicle: Remove spark plugs and turn engine over several times with ignition off to expel excess fuel. Ask a Yamaha dealer to check

Engine power is low

- Low coolant temperature indicator light is flashing: Warm engine up.
- Faulty spark plugs: Clean or replace spark plugs.
- RST90: Incorrect carburetor jetting for altitude or temperature: Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.
- Improper fuel flow: See "Engine turns over but does not start-Fuel system" above.
- Incorrect V-belt clutch settings for altitude or conditions: Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.

Engine constantly backfires or misfires

- Faulty spark plugs: Replace spark plugs.
- Clogged fuel system: See "Engine turns over but does not start-Fuel system" above.
- Malfunctioning T.O.R.S.: See "Engine turns over but does not start–Electrical system" above.

Engine overheats

- Insufficient coolant: Add coolant.
- Air in cooling system: Bleed cooling system or ask a Yamaha dealer to check.
- Leaking coolant: Ask a Yamaha dealer to check

Snowmobile does not move

- Malfunctioning V-belt clutch: Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.
- Drive track does not move: Foreign object is caught in drive track, or slide runners have melted to slide metal due to lack of lubrication.
- Tight, loose, or broken drive chain: Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.

V-belt twists

- Improper V-belt: Replace with correct Vhelt
- Incorrect V-belt clutch offset: Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.

 Loose or broken engine mount(s): Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.

V-belt slips or becomes extremely hot

- Oily or dirty V-belt or primary and secondary sheave assembly surfaces: Clean.
- Problem with driveline: See "V-belt twists" above.

Engine does not upshift or downshift properly or engages harshly

- Worn or damaged V-belt: Replace V-belt or ask a Yamaha dealer to check.
- Incorrect V-belt clutch settings for altitude or conditions: Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.
- Worn or sticking primary sheave assembly: Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.
- Worn or sticking secondary sheave assembly: Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.

Noise or excessive vibration in drive chain and sprockets

- Broken V-belt clutch components: Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.
- Worn or damaged bearings: Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.
- Worn or damaged V-belt with flat spots: Replace.
- Worn or damaged idler wheels or shafts:
 Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.
- Worn or damaged drive track: Ask a Yamaha dealer to check.

Storage

ESU13940

Long-term storage requires some preventive procedures to guard against deterioration.

Cleaning

Thoroughly clean the snowmobile, inside and out, to remove the corrosive salts and acids that can accumulate. Use Yamaha Mud, Grease, and Engine Cleaner, or an equivalent product, to loosen mud, grease, and grime. Wash with mild soap, then rinse and dry completely.

ECS00870

NOTICE

- Improper cleaning can damage plastic parts such as shroud, covers, windshields, headlight lenses, meter lenses, etc. Use only a soft, clean cloth or sponge with mild detergent and water to clean plastic.
- Do not use any harsh chemical products on plastic parts. Be sure to avoid using cloths or sponges which have been in contact with strong or abrasive cleaning products, solvent or thinner, fuel (gasoline), rust removers or inhibitors, brake fluid, antifreeze or electrolyte.
- Do not use high-pressure washers or steam-jet cleaners since they cause water seepage and deterioration in the following areas: seals (of the slide rail suspension, front suspension and brakes), electric components (couplers, connectors, instruments, switches and lights), breather hoses and vents.
- For snowmobiles equipped with a windshield: Do not use strong cleaners or hard sponges as they will cause dulling or scratching. Some cleaning compounds for plastic may leave scratches on the windshield. Test the product on a small hidden part of the windshield to make sure that it does not leave any

marks. If the windshield is scratched, use a quality plastic polishing compound after washing.

Lubrication

Lubricate moving parts, suspension linkage, and pivot points. Use the grease or lubricant specified in the MAINTENANCE section, or Yamaha Lube-Zall general-purpose lubricant. Proper lubrication fights corrosion while it reduces friction.

Fuel system (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT)

Add Yamaha Fuel Stabilizer and Conditioner, or an equivalent stabilizer, to the fuel tank to help prevent fuel oxidation and gum and varnish deposits, and to inhibit corrosion in the fuel system and injectors. In areas where oxygenated fuel (gasohol) is used, consult a Yamaha dealer.

Fuel system (RST90)

Add Yamaha Fuel Stabilizer and Conditioner, or an equivalent stabilizer, to the fuel tank to help prevent fuel oxidation and gum and varnish deposits, and to inhibit corrosion in the fuel system and carburetor. In areas where oxygenated fuel (gasohol) is used, completely drain the fuel system. Consult a Yamaha dealer if further information is needed.

Engine

Proper storage of the engine is essential to prevent costly rust and corrosion damage to internal engine components. This is more important in areas where oxygenated fuel (gasohol) is used, because the alcohol content in the fuel increases the chance for water to enter the engine. Use Yamaha Stor-Rite Engine Fogging Oil, or an equivalent fogging oil, to protect both the combustion chamber and crankshaft from corrosion. An alternate method is to remove the intake silencer (RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT) or air filter case (RST90), and squirt oil into the throttle bodies

(RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT) or carburetor throats (RST90) while the engine is running. *NOTICE:* Do not simply start the engine when in storage, starting the engine occasionally during the storage period can cause more harm than good. Moisture and acids form during combustion which can actually increase the chance for corrosion damage during the storage period. [ECS00881]

Surface protection

Apply a coat of wax to painted surfaces. Apply suitable protectants to the exterior of the engine, drive track, and to other metal, plastic, and rubber parts.

Battery

Remove the battery from the snowmobile. Store it in a cool, dry place that is above 0 °C (32 °F), but less than 30 °C (90 °F). Check the condition of the battery once a month, and charge it as necessary. *NOTICE:* Always keep the battery charged. Storing a discharged battery can cause permanent battery damage. [ECSO0691]

Drive track

Loosen the drive track and block up the chassis so that the track is suspended above the ground.

V-belt

Remove the V-belt and store separately.

Storage

Store the snowmobile in a dry, well-ventilated place out of direct sunlight. Put a fabric cover over the snowmobile, preferably one that is designed for it. Do not use a plastic or vinyl cover—condensation could be trapped underneath which could increase the chances of rusting.

Returning to service after storage

When returning your snowmobile to service, install the V-belt and battery and adjust the drive track.

Remove the spark plugs and clean or replace them if necessary. Perform all other pre-operation and seasonal maintenance checks listed in the periodic maintenance chart.

TIP_

Before installing the battery, have a Yamaha dealer inspect and fully charge it.

For peak performance, it is recommended that you have your snowmobile checked and tuned by a Yamaha dealer. The dealer has the experience and training to help you get the maximum performance and use out of your Yamaha snowmobile.

Specifications

ESU1246B	Type:		
	SAE 0W-30		
Dimensions:	Carburetor:		
Overall length:	$Model \times quantity:$		
RS90GT 2805 mm (110.4 in)	RST90 CVK40 × 3		
RS90LTGT 3000 mm (118.1 in)	Fuel injection:		
` ,	ID mark:		
RST90 3135 mm (123.4 in)	RS90GT 8JA1 00		
RST90GT 3185 mm (125.4 in)	RS90LTGT 8JA1 00		
Overall width:	RST90GT 8JA1 00		
1225 mm (48.2 in)			
Overall height:	Fuel:		
RS90GT 1160 mm (45.7 in)	Type:		
RS90LTGT 1160 mm (45.7 in)	REGULAR UNLEADED GASOLINE		
RST90 1330 mm (52.4 in)	ONLY		
RST90GT 1380 mm (54.3 in)	Minimum pump octane (R+M)/2:		
Weight:	86		
With oil and fuel:	Starting system:		
RS90GT 296.0 kg (653 lb)	Electric starter		
RS90LTGT 303.0 kg (668 lb)	Chassis:		
RST90 331.0 kg (730 lb)	Drive track:		
RST90GT 336.0 kg (741 lb)	Material:		
Ski stance:	Molded rubber, fiberglass-rod reinforced		
1086 mm (42.8 in)	Type:		
Engine:	RS90GT Extrovert drive type		
•	RS90LTGT Extrovert drive type		
Type:	RST90 Internal drive type		
Liquid cooled 4-stroke, 12 valves	2.		
Cylinder arrangement:	RST90GT Internal drive type		
Backward-inclined parallel 3-cylinder	Width:		
Displacement:	381 mm (15.0 in)		
RS90GT 1049 cm ³	Deflection:		
RS90LTGT 1049 cm ³	RS90GT 30.0–35.0 mm (1.18–1.38 in)		
RST90 973 cm ³	RS90LTGT 30.0–35.0 mm (1.18–1.38 in)		
RST90GT 1049 cm ³	RST90 30.0-35.0 mm (1.18-1.38 in)		
Bore × stroke:	RST90GT 20.0–25.0 mm (0.79–0.98 in)		
RS90GT 82.0 × 66.2 mm (3.23 × 2.61 in)	Length on ground:		
RS90LTGT 82.0 × 66.2 mm (3.23 × 2.61 in)	RS90GT 768 mm (30.2 in)		
RST90 79.0 × 66.2 mm (3.11 × 2.61 in)	RS90LTGT 960 mm (37.8 in)		
RST90GT 82.0 × 66.2 mm (3.23 × 2.61 in)	RST90 985 mm (38.8 in)		
Idling speed:	RST90GT 985 mm (38.8 in)		
RS90GT 1250–1350 r/min	Rear suspension:		
RS90LTGT 1250–1350 r/min	Type:		
RST90 1300–1500 r/min	Slide rail suspension		
RST90GT 1250–1350 r/min	Track sprocket wheel:		
	Material:		
Engine oil:	Polyethylene		
Recommended grade:	Number of teeth:		
API service SG type or higher, JASO	9		
standard MA	-		
Recommended brand:	Transmission:		
YAMALUBE	Clutch type:		
	Automatic centrifugal engagement		

Specifications

Overall reduction ratio:	Engine oil quantity:			
RS90GT 6.02-1.58 :1	With oil filter cartridge replacement:			
RS90LTGT 6.18-1.63 :1	RS90GT 3.3 L (3.49 US qt, 2.90 Imp.qt)			
RST90 6.74-1.77 :1	RS90LTGT 3.3 L (3.49 US qt, 2.90 lmp.qt)			
RST90GT 6.44-1.70 :1	RST90 3.0 L (3.17 US qt, 2.64 Imp.qt)			
Sheave distance:	RST90GT 3.3 L (3.49 US qt, 2.90 Imp.qt)			
267.0-270.0 mm (10.51-10.63 in)	Without oil filter cartridge replacement:			
Sheave offset:	RS90GT 3.1 L (3.28 US qt, 2.73 Imp.qt)			
13.5-16.5 mm (0.53-0.65 in)	RS90LTGT 3.1 L (3.28 US qt, 2.73 Imp.qt)			
Engagement speed (Subject to change	RST90 2.8 L (2.96 US qt, 2.46 Imp.qt)			
according to elevation settings.):	RST90GT 3.1 L (3.28 US qt, 2.73 Imp.qt)			
RS90GT 3100-3500 r/min	Total amount:			
RS90LTGT 3100-3500 r/min	RS90GT 4.0 L (4.23 US qt, 3.52 Imp.qt)			
RST90 3000-3400 r/min	RS90LTGT 4.0 L (4.23 US qt, 3.52 Imp.qt)			
RST90GT 2900-3300 r/min	RST90 3.7 L (3.91 US qt, 3.26 Imp.qt)			
Shift speed [Subject to change according to	RST90GT 4.0 L (4.23 US qt, 3.52 Imp.qt)			
elevation settings. Usually achieved after	Brake:			
approximately 800 m (0.5 mi) traveled.]:	Type:			
RS90GT 8000-8500 r/min	Hydraulic disc type (ventilated disc)			
RS90LTGT 8000-8500 r/min	Operation:			
RST90 8250-8750 r/min	Handle lever, left-hand operated			
RST90GT 8000-8500 r/min	Throttle:			
Drive chain type:	Operation:			
Silent chain enclosed in oil bath	Handle lever, right-hand operated			
Drive chain housing oil:	Electrical system:			
Type:	Ignition system:			
SAE 75W or 80W API GL-3 Gear oil	T.C.I.			
Capacity:	Spark plug:			
0.25 L (0.26 US qt, 0.22 Imp.qt)	Manufacturer:			
Reverse system:	NGK			
Yes	Model:			
Primary reduction ratio:	CR8E			
3.80-1.00 :1	Gap:			
Secondary reduction ratio:	0.7–0.8 mm (0.028–0.031 in)			
RS90GT 38/24 (1.58)	Battery:			
RS90LTGT 39/24 (1.63)	Model:			
RST90 39/22 (1.77)	YTX20L-BS			
RST90GT 39/23 (1.70)	Voltage, capacity:			
Secondary reduction ratio [R]:	12 V, 18.0 Ah			
RS90GT 2.08	Ten-hour rate amperage:			
RS90LTGT 2.08	1.8 A			
RST90 2.27	Bulb voltage, wattage × quantity:			
RST90GT 2.17	Headlight:			
Fuel tank capacity:	•			
	12 V, 60/55 W × 2			
RS90GT 35.6 L (9.41 US gal, 7.83 Imp.gal)	12 V, 60/55 W \times 2 Headlight bulb type:			
RS90GT 35.6 L (9.41 US gal, 7.83 Imp.gal) RS90LTGT 35.6 L (9.41 US gal,				
RS90LTGT 35.6 L (9.41 US gal, 7.83 Imp.gal)	Headlight bulb type:			
RS90LTGT 35.6 L (9.41 US gal,	Headlight bulb type: Halogen bulb			

Specifications

Tail/brake light: RS90GT LED **RS90LTGT LED** RST90GT LED Meter lighting: RST90 14 V, 50 mA × 6 Meter lighting: RS90GT LED **RS90LTGT LED** RST90GT LED High beam indicator light: RST90 14 V, 80 mA × 1 High beam indicator light: **RS90GT LED RS90LTGT LED** RST90GT LED Warning light: RS90GT LED RS90LTGT LED RST90GT LED Warning light: RST90 14 V, 80 mA × 1 Low coolant temperature indicator light: RS90GT LED RS90LTGT LED RST90GT LED Low coolant temperature indicator light: RST90 14 V, 80 mA × 1

Consumer information

ESU12481

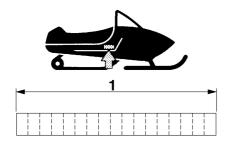
Identification number records

Record the frame serial number, engine serial number (Primary ID), and key identification number in the spaces provided for assistance when ordering spare parts from a Yamaha dealer.

Also, record and keep the ID numbers in a separate place in case the snowmobile is stolen.

Frame serial number

The frame serial number is the seventeendigit number stamped on the frame of the snowmobile.



1. Frame serial number



Engine serial number (Primary ID)

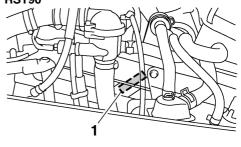
The engine serial number is stamped in the location as shown.

RS90GT / RS90LTGT / RST90GT

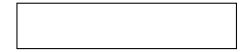


1. Engine serial number

RST90

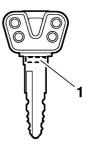


1. Engine serial number



Key identification number

The key identification number is stamped in the location as shown.



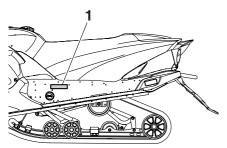
1. Key identification number

Consumer information



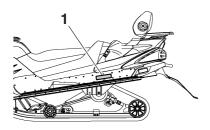
FSU13461

Vehicle Emission Control Information label RS90GT/RS90LTGT



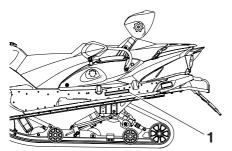
1. Vehicle Emission Control Information label

RST90



1. Vehicle Emission Control Information label

RST90GT



1. Vehicle Emission Control Information label

The Vehicle Emission Control Information label is affixed at the location in the illustration. This label shows specifications related to exhaust emissions as required by federal law, state law and Environment Canada.

ESU12500

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. SNOWMOBILE LIMIT-ED WARRANTY

Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. hereby warrants that new Yamaha snowmobiles purchased from an authorized Yamaha snowmobile dealer in the continental United States will be free from defects in material and workmanship for the period of time stated herein, subject to certain stated limitations.

WARRANTY PERIOD:

- All Yamaha snowmobiles shall be warranted for a term of one (1) year from the date of purchase, plus a special early-season extension (if applicable).
- All Yamaha snowmobile clutch components are warranted against abnormal wear for one (1) year from the date of purchase, plus a special early-season extension (if applicable).

DURING THE PERIOD OF WARRANTY any authorized Yamaha snowmobile dealer will, free of charge, repair or replace, at Yamaha's option, any part adjudged defective by Yamaha due to faulty workmanship or material from the factory. Parts used in warranty repairs will be warranted for the balance of the snowmobile's warranty period. All parts replaced under warranty become the property of Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A.

GENERAL EXCLUSIONS from this warranty shall include any failures to the machine caused by:

- Competition, racing, or non-Yamaha authorized rental
- 2. Operation on surfaces other than snow or ice.
- 3. Installation of parts or accessories that are not qualitatively equivalent to genuine Yamaha parts.
- 4. Abnormal strain, neglect, or abuse.
- 5. Lack of proper maintenance.
- 6. Accident or collision damage.
- 7. Modification to original parts.

SPECIFIC EXCLUSIONS from this warranty shall include parts replaced due to normal wear or routine maintenance including oil, spark plugs, clutch drive belts, slide runners, and track.

THE CUSTOMER'S RESPONSIBILITY under this warranty shall be to:

 Operate and maintain the snowmobile as specified in the appropriate Owner's Manual. Give notice to an authorized Yamaha snowmobile dealer of any and all apparent defects within ten (10) days after discovery, and make the machine available at that time for inspection and repairs at such dealer's place of business. You may locate your nearest authorized Yamaha dealer through your local telephone directory.

WARRANTY TRANSFER: To transfer any remaining warranty from the original purchaser to any subsequent purchaser, it is imperative that the machine be inspected and registered for warranty by an authorized Yamaha snowmobile dealer. In order for this warranty to remain in effect, this inspection and registration must take place within ten (10) days after ownership transfer. An inspection and registration fee will be charged for this service.

EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM WARRANTY

Yamaha Motor Corporation, USA also warrants to the ultimate purchaser and each subsequent purchaser of each 2006 and later model Yamaha snowmobile covered by this warranty that the vehicle is designed, built, and equipped so as to conform at the time of sale with all U.S. emissions standards applicable at the time of manufacture and that it is free from defects in materials and workmanship which would cause it not to meet these standards within the period listed immediately below. Failures other than those resulting from defects in material or workmanship which arise solely as a result of owner abuse and/or lack of proper maintenance are not covered by this warranty.

All Models

Thirty (30) months from the original purchase date

Consumer information

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WHICH EXCEED THE OBLIGATIONS AND TIME LIMITS STATED IN THIS WARRANTY ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED BY YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. AND EXCLUDED FROM THIS WARRANTY.

SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW LIMITATIONS ON HOW LONG AN IMPLIED WARRANTY LASTS, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. ALSO EXCLUDED FROM THIS WARRANTY ARE ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES INCLUDING LOSS OF USE. SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SO THE ABOVE EXCLUSION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.

THIS WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LE-GAL RIGHTS, AND YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS WHICH VARY FROM STATE TO STATE.

SPECIAL EARLY-SEASON WARRANTY EXTENSION

A special warranty extension is available for all new Yamaha snowmobiles purchased between June 1 and December 1.

All new Yamaha snowmobiles purchased between June 1 and December 1 will have the warranty extended to November 30 of the following year.

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A.
Post Office Box 6555
Cypress, California 90630

WARRANTY QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

- Q. What costs are my responsibility during the warranty period?
- A. The customer's responsibility includes all costs of normal maintenance services, non-warranty repairs, accident and collision damages, as well as oil, spark plugs, clutch drive belts, and slide runners.
- Q. What are some examples of "abnormal" strain, neglect, or abuse?
- A. These terms are general and overlap each other in areas. Specific examples include: Running the machine out of oil, hitting an object submerged under snow, operation on surfaces other than snow or ice, operating the machine with a broken or damaged part which causes another part to fail, and so on. If you have any specific questions on operation or maintenance, please contact your dealer for advice.
- Q. May I perform any or all of the recommended maintenance shown in the Owner's Manual instead of having the dealer do them?
- A. Yes, if you are a qualified snowmobile mechanic and follow the procedures specified in the Owner's and Service Manual. We do recommend, however, that items requiring special tools or equipment be done by a Yamaha snowmobile dealer
- Q. Under what conditions is the clutch not covered by warranty?
- A. Clutches as well as clutch components wear with use. Normal wear is not covered under warranty such service is the customer's responsibility. Abnormal wear is, however, covered for one (1) year from the date of purchase. Your Yamaha snowmobile dealer possesses criteria as to what constitutes abnormal wear.
- Q. Will the warranty be void or canceled if I do not operate or maintain my new Yamaha exactly as specified in the Owner's Manual?
- A. No. The warranty on a new Yamaha cannot be "voided" or "canceled." However, if a particular failure is caused by operation or maintenance other than as shown in the Owner's Manual, that failure may not be covered under warranty.

Consumer information

- Q. What responsibility does my dealer have under this warranty?
- A. Each Yamaha snowmobile dealer is expected to:
- 1. Completely set up every new machine before sale.
- Explain the operation, maintenance, and warranty requirements to your satisfaction at the time of sale, and upon your request at any later date.
- In addition, each Yamaha snowmobile dealer is held responsible for his setup, service and warranty repair work
- Q. Whom should I contact if I have further questions about this warranty?
- A. Your Yamaha snowmobile dealer has the information and experience necessary to answer almost any questions about this warranty. If the dealer is not able to do so, he is expected to contact Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A., for clarification or assistance.

CUSTOMER SERVICE

If your machine requires warranty service, you must take it to any authorized Yamaha snowmobile dealer within the continental United States. Be sure to bring your warranty identification card or other valid proof of the original date of purchase. If a question or problem arises regarding warranty, first contact the owner of the dealership. Since all warranty matters are handled at the dealer level, this person is in the best position to help you. If you are still not satisfied and require additional assistance, please write:

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A.
CUSTOMER RELATIONS
DEPARTMENT
P.O. Box 6555
Cypress, California 90630

When contacting Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. be sure to include the model, serial number, names, dates, and receipts.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

The federal government requires each manufacturer of a motor vehicle to maintain a complete, up-to-date list of all first purchasers against the possibility of a safety-related defect and recall. This list is compiled from the purchase registrations sent to Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. by the selling dealer at the time of your purchase.

If you should move after you have purchased your new snowmobile, please advise us of your new address by sending a postcard listing your snowmobile model name, engine serial number, dealer number (or dealer's name) as it is shown on your warranty registration identification, your name and new mailing address. Mail to:

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. WARRANTY DEPARTMENT P.O. Box 6555 Cypress, California 90630

This will ensure that Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. has an up-to-date registration record in accordance with federal law.

ESU12510

YAMAHA EXTENDED SERVICE (Y.E.S.)

Keep your Yamaha protected even after your warranty expires with genuine Yamaha Extended Service (Y.E.S.).

- Y.E.S. is designed and administered by Yamaha Motor Corporation to provide maximum owner satisfaction. You get uninterrupted factory-backed coverage for extra peace of mind.
- Y.E.S. is flexible. You choose the plan that's right for you: 12 months, 24 months, 36 months, or every 48 months (on selected models) beyond your warranty period.
- Y.E.S. is designed and administered by the same Yamaha people who handle your warranty—and it shows in the comprehensive coverage benefits. There are no mileage limitations, and Y.E.S. covers manufacturing defects just like the warranty. See the sample contract at your Yamaha dealer to see how comforting uninterrupted factory-backed protection can be.
- You don't have to pay anything for covered repairs. There's no deductible to pay, and repairs aren't "pro-rated." You don't have any "out-of pocket" expenses for covered repairs.
- In addition, Travel and Recreation Interruption Protection (TRIP) is included at no extra cost. TRIP gives you up to \$150 reimbursement per occurrence for any reasonable expenses you incur because your Yamaha needs covered service: replacement vehicle rental, emergency towing, phone calls, even food and lodging when you are away from home. This superb coverage goes into effect when you purchase Y.E.S., so it applies to any warranty repairs as well as covered repairs during your entire Y.E.S. plan period.
- Y.E.S. coverage is honored at any authorized Yamaha dealer nationwide.
- Y.E.S. coverage is transferable to a new owner if you sell or trade-in. That can make your Yamaha much more valuable!

This excellent Y.E.S. plan coverage is only available to Yamaha owners like you, and only while your Yamaha is still within the Yamaha Limited Warranty period. So visit your authorized Yamaha dealer to get all the facts. He can show you how easy it is to protect your investment with Yamaha Extended Service.

We urge you to act now. You'll get the excellent benefits of TRIP coverage right away, and you'll rest easy knowing you'll have strong factorybacked protection even after your Yamaha Limited Warranty expires. See your dealer today!

A special note:

If visiting your dealer isn't convenient, contact Yamaha toll free at 1-866-937-3983 (866 YES-EXTD) or visit our web site. All you need to do is provide your vehicle's Primary ID number (your Tunnel number). We'll be happy to help you get the Y.E.S. coverage you need.

Yamaha Service Marketing P.O. Box 6555 Cypress, CA 90630 1-866-937-3983 www.yamaha-motor.com







YAMAHA EXTENDED SERVIC

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